

CAMBRIDGE CHARTER BILL IS OPPOSED BY MAYOR J. E. BARRY

New Executive Says Present City Council Should Have Opportunity to Show Its Worth Before Changing.

ASKS YEAR'S TRIAL

Recommends Reference to Next General Court, When Citizens Will Be in Better Position to Judge of Need.

Mayor J. Edward Barry of Cambridge when asked today for his opinion upon the bill now before the Legislature providing for a new charter for Cambridge along the lines of the Spokane charter and a section giving to the city preferential voting, said:

"I am absolutely opposed to this bill. There is nothing to show that things are not working out in good shape in Cambridge under the present charter. The city has the most partisan form of government that it has had since its incorporation, and in my opinion the present city council should have a chance to show its worth this year.

"I recommend that the matter be referred to the next General Court. That would hold it up for a year. Then, if changes were deemed wise we could all get together and decide just what we wished."

Prof. W. B. Monroe of Harvard University said: "I am of the opinion that the proposed charter is far preferable to that now in use in the city. The preference vote, linked as it is with other features of the proposed charter, is a very favorable proposition. If it were to be used in connection with the present city charter it would be useless.

"I am in favor of the proposed charter as a whole. I disagree with some of its minor parts, but this was true also of the new Boston charter. But, in the main, I think that the Boston charter is far preferable to the one formerly used.

"The charter now before the Legislature is similar in most respects to the charters recently adopted by other eastern cities except for the preferential vote provision. This will do away with the primaries and make much more satisfactory conditions.

"Some people argue that it will complicate the voting. These same people argued that the Australian ballot system was impracticable, but this has been proven not to be a fact.

"There is great dissatisfaction with the old form of government. In every city where the proposed charters have been put to vote they have been adopted, showing that the people want something new. The insurgeny which is apparent in our state and national government is accentuated in our cities. It is easier to change the charter of cities than the constitutions of state or nation.

"Preferential voting is a comparatively new idea. It has been put in practice in the West, but up to the present time

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FORECASTS DECISION BY RAILROAD BOARD ON TROLLEY FREIGHT

Probability of a shift of responsibility from the city authorities to the railroad commission on the trolley freight proposition for Boston is foreshadowed by the Boston News Bureau, which thus comments on the subject:

"Next Thursday is the last day the Boston city council has for making a report on the petition of the Boston Elevated for authority to carry freight by trolley in this city. In the event of

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PRESIDENT TALKS TO MR. BRYAN AND DELAYS CABINET

WASHINGTON—William J. Bryan spent an hour with President Taft today, having arranged for the White House visit the previous day. His long stay delayed the cabinet meeting.

When he emerged from the conference he said that he was not favorably inclined to Senator Martin's candidacy to minority leadership.

"I have not said that I could not be reconciled to his election," Mr. Bryan said, "but I repeat that he would not be my first choice were I a senator."

"What do you think about reopening the Lorimer case?" he was asked. "The Lorimer case? Reopen it? I didn't know it had ever been closed except in the Senate," he replied.

ARBITRATION TREATY WITH GREAT BRITAIN READY NEXT MONTH

WASHINGTON—The general treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain, which is being drafted by the secretary of state and Ambassador Bryce, will, it is understood, be ready for submission to the Senate for ratification about May 14.

While no announcement to this effect has been made either by the President or by Secretary Knox, it is understood that sufficient progress has been made in drafting the treaty to insure with reasonable certainty its completion next month, providing there are no unforeseen interruptions, and to permit the making of plans for peace demonstrations about the time the agreement is sent to the Senate.

Richard Bartholdt, representative in Congress from a St. Louis district, and for years an ardent peace advocate, says the best political stroke President Taft can make is to negotiate the arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain.

COMMERCE CHAMBER DIRECTORS FAVOR AN ARBITRATION TREATY

Unlimited arbitration between the United States and Great Britain, concerning which negotiations are now under way, is favored by the directors of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, who will present to the members of the chamber for action at the next meeting a resolution endorsing the plan for a treaty.

Beyond this the proposed resolution will approve the policy of the United States government in working toward similar agreements with other nations. The object is to assure the continuance of peace between this country and other nations and to secure uninterrupted commercial intercourse. The resolution follows:

"Whereas, the concurrent statements of President Taft and Sir Edward Grey, the British minister for foreign affairs, relative to a treaty of unlimited arbitration between Great Britain and the United States have now resulted in negotiations for a treaty of this character; and

"Whereas, the certainty of continued peaceful relations and the uninterrupted commercial intercourse resulting from such a treaty would be of the greatest benefit to commerce;

"Resolved, that the Boston Chamber of Commerce, appreciative of the negotiations now under way, earnestly favors the ratification by the Senate of a treaty of unlimited arbitration with Great Britain, and heartily approves the policy of the government in seeking to revise existing arbitration conventions with a view to securing such arbitration agreements with other nations."

PEACE CONFERENCES CONTINUE ON THE BORDER OF MEXICO

Maderos and Representative of the Diaz Cabinet Having Numerous Meetings in El Paso Hotel.

OUTLOOK HOPEFUL

EL PASO, Tex.—Conferences looking to the restoration of peace in Mexico which began on Thursday were continued today and the impression is strong here that they will not be without result.

Don Francisco I. Madero; his son, Alfonso; their counsel, Roque Estrada, and

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MAYOR HAS PRAISE FOR PLAYGROUNDS SYSTEM IN CHICAGO

Mayor Fitzgerald on his return home today from an observation trip to Chicago with the heads of the park and bath departments, looking into the feasibility of a combination of the park, public grounds, bath and music bureaus under the head of a recreation department spoke with enthusiasm of Chicago's playground organization.

"The playgrounds of Chicago are far and away ahead of anything I have ever seen in this country," said the mayor, "and this is due to the large sum of money expended annually for the development of the park and playground systems.

"Under the charter which has been given Chicago, the parks and playgrounds receive almost half as large appropriation

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ZEPPELIN MAKES SIX-HOUR FLIGHT IN NEW DEUTSCHLAND

Count and Party Sail From Friedrichshafen to Stuttgart to Make Call on King William.

GREETED BY CROWD

STUTTGART, Germany—After a successful cruise of 6th. 25m. Count Zeppelin and his party reached Stuttgart this afternoon and were greeted by a great crowd. The Deutschland sailed over the palace and messages of greetings were dropped into the palace court. A

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GRAND JURY BUSY WITH EXECUTORS OF SHAW ESTATE

The Quincy A. Shaw inheritance tax case was taken up today by the grand jury in the superior criminal court with District Attorney Pelletier in charge of the city's case in the investigation.

The appraisers of the estate, Albert M. Lyon, W. Arthur Evans and Harry F. Reiser are among the witnesses called.

Others are Capt. Ainsley Armstrong of police headquarters, who conducted the investigation; Edward B. Bailey, Charles E. Folsom, secretary of the assessors; James Buckner, a former principal assessor; Timothy J. Crowley, probate clerk of the assessors department; two women stenographers of the finance commission, and Arthur Dolan, registrar of probate.

IRENE PASSENGERS AWAITING REMOVAL TO PRINZ WILHELM

NEW YORK—The 1734 passengers on the big North German Lloyd liner Prinzess Irene, on the sands off Fire Island, are preparing for transfer to the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, which it is expected will take place this afternoon.

A breeches buoy connects the steamship with the shore, while three life-saving crews with oilskins and boots stand with life-saving boats on shore. Near the Irene, swathing around in the sea way, are the revenue cutters Seneca and Mohawk, with a little fleet of tugs awaiting to aid in the transshipping of the passengers.

The stranded vessel rolls slightly in the swelling sea, and is deeper in the sand than when she struck the shoal in the fog Thursday morning.

It had been planned to take the passengers off last night, but the officers commanding the revenue cutters Mohawk and Seneca decided it was too great a task for small boats, and the steamship officials were notified to send a steamer down to bring the passengers and their baggage to this city. The Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm was designated and left for the stranded vessel at 9:30 a. m.

At high tide today five tugs and two revenue cutters heaved at the Irene but could not budge her. The strong ground swell last night sent her nose so far into the ground that it will be necessary to lighten most of the cargo of the vessel.

The big tug Relief, largest wrecker on the Atlantic coast, made a record breaking run from Norfolk to the assistance of the Irene and was standing by today.

REVENUE TARIFF ONLY IS DEMOCRATIC AIM, SAYS SPEAKER CLARK

WASHINGTON—"There is nothing in the Democratic program to alarm or scare any legitimate business in the United States," said Champ Clark, the new Democratic speaker, today.

"No man within the confines of the republic would want any laws that would injure any legitimate business, but no man who has the welfare of the republic at heart wants to collect an exorbitant tariff on articles of general consumption by the American people. At least 200 and possibly 300 of the items of the Payne-Aldrich act provide duties of over 100 per cent.

"The Democrats propose to eliminate these abuses. By taking the various tariff laws, beginning with the Morrill act, passed just after the war, we can determine the minimum of duties that will produce the revenues needed by the government. We will determine what amount of revenue is needed, and then can decide on the duties that will bring in this amount.

"The Democratic party is not playing politics. No steam roller is being used on the Republicans. If that party is responsive to the will of the people I do not see how the Republicans can consistently oppose the Democratic program."

DEMOCRATS DECIDE ON CAUCUS TO CHOOSE WOOL OR RECIPROCITY

WASHINGTON—The Democratic ways and means committee decided this afternoon to submit the problem of what is to be done with the Canadian reciprocity agreement by the majority in the House to a caucus of Democrats to be held Monday or Tuesday.

The caucus will be called upon to determine whether the Canadian agreement is to be taken up immediately or postponed until after consideration of the Riverbank.

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COMMERCE CHAMBER BILL TO BOOM STATE INDUSTRIES IS PASSED

Measure Provides for a Ten-Year Industrial Development Company Without Capital Stock.

HAS LIBERAL POWER

May Indorse Notes to Extent of \$1,000,000 and Hold Real Estate of Not More Than \$500,000.

The bill to incorporate "The Industrial Development Company of the Boston Chamber of Commerce" which seeks to boom business throughout the state, was passed to engrossment in the House today. The name was changed by the House from the Boston Industrial Development Company.

This bill would make George S. Smith, James A. McKibben and David F. Edwards and associates a corporation without capital stock for a period of 10 years for the purposes of assisting financially or otherwise new and existing industries in the state.

The company is authorized under the provisions of the bill to indorse notes of persons and business firms to the extent of \$1,000,000, and to acquire and sell real estate, providing it does not hold more than \$500,000 worth at one time.

The bill provides further that the company shall not engage in insurance business.

According to the Chamber of Commerce the purpose of this company is to furnish financial aid to industrial enterprises seeking location in or near Boston. Its creation is intended to provide a method by which the chamber's committee on manufactures can do effective constructive work along the lines of industrial development. The proposed company is not organized to make money.

May Recall Firemen Bill

The bill providing that regulations governing qualifications for the Boston fire department shall be made by the mayor and city council, and not by the fire commissioner as at present, is expected to be recalled from the Governor today and an effort made to revise it.

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NOT GUILTY SHAW AND WHEELER SAY WHEN ARRAIGNED

Warren B. Wheeler and Stillman Shaw of the firm of Wheeler & Shaw, former agents for the North American Rubber Company of 79 Milk street, surrendered today to answer the charge of using the mail in violation of the law. They were brought before Commissioner Hayes and pleaded not guilty. The case was continued until April 21 and bail of \$3000 was required in each case.

George H. Talbot of Newtonville qualified as bondsman for Shaw and Mrs. Lillian B. Butler of Dorchester furnished securities for Wheeler.

It is alleged by the government that Wheeler & Shaw represented to purchasers of stock in the North American Rubber Company that a contract had been made with the Boston Belting Company for the purchase of the entire product of the company at \$1 a pound, but that there was a secret agreement whereby the belting company received a rebate of 40 cents a pound, and that the actual sale price of 60 cents was below the cost of manufacture.

The Boston News Bureau says of the North American Rubber Company that it is a Maine corporation, capitalized at 500,000 shares of \$10 par each, and 400,000 shares are outstanding in the hands of at least 1000 purchasers in Boston and elsewhere throughout New England.

A majority of the company's outstanding shares are now controlled by William J. Carlin and Frederick H. Payne, directors of the Federal Trust Company, of which Mr. Payne is vice-president, it is said.

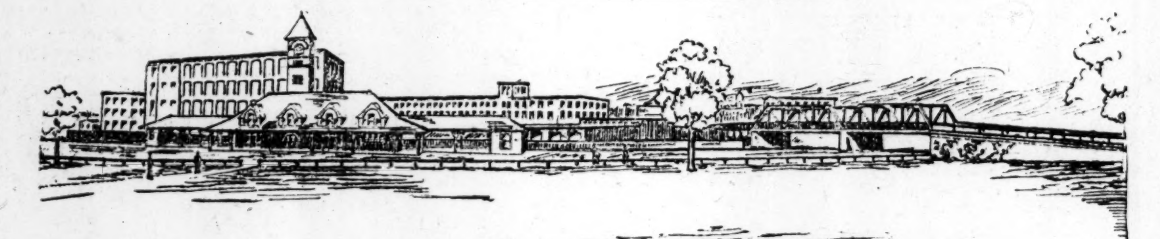
At the conference Wheeler had with the United States district attorney he asserted that he could prove that the North American rubber company was an industrial enterprise and not a stock jobbing enterprise.

He said that the 40-cent rebate to the Boston Belting Company, under the contract represented a commission and its payment therefore was not a fraud upon the shareholders of the North American company.

FIRST OPEN CARS OF 1911 SEASON

Open cars are in operation today for the first time this season in Boston or many of the lines of the Boston Elevated Street Railway Company. Orders were sent out from headquarters today that the superintendents of the various divisions could use their judgment in placing the open cars in use.

ELEVATED STREETS, B. & M. PLAN FOR WALTHAM CROSSINGS



Sketch showing proposed Moody street elevation in the right of the picture and the adjacent station grounds in the foreground to the left.

ARLINGTON PASTOR OPENS CAMBRIDGE CHURCH CONFERENCE

The Rev. F. D. Taylor of Arlington conducted the devotional service this morning at the opening of the third day of the one hundred and fiftieth annual meeting of the New England conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which is being held at the Harvard Street Methodist church, Cambridge.

Bishop Thomas B. Neely D. D. then gave to the conference some of his views. The business session was called to order at 9 o'clock, Bishop Neely presiding, and nearly the entire number of delegates being present.

The Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, editor of the Christian Advocate of New York, spoke. The candidates for full membership in the conference were then addressed by Bishop Neely, who explained to them the duties of the pastors of the Methodist denomination. These candidates were then voted into membership and elected to elders' orders: The Rev. A. D. Atwood of Newton Highlands, the Rev. John L. Phillips of Newburyport, the Rev. T. J. Gambill of Orient Heights and the Rev. G. F. Barney of Uxbridge.

Bishop W. F. Mallalieu was present during the session. The Rev. A. P. Sharp, superintendent of the Lynn district, read his report for the year.

NEW HEAD OF BOSTON UNIVERSITY TALKS TO STUDENTS AT CHAPEL

Lemuel H. Murlin, LL. D., president-elect of Boston University, was introduced to the student body for the first time at the chapel exercises in Jacob Sleeper hall today. President Huntington, in introducing his successor, reviewed the efforts of the committee of the trustees to find the right man for the place, and announced the unanimous election by the trustees of Dr. Murlin.

When Dr. Murlin was introduced he was greeted by continued applause and a Chautauqua salute. He said that although he had not come to make a speech he would like to greet the students.

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VITTOZZI BROUGHT INTO COURT AGAIN

VITERBO—The priest, Ciro Vitozzi, was recalled to the stand today in the Camorrist trial. His previous collapse was reported to have been due to fasting and the court ordered that the prison officials force him to eat.

The informer, Abbatemaggio, was brought before him to shake his defense.

WALTHAM PLANS FOR ABOLISHING GRADE CROSSINGS

WALTHAM, Mass.—Three plans for abolition of grade crossings on the line of the Fitchburg division of the Boston & Maine railroad in this city will be explained to citizens at a mass meeting called by Mayor Walker today for the evening of April 11.

At the meeting, which is to be held in the assembly hall of the high school building, City Engineer Bertram Brewer will explain each plan as the details are thrown upon a screen by the stereopticon. Mayor Walker will preside.

As a result of the meeting citizens are expected to unite upon one plan and to urge that plan at the hearing before the special grade crossing commission called for April 15.

As the matter now stands, there is a difference of opinion as to whether the abolition should be carried out by depressing the tracks or by the elevated tracks scheme. The Boston & Maine engineers have drawn plans providing for elevating the streets over the tracks but a majority of the citizens interested in the question have declared themselves against this idea.

BROOKLINE HOLIDAY PLAN FOR FIREMEN IS EFFECTIVE MAY 1

The provision which grants one day off in five to Brookline firemen, which was ratified Thursday at a special referendum election by a majority of three votes, will go into effect May 1. The new law will affect 65 firemen, and will cost the town of Brookline annually \$3675.

According to the statement today of Town Clerk Edward W. Baker there is little likelihood of a recount, since the ballots were counted three times before the result was announced. Under the election law the petitioners for the referendum will have until next Tuesday night to file a request for a recount.

HOUSE PASSES HIGH PRESSURE SERVICE BILL

The bill to provide for the million dollar high pressure fire service for Boston was passed to engrossment in the House today without debate.

This measure has already passed the upper branch.

P. B. WIDENER BUYS FAMOUS PAINTING

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—P. B. Widener, the traction magnate, admitted that he was the purchaser of Rembrandt's famous painting, "The Mill," the price of which is reported to have been \$500,000.

NEW YORK HOTEL GUESTS AROUSED NEW YORK—Guests from the Knickerbocker, Cadillac, Astoria, Belmont, Lyceum and a dozen other hotels ran to the streets today to discover the cause when a bomb exploded in a basement entrance in West Forty-ninth street. The explosion ripped the concrete flooring, smashed doors, broke windows throughout the block and knocked the telephone operator at the Lyceum hotel from his stool.

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NAVAL BOARD ASKS FOR MOST POWERFUL WARSHIP IN WORLD

WASHINGTON—Construction of the most powerful battleship in the world is recommended today by the general naval board, of which Admiral Dewey is president. Following are the distinctive features desired:

Four turrets, each to contain three of the new type 14-inch guns of the longest range, and to fire a shell weighing 1500 pounds.

It will be possible to fire at one time a broadside of armor-piercing shells of the aggregate weight of 18,000 pounds.

The armor protection for these turrets is to be 16 inches thick and of a new type of steel. Heretofore the turret armor has been about 14 inches thick.

The turrets are to be arranged on the median line—that is, in a straight line from the center of the bow to that of the stern.

The hull armor above the water line and for a distance of several feet below is to be 14 inches and of the improved quality of steel.

The highest authorities in the navy department say the experiments with the old Texas, recently named the San Marcos, have had a great deal to do with the designs of the new ship of Admiral Dewey's board. On that battleship 11-inch armor was like pie crust to the 12-inch guns of the battleship New Hampshire.

FOUR CHARTERS ARE REPORTED TO MALDEN MEETING

Revision of Malden's city charter was considered in the Malden high school hall at a mass meeting of more than 500 citizens Thursday evening. Reports from the committee of 40 were made, proposing four different charter plans. Consideration was given each of the forms and the meeting adjourned until May 4, when the discussion is to be renewed.

No appearance will be made by the citizens at the legislative hearing for charter revision at the State House on April 17, as the new charter will not be prepared in time for this season's session of that body.

The work of the charter commission was approved by the mass meeting, and with the submission of the charter plans its work has ended.

Neither of the proposed charter makes any changes in the school committee, library or park trustees.

The mass meeting voted to petition the city council for an appropriation of \$300 for printing copies of each of the four charters reported for general distribution previous to the meeting of May 4.

MR. LA FOLLETTE TAKES UP CASE OF MAIL CLERKS

WASHINGTON—To obtain information as the basis of a demand for a Congress investigation of alleged intimidation by postoffice officials to prevent railway mail clerks from forming a union, Senator LaFollette has been sending circular letters to clerks, saying:

"If I find conditions in the railway postal service to be generally such as have been represented, I shall introduce and do everything in my power to pass a bill to prevent the continuation of such un-American practices, and to preserve to all government employees the right of petition which belongs to every citizen, and the right to join organizations for the improvement of their labor conditions."

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON.
BOSTON OPERA HOUSE—"Lohegrin."
CASTLE SQUARE—"End of the Bridge."
COLONIAL—"Franklin."
B. F. KEITH'S—"Vaudeville."
PARK—"The Commuters."
SHUBERT—"Mme. Fritz Scher."
THEATRE—"Richard Carle."

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE.
EVERY EVENING and Saturday matinee, Aborn English opera company, "Lohegrin."

BOSTON CONCERTS.
THURSDAY—The Tullerles, 3:30 p. m., recitations by Mrs. Waldo Richards.
FRIDAY—Symphony hall, 2:30 p. m., twenty-first Symphony concert, Miss Carolina White, soloist.
SATURDAY—Symphony hall, 8 p. m., twenty-first Symphony concert, Miss Carolina White, soloist.
SUNDAY—Symphony hall, 6 p. m., last season fund concert, Josef Hofmann, soloist.

STATE INDUSTRIAL INSPECTION BOARD TO BE ADVOCATED

A hearing on the bill providing for the establishment of a state board of industrial inspection will be given at the State House Wednesday, April 12, at 10:30 a. m., before the legislative joint committee on labor and public health.

The citizens' industrial committee of the Boston Chamber of Commerce issued a circular letter today urging the attendance of the public at this hearing. The letter says:

"Under the present laws an effective system of industrial inspection is impossible. Jurisdiction is divided, the work is improperly distributed, the number of inspectors is inadequate, and the state departments concerned have many duties not related to industrial inspection, so that they cannot give to this work the concentrated attention which it demands. For the protection of thousands of citizens engaged in industrial occupations it is essential that this system be unified and sufficient authority concentrated under one head. The proposed act does this and makes possible an effective administration."

Senate May Change Hours

Senator Greenwood of Gardner presided at the opening of the Senate today until the arrival of President Treadway.

Senator Mellen of Brookfield offered an order that beginning on Tuesday, April 11, the Senate shall meet at 11 o'clock a. m., except on Mondays, when the Senate shall meet at 2 p. m.

Senator Newhall of Lynn emphatically protested. He said that the committees are still busy and that the passage of such an order at this time will seriously embarrass them.

Senator Hoar of Concord recommended that hearings be held in the afternoon after the session.

Senator Newhall said it is impossible now to get a quorum in the afternoon. Members of the House will not attend their committees, moreover the House sits until 4:30 p. m. every day. If the committees can go on as they do now they can get a quorum in the morning. He hoped that such an order will not pass, as some most important matters of the session are yet to be heard.

Senator Mellen said he had talked with some senators before offering the order. On his motion the order was put over till Monday.

In the Senate this morning these reports of committees were read: Ways and means—Ought to pass on resolve to pay Charles F. Carr, armorer at state armory in Lowell, \$500 for extra compensation.

MR. LUCE AGAINST TARIFF REVISION

Robert Luce of Somerville spoke on "Cost of Living" before the Boston Wholesale Grocers Association at Youngs hotel on Thursday night. He said Champ Clark's speech of acceptance of the speakership led to the belief that the tariff question was to be opened at the next session.

Mr. Luce protested against revision of the tariff without expert knowledge of facts, and spoke in favor of the tariff board.

ASKS PRESIDENT TO FALL RIVER

WASHINGTON—An invitation to attend the cotton centennial at Fall River, Mass., on June 19-24 was extended to President Taft today by Representative Green (Rep., Mass.). Mr. Taft said he probably would be able to accept, but could not promise.

The celebration will be on the occasion of the one hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the cotton industry in New England.

HALF HOLIDAY TO COST CITY \$90,000

The commissioner of public works estimates that it will cost the city \$90,000 to grant the Saturday half holiday to the city employees as ordered by the City Council.

Commissioner Rourke says 1500 men will be affected by the order. About 670 are in the sanitary division, 440 in the street cleaning, 170 in the ferry service and 200 in the bridge service.

DESTROYER MAKES 35 KNOTS.

CAMDEN, N. J.—A wireless message received here today says that the United States torpedo boat destroyer, Ammen, on her trial cruise off the Delaware breakwater, made 35 knots an hour. This is a record. Her contract calls for 29½ knots.

FENS SITE SCHOOL LEGALITY OPINION SOUGHT BY SENATE

Senator Murray offered in the Senate today an order, which was adopted, requesting the opinion of Attorney-General Swift on the constitutionality of the bill which authorizes the Boston park commissioners to permit the erection of a new building for the High School of Commerce in the Back Bay Fens.

On motion of Senator Malley his motion to reconsider the vote whereby the Senate passed to be enacted the bill for the Boston & Northern and Old Colony street railway merger was postponed to Tuesday next.

The Evans order for an opinion by the supreme court in the constitutional case of the Walker "Budget Act" of 1910, chapter 220, was adopted without debate and without a division.

The committee on banks and banking reported a bill on petition of the Worcester Trust Company, that every trust company is authorized to invest the funds or assets which it may receive as executor, administrator, receiver, assignee or guardian, trustee or conservator in the same way as an individual holding a similar position might invest such funds.

The time of committees to report was extended from April 7 to April 14.

Consideration in the upper branch of the woman suffrage amendment to strike the word "male" from the constitution was put over to Monday on motion of Senator Hoar.

LORIMER FRIENDS IN NEW MOVE TO ASSIST SENATOR

SPRINGFIELD, Ill.—Abandoning their opposition to the bill appropriating \$15,000 for the use of the Lorimer bribery investigation committee, friends of Senator Lorimer today started a movement to place Lieutenant-Governor Oglesby on the investigating committee.

"The committee investigating alleged bribery in the election of Senator Lorimer, as constituted, is to say the least, unfriendly to him," said one of the Lorimer men in the state legislature today.

The decision not to fight the appropriation bill was the result of the announced plan of raising money for the purpose by public subscription if the bill was defeated.

State Senator Helm, chairman of the investigators, today ordered subpoenas issued for a number of legislators, who are expected to appear at the session of the committee here next Thursday.

CHICAGO—Senator Lorimer on his arrival in Chicago today declared he was in Chicago solely for the purpose of seeing business associates. He declared he would not go to Springfield.

Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing Company, denied Thursday that he was treasurer for an alleged fund of \$100,000 in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer.

PI ETA AND TECH PLANS UNCHANGED

Managers of the Harvard Pi Eta Club play to be given at Jordan hall on April 11 and the Tech 1911 show in Worcester on April 15, whose music scores and programs for the contemplated productions were destroyed in the fire of Thursday at the White-Smith plant, announce that the performances will take place as scheduled.

The plates from which printing for these events was being done escaped injury, so that the scores can be reproduced in time for the original plans to be carried out.

GRESHAM STARTS HUNT FOR HAYNES

Heaving anchor at noon today the United States revenue cutter Gresham steamed down the harbor in search of the overdue schooner J. W. Manchester Haynes, which left Brunswick, Ga., Feb. 28, under the command of Capt. Robert W. Rickson, with a cargo of lumber for Boston. She was due here more than three weeks ago.

TEFT-WELLER BUILDING SALE.
NEW YORK—The Teft-Weller building, known as 325 to 330 Broadway, will be sold at auction on Tuesday. The sale is by order of the Teft-Weller Company, Weller and Arnold estates.

MONSON SHOP TO REOPEN.

MONSON, Mass.—It is reported that A. A. Langwald is preparing to start his mill at South Monson. The mill manufactures worsted and has been closed about a

PEACE CONFERENCES CONTINUE ON THE BORDER OF MEXICO

(Continued from Page One.)

Rafael Hernandez, the latter representing the Diaz cabinet, were in conference all Thursday in their rooms at a hotel and many telegrams in cipher were sent to and received from the City of Mexico, while at least one long despatch was exchanged between Don Francisco and his son, who is leading the rebellion.

The negotiations are said to have made such progress that both the Maderos, now here, as well as Senor Hernandez, have greater confidence than heretofore that their efforts will be crowned with success.

It is expected that as soon as the preliminary conferences here are closed the two Maderos and Senor Hernandez will start on their automobile trip to the provisional president's camp for a personal conference.

The arrangement tentatively made when the trip was agreed upon was that the party, accompanied by the armed escort to be furnished by General Navarro, would slip quietly out of Juarez at some unannounced hour for the purpose of avoiding attention.

It has been agreed that in case a joint commission of peace is appointed to meet in El Paso and it fails to agree, either President Taft or Theodore Roosevelt will be satisfactory to both sides as the third and deciding commissioner.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex.—The southern state of Yucatan, which practically has been in control of the insurgents for some months, is preparing to declare its independence of Mexico, it is said here.

It will declare itself a permanent independent republic, regardless of the result of the present war between the government and the insurgents in other states. The Yucatan seceders have gone so far as to adopt a national flag of their own, different from the rebel colors carried by the followers of Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the chief claimant at the head of the revolutionists in northern Mexico.

The report of this condition of affairs in southern Mexico was brought here by an official who arrived from that country, whose position is such that he asked not to be quoted.

Juan Sanchez Azcona, in the absence of Alfonso Madero, the acting head of the Mexican insurgents in San Antonio, announced that all peace negotiations between the Mexican government and their representatives are off, and that the war will be prosecuted with greater vigor than ever before.

NEW YORK—A despatch received by American Smelting & Refining Company dated Wednesday noon says that a battle between 300 insurgents and 175 federal troops was then in progress near the Velardeña plant of the smelting company. The outcome has not been learned.

All the smelting company's plants are running at capacity and are receiving fuel supplies. Train service north of Chihuahua continues blocked, but traffic is moving over the National Railways of Mexico line southward from Chihuahua, though service is irregular.

WASHINGTON—It can be stated positively that neither Japan nor any other nation was mentioned or even so much as referred to in the confidential document President Taft has communicated to senators in connection with the sending of American troops to the Mexican border.

MAJOR HIGGINSON ELECTED HEAD OF HARVARD UNION

Election of officers of Harvard Union took place at the university yesterday and resulted as follows: President, Maj. Henry Lee Higginson '55; vice-president, R. B. Wigglesworth '12; Milton; secretary, W. M. E. Whitelock '13; Baltimore, Md.; governing board, graduate schools, L. Withington, Jr., '11; Honolulu, H. I., C. C. Little, Brookline; undergraduates, R. T. Fisher '12, Newton Center; L. D. Smith '12, Chicago, Ill.; A. M. Goodale '13, Saco, Me.; H. L. Gadis '12, McCune, Kan.; library committee, W. R. Castle, Jr., '00; Prof. C. T. Copeland '82; Prof. R. B. Perry, G. H. Roosevelt '13, New York; Prof. D. W. Ross, T. S. Ross '12, Jamaica Plain, R. C. Benchley '12, Worcester.

At the annual business meeting of the union, held last night, the reports of the treasurer, the library committee and the governing board were accepted.

FORECASTS DECISION BY RAILROAD BOARD ON TROLLEY FREIGHT

(Continued from Page One.)

the council refusing to grant the authority or declining to take any action on the petition the matter will go to the Massachusetts railroad commission.

"It has frequently been the case during the past year where street railways have petitioned towns and cities for authority to carry freight for the local authorities to decline to take action within 60 days after filing, and a similar proceeding is probable in the present case.

"In such instances the Massachusetts railroad commissioners have frequently certified that public convenience and necessity require granting the right to carry freight and have issued an order requiring the railways to act as a common carrier for certain classes of freight.

"Granting of the petition to the Boston Elevated Railway Company will be of vital importance in making a success of carrying freight by trolley in Massachusetts, as it would be impracticable to operate trolley freight cars in the eastern part of the state without an entrance into Boston.

"Freight carrying by trolley is not an experiment. The annual report of the Rhode Island railroad commissioners shows 11 street railway companies which are engaged in carrying freight or have the right to engage in this business. These roads are now operating 76 freight cars and realized a gross income last year of \$233,942, an increase of \$23,822 over 1900.

"In eastern Massachusetts the Old Colony Street Railway is the only road doing any amount of freight business, but it is proposed by all the roads to develop this business on an extensive scale if the Boston Elevated is authorized to bring their cars to a Boston terminal."

LECTURER'S TOPIC ART CRITICISM IN CHINA AND JAPAN

In the Japanese study at the Museum of Fine Arts on Thursday, Kakuzo Okakura spoke on the nature and value of art criticism in China and Japan. He outlined the art trend in these countries in part as follows:

Contemporaneously with the Greek school of philosophers, Chinese scholars began to discourse on art. Six canons were established and artists divided into six classes accordingly. Later there was a division into three classes.

In the Tang period an important record was made of the imperial collection, but during the civil wars of the next period the collection was partially destroyed by fire. Fortunately 600 chariots full of paintings were rescued by the conquering general. The succeeding Emperor built two pavilions for paintings and writings, the first museum in the east of which we have a record.

The weak points in Chinese criticism were: First, no art was recognized that did not serve a moral purpose; second, a disregard for religious art; third, respect for ancient tradition and precedent; fourth, difficulty in gaining access to collections for a comparative study of the objects.

On the other hand, in Japan art began with the study of Buddhism and the treasures in the temples and monasteries have all been recorded and complete inventories made.

The tea masters were great art critics and had wide knowledge, but disregarded Buddhist art. Families of artist-critics arose, such as the Kohitsu family of handwriting experts, Kano and Tosa of painting, Goto of metal work and Honani of swords.

In 1780-90 the report of the Nara treasures came as a revelation and in 1872 a bureau of history was established to collect and copy the ancient treasures. Research was also carried on in China, Korea and Chinese Turkestan. England has already done much in India, but Japan today holds the key to eastern art and as yet we are only on the highway.

MRS. HALL LEAVES \$8000 TO SCHOOL

PROVIDENCE—The will of Mrs. Sarah J. Hall bequeaths \$8000 to the Moses Brown school to be used for the erection of memorial gates at one of the school entrances, in memory of Mrs. Hall's mother and father.

A bequest to the Y. W. C. A. of \$500 is to be devoted to the maintenance of room 148 in the association building, to be known as the Maria Hawes room.

DEMOCRATS DECIDE ON CAUCUS TO CHOOSE WOOL OR RECIPROCITY

(Continued from Page One.)

wool schedule revision of the Payne tariff bill.

Representative Burleson of Texas introduced tariff legislation bills Thursday providing that many articles be placed on the free list, including leather, hides, boots and shoes, harness, wire nails of wrought iron or steel, salt, cotton bagging, gunnycloth and other articles.

There also were bills by Representative Sisson increasing to \$100 a month the salaries of rural mail carriers; the Sisson joint resolution directing the attorney-general to submit to the supreme court all available information bearing on the validity of the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution of the United States, a measure which originated in the last Congress, and the Foss bill providing for increasing the efficiency of the naval militia, reintroduced.

Other tariff bills introduced by members from the South are as follows:

By Representative Bartlett of Georgia, to provide for the importation of cotton bagging free of duty; to provide for the importation of cotton ties made of steel free of duty; to put fresh beef, veal, mutton, lamb, pork, venison and other game on the free list.

By Representative Ansberry of Ohio, to place lumber on the free list.

By Representative Slayden of Texas, to repeal the duty on cotton ties; to repeal the duty on cotton bagging; to repeal the duty on lumber.

By Representative Smith of Texas, to repeal the duty on lumber.

By Representative Stanley of Kentucky, to admit free of duty certain articles manufactured in the United States, including agricultural implements and certain products.

If the House revises the wool schedule, the Senate will undertake to dispose of the bill before Congress adjourns, it is said. That would apply alike to matters of tariff revision and to other legislative items of moment. It does not necessarily mean that the Senate will pass all the bills the House passes.

A New England senator who is much in the confidence of the President and also of Republican senators expressed the opinion that the Senate's policy would be one of action rather than non-action or evasion.

Representative Sulzer of New York introduced a joint resolution directing the President to terminate the treaty between the United States and Russia, because of discrimination against American citizens of Jewish origin. Similar resolutions also have been introduced by Harrison and Goldfogle of New York.

The resolutions were referred to the foreign affairs committee, of which Mr. Sulzer is chairman. Resolutions on this subject which were introduced last session failed of passage. A favorable report is predicted this session.

A bill providing for the election of senators by a plurality vote of state legislatures was introduced in the Senate by Senator Root of New York. The purpose of the measure is to prevent deadlocks in elections.

Senator Lodge is considering giving up the chairmanship of the committee on the Philippines and taking the chairmanship of the committee on immigration. He is the ranking Republican on the immigration committee and is entitled to the chairmanship if Senator Dillingham of Vermont retires to take another committee.

In any event, Senator Lodge will move in a few days from the room on the ground floor of the Capitol that he has occupied for 14 years, to the old naval committee rooms on the gallery floor. For several years these rooms were occupied by Senator Hale.

Join Sharp Williams, the new junior senator from Mississippi, has succeeded in his ambition. He has the seat in the Senate which was occupied by Jefferson Davis.

CALLS ON COMMANDANT.

Capt. James P. Parker, chief of the naval bureau, representing Governor Foss, called upon the new commandant at the navy yard, Capt. De Witt Kauffman, this morning, to return the call made by the commandant upon the Governor Thursday.

TAKE ALLEGED COUNTERFEITERS.

WASHINGTON—Having in their possession counterfeit \$10 and \$20 gold pieces, M. R. Little and Charles Devald were arrested in Kansas City, according to a message received by acting Chief Moore of the secret service here today.

MAYOR HAS PRAISE FOR PLAYGROUNDS SYSTEM IN CHICAGO

(Continued from Page One.)

tions as all other departments combined outside of the schools and the cemetery departments.

"The result of this is that Chicago's streets, bridges, sewers and departmental buildings are in rather a neglected condition, while its park system is superb. Chicago's schools seem to be conducted more economically than those of Boston, Chicago having three times as many pupils as Boston has and the appropriation is only twice as much as Boston. The maximum salaries of Chicago teachers is nearly \$200 higher than Boston's maximum.

"The same applies in the fire department, Chicago having three times the population of Boston and three times the area, yet the fire department appropriation is only about double what it is in Boston."

In respect to horticultural exhibits the mayor believes Boston is behind many western cities. He cites the fact that he is recommending to the department that a portion of the Public Garden would be an acceptable place for the establishment of a permanent exhibition of this nature.

"Boston's opportunity for the proper development through electrification of its steam railways will undoubtedly soon be embraced," he said, "and our service and charge for the same will then be without parallel."

GENERAL GUILD TO ADDRESS CLUB

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Gen. Curtis Guild of Massachusetts will be one of the speakers at the annual meeting of the Connecticut State Federation of Women's Clubs at Waterbury on April 17-18. This announcement was made today at a meeting of the executive committee arranging the convention program.

MARLBORO PASTOR ACCEPTS.

MARLBORO, Mass.—The Rev. Sidney K. Smith has received notice of his appointment as pastor of the Methodist church at Blue Point, L. I., and will leave Marlboro today to accept the place.

Y. M. C. A. SALE AT FITCHBURG.

FITCHBURG, Mass.—The Y. M. C. A. rooms were crowded Thursday at a carnival and sale held under the auspices of the woman's auxiliary.

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Leading Events in the Athletic World

MAINE UNIVERSITY WILL MEET HARVARD ON BASEBALL FIELD

First Time Since 1908 That Team Has Had Game on Diamond With Crimson Varsity.

VETERANS SCARCE

ORONO, Me.—Manager G. R. Woodbury of the University of Maine baseball team has just announced his schedule of games for the season of 1911. The schedule this year contains a game with Harvard for the first time since 1908. Maine plays Rhode Island State College, this year for the first time, this game taking the place of the usual University of Vermont contest. The schedule is as follows:

April 19, Colby at Waterville; 27, Harvard at Cambridge; 28, Rhode Island State at Kingston.

May 6, Bowdoin at Brunswick; 10, Bates at Lewiston; 12, Colby at Orono; 17, Colby at Waterville; 20, Bates at Orono; 24, Bowdoin at Orono; 27, Colby at Orono.

June 9, Junior week, open.

The outlook for a championship team does not appear to be quite as good this year as it was last, owing to the fact that five of last year's team are not in college at present. There is every prospect of a late spring this year, which will seriously interfere with the earlier games, particularly the exhibition game with Colby on April 1. There is a good opportunity for new men at second base and at short stop, both of which positions were left vacant by last year's men, all of the present candidates being of about the same ability.

All men who can stay are being kept during the spring recess, especially the battery candidates. A new plan has been adopted this year whereby the squad will be out during the season, and practice games will be played nightly between teams picked from the squad as soon as it is possible to get out of doors.

TENNEY'S TEAM BLANKS LOCALS IN NORFOLK GAME

NORFOLK, Va.—The Boston Nationals left here Thursday evening after defeating the local team, 4 to 0, the first team for Lynchburg and the second for Roanoke. Games will be played today and tomorrow in each town.

The lineup of the center field will be Collins 1, f., Keefe c. f., Pfeffer 1b., Spratt 2b., Flaherty r. f., Callahan 2b., Young ss., Graham c., Goode, Burke, Brown p. Brock pitched the whole game for Boston here Thursday. He shut out the Norfolk team and made nine of the locals strike out. Poole, a Kentuckian left-hander, went into the box for Norfolk in the last part and did well. He struck out three of the Bostonians, Tenney, Rariden and Goode, in one inning.

The score by innings:

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R. H. E.
Boston 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 — 4 7 1
Norfolk 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0 3 3
Batteries: Brock and McCarthy; Woodley and Lackey. Umpire, Nugent.

PRINCETON BEATS FORDHAM

PRINCETON, N. J.—Princeton's baseball team had little trouble in defeating Fordham on University field Thursday afternoon by a score of 8 to 2, and but for an error in the ninth inning, would have made it a shut-out. The game was largely a pitchers' battle between Woodley of Princeton and Keogh of Fordham, the former having the advantage. The score:

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R. H. E.
Princeton 0 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 — 8 6 4
Fordham 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 2 2 2
Batteries: Keogh and McCarthy; Woodley and Lackey. Umpire, Johnson.

AUTO RACERS ORGANIZE

NEW YORK—The Motor Racing Drivers Association of America was formed here Thursday, with George Robertson, winner of the 1908 Vanderbilt cup race, as temporary president and M. W. Colwell temporary secretary. Officers will be elected and a constitution adopted at a meeting in Indianapolis May 26.

BROOKLYN TAKES A GAME

LYNCHBURG, Va.—The Brooklyn Nationals defeated the local Virginia leaguers Thursday, 8 to 1. The locals got six singles off Rucker in five innings, but failed to find Barger in the next four.

DETROIT 8, COLUMBUS 4

COLUMBUS, O.—Detroit defeated the local nine here Thursday by a score of 8 to 4.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE

Jacksonville 6, Albany 2.
August 7, Columbia 6.
Savannah 4, Charleston 2.
Macon 4, Columbus 3.

BASEBALL

Huntington Ave. Grounds
Harvard vs. Red Sox
TUESDAY, APRIL 11
TICKETS NOW ON SALE

CRANE TO MEET CHAMPION GOULD AT COURT TENNIS

Defeats C. T. Russell in Three Straight Sets and Wins Right to Play Present Title Holder.

Joshua Crane, Jr., of the Boston Tennis and Racquet Club will meet Champion Jay Gould of the Philadelphia Tennis and Racquet Club tomorrow afternoon in the challenge round of the national amateur court tennis tournament of 1911, on the courts of the Boston club, for the title and trophy. Crane won his way to the challenge round by defeating C. T. Russell of the Boston club Thursday in the final round in three straight sets, 6-2, 6-5, 6-1.

Russell put up a hard game, but Crane's steadiness and greater skill were too much for him to overcome. The nearest Russell came to winning from Crane was in the second set, which went 6-5. Crane played in better form than he did on Wednesday and showed some excellent tennis, although he at no time extended himself to the limit.

Champion Gould is in the very best of form and it is considered doubtful if the former champion will be able to lower his colors. The summary:

FIRST SET.
Crane 5 5 5 1 4 7 6 — 43 — 6
Russell 3 3 7 5 1 6 5 4 — 34 — 2
SECOND SET.
Crane 0 4 4 1 4 1 0 4 3 — 29 — 6
Russell 4 1 2 0 4 2 4 1 5 0 — 27 — 5
THIRD SET.
Crane 4 4 6 5 7 3 4 — 33 — 6
Russell 0 2 4 3 5 5 0 — 19 — 1
Referee, G. R. Fearing, Jr. Marker, Fred Knebel.

Joshua Crane, Jr., Tennis and Racquet Club, defeated C. T. Russell, Boston, 6-2, 6-5, 6-1.

ST. JOSEPH NINE DEFEATS BOSTON AMERICAN FIRSTS

The St. Joseph (Mo.) baseball team defeated the regular nine of the Boston American League Club at St. Joseph Thursday afternoon, 5 to 4. The game scheduled at Sioux City, Ia., for the second division of the Boston team was postponed until this afternoon because the grounds were covered with snow. The regulars again meet St. Joseph today.

For St. Joseph Barney Reilly, the Brockton boy and old Andover player, was the principal cause of Boston's defeat. Reilly made two remarkable assists with men on bases, hit safe three times out of four times up, sent in the run in the ninth which tied the score, and scored the winning tally. Killaly pitched the full game for Boston. A great home run drive by Lewis with a man on, and the hitting of Williams was the feature of the Boston stick work.

Boston had a lead of 4 to 1 until the fifth, but the locals got runs in the fifth and sixth and scoring the two runs necessary to win the game in the ninth on a single, a double by Reilly and a safe drive by Menkie.

Innings 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R. H. E.
St. Joseph 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 2 — 5 11 2
Boston 0 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 — 4 7 1
Batteries: Hannifan, Johnson, Kaufman and Gossett; Killaly and Madden. Umpire, York.

HARVARD READY FOR BOSTON GAME

Tickets for the Harvard-Boston American game to be played at the Huntington avenue grounds on Tuesday next, went on sale this morning at the following places: Wright & Ditson's store, 344 Washington street, and Herrick's, 344 square. The management of the Boston club has also arranged to have the tickets sold in Cambridge at the following places: Leavitt & Pierce, Wright & Ditson and the Harvard Athletic Association. It was originally planned to place the tickets on sale next Monday morning, but the demand has been so great it is necessary to put them on sale at once.

In speaking of the game, yesterday, Manager Gilbert E. Jones, said: "All hands at Harvard have entered into the spirit of this annual game with great enthusiasm. I expect that the attendance at this year's game will be as large as in 1910. This game will give Boston fans an opportunity to see what Coach Sexton is doing. We are out to win this year. The game should not be one-sided or loosely played, as Boston's margin last year was not a very big one, the score being Boston 4, Harvard 1."

HARVARD ELECTS F. D. HUNTINGTON

Frederic D. Huntington '12 of Lexington was this afternoon elected captain of the Harvard University hockey team for next season. Huntington has played two years on the varsity, last season at point and this season at coverpoint. He prepared for Harvard at St. Paul's school, Concord, where he learned the game and played on the team his last year in school.

In his freshman year at Harvard he captained his class team, playing right wing. The same year he was substitute center on his class football team and last year was substitute center of the varsity eleven. He is 5ft. 7 1/2 in. in varsity eleven. He is 5 feet 7 1/2 inches in years of age.

HARVARD-YALE 1911 REGATTA RULES



CAPT. R. W. CUTLER '11.
Harvard varsity crew.

THE rules which will govern the races between the Harvard and Yale university and freshman crews at New London in June have just been submitted by the respective managers and captains as follows:

It is mutually agreed that:

1—The annual Harvard-Yale boat race be rowed on the Thames river on Friday, June 30, 1911.

2—The following schedule for rowing races be adopted:

(a) The freshman four-oared race will be rowed on the afternoon of Thursday, June 29, 1911, at a time to be agreed upon by the two captains.

(b) The freshman eight-oared race will be started at 10:30, at the railroad bridge, and rowed up-stream, finishing at the end of the up-stream course.

(c) The university four-oared race will be started as soon as practicable after the finish of the freshman eight-oared race, and will be rowed up-stream, starting at the navy yard and finishing at the end of the up-stream course.

(d) The university race will be started at a point opposite the Harvard freshman quarters, at 5, and will be rowed down-stream to the railroad bridge.

(e) Should it be necessary to postpone the four-oared and freshman races (if the university race is rowed on time), they will be rowed down-stream immediately after the university race, in the order named, from the beginning of the four-mile course to the railroad bridge.

3—The university race will be rowed on schedule, weather permitting, regardless of the postponement of the other races.

4—Should a disagreement arise between the university captains as to the time of rowing races, the power of deciding shall be vested in a referee. Both captains agreeing, their word shall be final.

5—Both captains agree that, unless otherwise ordered by the referee, they will leave their respective floats in suitable position to be ready for the start at the time agreed upon.

6—Should it be necessary to postpone the university race from 5, it shall be rowed down-stream any time up to 6:30.

7—Should it be necessary to postpone any or all of the races until the next day, the university race shall be rowed down-stream at 5, starting opposite the Harvard freshman quarters, and finishing at the railroad bridge. The freshman eight-oared and university four-oared races shall be rowed up-stream, starting at 10:30 in the order named, at the railroad bridge, and finishing opposite the Harvard freshman quarters.

8—There shall be a neutral third judge at the finish of all the races, whose decision shall be final in case of a disagreement between the other two judges.

9—If either crew is disabled by a bona fide accident during the first half-mile the crews shall be recalled.

10—Both captains shall send to each other a list of all men to be taken to New London at least 40 days before the race, and all protests against any of the men on these lists must be entered at least 30 days before the race to be referred for decision to the eligibility committee, consisting of Robert D. Wrenn for Harvard, Otto Bannard for Yale, and the referee of the races.

ROGER WILSON CUTLER, Captain Harvard Crew.
OLIVER ISELIN, Manager Harvard Crew.



CAPT. E. P. FROST '11.
Yale varsity crew.

ELLIOTT PUTNAM FROST, Captain Yale Crew.
FRANCIS FITZ RANDOLPH, Manager Yale Crew.

HARVARD FENCERS AMONG VICTORS IN N. E. TOURNAMENT

Captain MacLaughlin Wins at Fois, While C. A. Bliss Captures Title at Duelling Swords.

The New England championships at foils, duelling swords and sabers, under the auspices of the Amateur League of America, were held at the Boston Athletic Association Thursday night. J. A. MacLaughlin of the Harvard Fencing Club won at foils; C. A. Bliss of Harvard Fencing Club triumphed in the duelling swords and Dr. E. Breck of the Boston Athletic Association won the saber championship by default.

J. A. MacLaughlin and C. A. Bliss of Harvard Fencing Club won four bouts and lost one in the foil competition, and in the fence-off MacLaughlin defeated his team mate, W. A. Kirkpatrick of the Fenway Fencing Club was winner of third prize, defeating B. L. Longley of the Fenway Fencing Club in a fence off. H. W. Barnum of the Boston Athletic Association and M. L. Lewis of the Harvard Fencing Club were the other contestants.

Half a dozen contestants took part in the duelling swords competition. C. A. Bliss of Harvard won, while J. A. MacLaughlin and W. F. Hunt finished the preliminaries on even terms, but on the fence off, Hunt captured second prize. Dr. E. Breck of the Boston Athletic Association, W. P. Draper of Harvard Fencing Club and F. S. Curtis of the Fenway Fencing Club were the other aspirants for championship honors.

STEININGER HEADS ST. LOUIS

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—E. A. Steininger of St. Louis, president of the Steinger Construction Company, has been elected president of the St. Louis National League Baseball Club. Mrs. Helen Hathaway Robison Britton of Cleveland, chief owner of the club, is the new vice-president. G. M. Schofield is secretary and Hermann Seekamp treasurer. Mr. Steininger has been identified with the Cardinals for some years as a stockholder and was always a very close personal friend of the late president.

AMERICUS DEFEATS ROLLER

Americus defeated Dr. Ben Roller in their finish wrestling match at catch-as-catch-can at Mechanics hall Thursday night in two straight falls, the first coming after 1b. 2m. of wrestling with a further arm and crotch hold, and the second in 15m. with a wrist and rolling fall.

MAPLE LEAF III. WINS FIRST RACE

E. Mackay Edgar's motor boat Maple Leaf III, won the first yacht race at Monaco Thursday. In a rough sea she skinned around the course at the rate of 47 nautical miles an hour.

BURR TO MANAGE HARVARD, 1914

Carlton M. Burr of Newton has been appointed Harvard freshman track manager for this spring. Edward W. Brewer, Jr., of Jamaica Plain is assistant manager.

EXETER ELEVEN WILL HAVE ONLY SEVEN CONTESTS

Manager W. J. Bingham Announces Schedule for Next Fall—Ziegler of Pennsylvania Is New Coach.

EXETER, N. H.—W. J. Bingham, manager of the Phillips Exeter Academy football team for 1911, announced the schedule this morning. For a number of years Exeter has played two games each week, one Wednesday and another on Saturday.

The coaching system at Exeter has in the last few years been the subject of much discussion. This year A. B. Ziegler, who played with Pennsylvania, will coach the team. Each year Exeter has done well in her first games, but has fallen down in the Andover game, the deciding contest. Mr. Ziegler thinks that one of the causes of the falling off at the end of the season may be the long, hard schedule which the men have had to play. Exeter has always played fast teams, usually heavier than themselves, and the majority of the games have been with college freshmen eleven. This year all the Wednesday games have been dropped and only seven Saturday games will be played, all except one of which are at Exeter. This will shorten the schedule by four games, and the men should go into the Andover game in the best of condition.

It is thought that the six games prior to the Andover game will give the men plenty of experience. Andover is arranging even fewer games than Exeter, but Coach Ziegler thinks that it will take six games to get the men seasoned and to give them the experience they need.

Ziegler, who has been coaching Mercersburg for the past three years with remarkable success, is coming to Exeter Monday to take charge of the spring practise of the eleven. He will be here four weeks and have the team working daily on the Plympton fields. The practise will consist principally of kicking and forward passing, and all the men who expect to get out for the team next fall will report. The schedule is as follows:

Sept. 30, Cushing Academy.
Oct. 7, Dartmouth freshmen; 14, Bates; 21, Yale freshmen at New Haven; 28, Princeton freshmen.
Nov. 4, open; 11, Andover.

TO RACE PRINCETON 1914 CREW

PRINCETON, N. J.—Final arrangements have been completed for a crew race between the Princeton freshmen eight and the crew of Casecadilla school of Ithaca. This race will take place over the same course as the triangular race between Princeton, Yale and Cornell, and will be held on the same day as the big varsity event.

ROWING SEASON POSTPONED

The rowing season of the B. A. A. originally planned to open next Monday, has been postponed to April 17. The location of the boathouse will be near the St. Alphonsus boathouse, Cottage Farm bridge, and the entrance will be through the St. Alphonsus boathouse to the B. A. A. floating boathouse.

READING HIGH EXPECTS STRONG NINE THIS YEAR

Eight of Last Year's Veterans Are Again Available—Strong Schedule Has Been Arranged.

READING, Mass.—The outlook for a good high school baseball team here is unusually promising this season for Capt. Arthur Michilini has eight of last year's players available. The schedule is in but one league this year—the Mystic Valley. In the winter it withdrew from the Middlesex league, Wakefield high taking its place. There are to be seven league contests with Stoneham, Winchester, Woburn, Arlington and Winchelsea. Among the probable selections for the infield are Gibbons, Fairbanks, Newall, Stratton, Stenbridge, Temple, Geary and Flint. The outfield is as yet uncertain; White, Staples, Day and Abbott are the most promising candidates.

The schedule completed today by Captain Michilini comprises 18 games. Aside from the league games greatest interest centers about the two on May 23 and 26 with the school's rival of many years, Wakefield high. The schedule is:

April 17, Reading high at Andover; 20, open; 25, Stoneham at Reading; 27, Reading vs. Lynn Classical high at Lynn; May 3, Reading high at Malden; 5, Reading high at Reading; 9, Reading high at Stoneham; 12, Reading high at Winchester; 15, Chelsea high at Reading; 18, Woburn high at Reading; 23, Wakefield high at Reading; 26, Reading high at Wakefield; 29, Reverse high at Reading.
June 2, Woburn high at Reading; 6, Arlington high at Reading; 9, Reading high at Revere; 13, Winchester high at Reading; 16, Reading high at Arlington.
Middlesex league games.

CONSIDER STADIUM NEXT WEEK

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Plans for formally launching the new Yale stadium project will be inaugurated here next week. The first meeting of the special committee of alumni to take charge of the project has been called for April 14 and 15 in Woodbridge hall, and communications will be received and persons heard during the sessions. The members of the committee are W. H. Corbin of Hartford, David Daggett of New Haven, N. H. Swayne, 2d, of Philadelphia; Henry Ledyard of Detroit, Irwin Tew of Chicago, T. H. West, Jr., of St. Louis, and S. J. Elder of Boston.

WEST POINT DROPS LACROSSE

WEST POINT—The lacrosse manager of the West Point Military Academy has notified all teams having games scheduled with the army that they are cancelled. This action was necessary on account of the fact that the authorities at the academy will not sanction a lacrosse team this spring.

PROVIDENCE BALL SQUAD OUT

PROVIDENCE—The 34 candidates for places on James Collins' Providence team of the Eastern league warmed up at Crowley's park Thursday. The regulars have about all showed up and Business Manager Reilly says there are men enough now to put up a good game with Walsh's nine at Woonsocket Saturday.

RATIONAL GOLF

By JASON ROGERS.

In order to clear the way for the possible invention of a standard golf ball, we have endeavored to investigate by dissection the composition of certain balls now in popular use, says the London Field. Probably we should have been able to lay more conclusive evidence before our readers if we could have seen the balls built up in the manufactory, but for obvious reasons that course of action was impossible. The facts which make dissection somewhat unsatisfactory are two in number and contrary in character. First, the ball itself, so soon as a long incision has been made in its cover, begins to contribute in part to its own dissolution. We found it impossible, with our scanty skill, to cut through the cover without severing some of the rubber threads, which formed the next stratum. Consequently a certain amount of thread invariably unwound itself before he could strip the cover from the ball.

In an extreme case, when the subject of the operation possessed a core of semi-liquid matter, the division of the outside case was followed by events which did not observe the proper sequence. No sooner had the knife got down to the top layer of rubber thread than a yellowish viscous substance began to ooze through the opening. This was presumably the core, making a premature appearance. Secondly, parts of the interior economy of every ball dissected were so closely stuck together that considerable force had to be used in order to break down adhesions. Consequently, it was not always easy to determine whether all the rubber thread present in the corpus of the ball had been wound round the core, or whether portions of it had been packed promiscuously into the case. We give below the results of our experiments for what they are worth:

No. 1—Price, 2s. 6d. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core an unshaped piece of gray, soft composition, partly rubber, and resembling putty in appearance, though much tougher. Remarks: layers of brown rubber ribbon 1/2 in. wide, of the thickness of foreign newspaper, were wound round the core, about three flimsy layers of rubber about 11-16 of an inch wide, and slightly less thick. This ball sinks in water.

No. 2—Price, 2s. 6d. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core, soft soap, or some substance resembling it. Remarks: this ball also sinks in water. Like No. 1, it had ribbon and filaments of rubber wound round the core. It disintegrated under the knife so much, and the viscous matter exuded so quickly that it is difficult to speak definitely of the arrangement of its parts. It is just possible that it contained a core of wound rubber surrounded by semi-liquid matter, but more likely that the semi-liquid matter came from the center of the mass.

No. 3—Price, 2s. 6d. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. No core. The center consisted of some strips of rubber ribbon crumpled together. Remarks: this ball contained layers of ribbon and filaments almost identical with those used in Nos. 1 and 2. Apparently these were wound at higher tension than was employed on other balls; the threads when cut sprang apart in more lively fashion. This ball floats.

No. 4—Price, 2s. 6d. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core, the core consisted of small sticks of rubber crushed into a mass. Remarks: no ribbon was wound round the core of this ball. The space between core and cover was entirely filled with filaments of the size and shape described above. This ball floats.

No. 5—Price, 2s. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core, similar to that of No. 4, but slightly smaller. Remarks: filaments indistinguishable in quantity or quality from those of No. 4 filled the space between core and cover.

No. 6—Price, 1s. 8d. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core and remarks, same as No. 5.

No. 7—Price, 2s. Thickness of cover, 1-12 in. Material of core, a small rubber ball surrounded with successive layers of rubber which adhered closely to it. Remarks: filaments only were wound round the core. No ribbon used. This ball sinks in water, and is of less than usual size.

In all cases inspection showed the cover to be well and truly made; its thickness varied in different parts of it infinitesimally, if at all. The material universally used was gutta percha or some composition not to be distinguished from gutta percha except by chemical analysis. But only in the case of the ball, which comes seventh in the list printed above, did the interior retain its spherical shape for long after the cover had been removed. As layer after layer of filament or ribbon was stripped off the others the remainder became more and more eccentric in outline, until finally, when the core was laid bare, all resemblance to a ball had disappeared, and it seemed wonderful that the finished article should fly through the air on so true a curve, and run so straight on the putting green. Either the symmetry of a ball's interior is immaterial or else putting is a less delicate operation than many golfers imagine.

Our investigation revealed a fact which would have caused us considerable surprise if we had not been prepared for it by the gossip of the links. A reference to the table of comparison will show that, if the test applied to balls numbered 4, 5 and 6 may be relied upon, they were identical in composition. We came to the conclusion that the only difference between them is that one has a red spot on the pole of its cover, another a green and the third no spot at all. No. 4 is a well known ball, which ranks everywhere as of the first grade and commands a ready sale at a half crown; Nos. 5 and 6 are made for and sold exclusively in two large London shops. Supposing that the conclusion to which we have been forced is correct, and that the three balls are produced by the same process out of the same material; supposing, further, that the retailer who charges but 20 pence for ball No. 6 is getting what he considers an adequate profit, it is obvious that those golfers who have paid 30 pence for the same article might have saved a certain amount of money without impairing the efficiency of their play.

PRINCETON ENJOYS THE INTRA-COLLEGE ATHLETIC CONTESTS

Season of 1911 Has Been Most Successful One Ever Held at the New Jersey College.

BASEBALL IS NOW ON

PRINCETON, N. J.—The silver cups that have been won in the winter series of the intro-collegiate sports at Princeton have just been put on exhibition. They are of exceptional beauty and size. The custom of having different games between the upper-class clubs and sophomore and freshman teams was started here several years ago and has met with marked success. This season has been the best yet and under W. M. Laird, '11, president of the association, the schedules have been interesting for all. By a subscription money was raised to get cups for the winning teams and each sport was strongly contested. The winter bowling tournament in the two upper classes resulted in a victory for Cap and Gown club. The high average medal goes to Albert Seckel '12 and the high score medal to R. Lowry '12. Key and Seal captured the cup for second place.

The basketball games were closely contested and resulted in a victory for Cap and Gown. Elm was second. The series of inter-club relay races was won by Tiger Inn and besides the cup for this each of the six members of the winning team gets an individual medal.

Baseball is the next sport on the program and is the most popular. About 40 teams will play and Brookfield is used for the series. There are three diamonds there and two games are played on each every afternoon after the sabbath starts. This arrangement allows many men who would not otherwise get the chance of engaging in their favorite sports an interesting and beneficial opportunity and is especially for the men who are not good enough for the varsity teams. The intra-collegiate series is getting more popular every year here and is in charge of an elected committee who arrange the schedules and collect the necessary funds. It is an imitation of the English universities that has more than proved a success.

CHICAGO ARCHERS WILL HOLD MEET

CHICAGO—At a meeting of archers held in this city recently, the Western Archery Association was organized and voted to hold a tournament in Chicago June 23 and 24. The following officers and executive committee have been chosen:

President, Dr. Edward B. Weston, Chicago; vice-president, W. A. Clark, Cincinnati; secretary and treasurer, Homer S. Taylor, Chicago; J. M. Challis, Atchison; George F. Henry, Des Moines; Frank E. Canfield, Chicago; Fred T. Leport, Kansas City, Kan.

COACH ORDERS CREWS TO STUDY

SYRACUSE—The eligibility committee of Syracuse University informed James A. Ten Eyck, coach of the Syracuse crews, Thursday that only 10 of the 18 varsity oarsmen are up in their studies and of 21 freshmen only eight are eligible. Mr. Ten Eyck has therefore issued orders to the men to study early and late in an effort to improve their standing.

If It's at Morse's, It's Correct
If It's Correct, It's at Morse's



SUNNY DAYS

of spring foretell the glorious hours in the open. The call of summer brings visions of the comfort of cool and natty

SERGE SUITS

We have them at various prices, in Blues, Browns, Grays and Blacks, with that

BOSTON SCHOOL BOYS ALL READY FOR THEIR ANNUAL PRIZE DRILLS

Prize drills of the Boston Latin school, English high school and the suburban schools are to take place this month, and the cadets are well prepared for them after seven months work.

Boston Latin will have its drill on April 13, but the other schools will have about two weeks longer. There are 60 companies or about 2500 school-boys, divided into five regiments. Lieut. Col. George H. Benyon is instructor at the English high school and Boston Latin school, while Capt. Charles A. Raullett, assistant instructor, has had charge of all of the suburban schools this year. Charles H. Reardon is armorer.

The revised rosters of the English high school and Boston Latin school are as follows: First regiment, English high school—Quartermaster, Capt. James T. Shannon; first battalion, Co. A, Capt. Daniel F. Sullivan, Lieut. Isaac Berman, Lieut. John H. Haliburton; Co. B, Capt. Hugh J. E. Blakely, Lieut. Frank L. Healy, Lieut. Earle G. May; Co. C, Capt. Ulmont W. Holly, Lieut. Maurice Bogoslavsky; Co. D, Capt. Charles E. Wyman, Jr., Lieut. Jacob Applebaum, Lieut. Max D. Solomon; second battalion, Co. E, Capt. Joseph F. O'Day, Lieut. Louis C. Powell, Lieut. Joseph Klarfeld; Co. F, Capt. Ernest A. Gioiosa, Lieut. Max H. Jacobs, Lieut. Henry E. Cheney; Co. G, Capt. Louis H. Zepher, Lieut. Samuel N. Arkin, Lieut. Walter White; Co. H, Capt. Samuel H. Lewis, Lieut. Walter W. Powers, Lieut. George W. Pape; third battalion, Co. I, Capt. Arthur H. Proctor, Lieut. Edson R. Mandigo, Lieut. Maxwell Lowenburg; Co. K, Capt. Edson F. Sawyer, Lieut. Charles Rosenwald, Lieut. Joseph K. Cumiskey; Co. L, Capt. Patrick J. Murphy, Lieut. William Scholnick, Lieut. Charles Rosen; Co. M, Capt. Malcolm Jenney, Lieut. Harold Mitchell.

Second regiment, Boston Latin school, quartermaster, Capt. Harold A. Packard, first battalion, Co. A, Capt. William E. Casey, Lieut. William E. Harrington, Lieut. Arthur H. Washburn; Co. B, Capt. J. Robert Fleming, Lieut. Paul H. Duff, Lieut. Leon E. Ramsdell; Co. C, Capt. John Duff, Jr., Lieut. Jerome J. Sullivan, Lieut. Angelo Liberti; Co. D, Capt. George L. Heyer, Lieut. S. Everett N. Nelson, Lieut. Joseph A. Hennessey; second battalion, Co. E, Capt. Leo F. Ready, Lieut. William W. Drummey, Lieut. Richard G. Donahue; Co. F, Capt. William B. Kroetzsche, Lieut. Albert W. Vinal, Lieut. William L. Robinson; Co. G, Capt. Edward J. Wall, Lieut. Mason S. Ehrenfried, Lieut. Harrison C. Perkins; Co. H, Capt. Carl S. Fleming, Lieut. Richard S. C. King, Lieut. William A. O'Shea; third battalion, Co. I, Capt. Peter J. Conlon, Lieut. Michael J. A. Norton, Lieut. Wallace B. Duke-shire; Co. K, Capt. Myron W. Adams, Lieut. Leo A. O'Leary, Lieut. Murray F. Hall; Co. L, Capt. Ferdinand S. Bloom, Lieut. Edward W. Wilder, Lieut. Trevor W. Swett; Co. M, Capt. Charles L. Higgins, Lieut. John H. Woods, Lieut. Winthrop E. Nightingale.

Third regiment, English high school—Quartermaster, Capt. A. Lewis Tenter; first battalion, Co. A, Capt. William H. Meanix, Lieut. George E. Read, Lieut. Isaac Goldberg; Co. B, Capt. Patrick J. Callahan, Lieut. Victor Fine; Co. C, Capt. Ralph W. Brown, Lieut. Henry Baker; Co. D, Capt. Alexander J. Jardine, Lieut. Harry P. Fingelstein, Lieut. Bernard L. Landers; second battalion, Co. E, Capt. Wesley H. Murray, Lieut. John D. McKee, Lieut. Carl Beare; Co. F, Capt. James C. Stedfast, Lieut. Edwin Consolmagno, Lieut. Albert M. Stedfast; Co. G, Capt. Norman Ellard, Lieut. Nathan Levitan, Lieut. Hjalmar Cederstrom; Co. H, Capt. James J. McCarthy, Lieut. Verner A. Johnson, Lieut. Philip E. Meltzer; third battalion, Co. I, Capt. Francis L. Irvin, Lieut. Edmond L. Brown, Lieut. Thomas J. Guinea; Co. K, Capt. Carlton M. Allen, Lieut. Thomas G. Brown, Lieut. Charles Glait-sky; Co. L, Capt. Louis S. Huber, Lieut. Philip A. Chapman, Lieut. Francis F. Fulton; Co. M, Capt. Otto E. Hermes, Lieut. Charles Bennett, Lieut. Isadore Berman.

The English high school has three companies connected with the annex of the school at Winthrop street, Roxbury, which have a separate prize drill to be held early next month.

The annual field day will be on May 26, and each colonel will act as brigade commander at different intervals of the route of the street parade and review on the Common.

MR. ROOSEVELT SEATTLE GUEST

SEATTLE, Wash.—On his arrival here Thursday Theodore Roosevelt went to the University of Washington, where he addressed a large audience in the natural amphitheater. He was given a dinner by the Commercial Club.

TACOMA, Wash.—Theodore Roosevelt crowded into the forenoon hours here Thursday a breakfast at which three members of the old Rough Riders regiment were guests, a review of Grand Army and veterans of the Spanish-American war and an address at the stadium, where he was greeted by 30,000 persons.

GEORGE B. COX TRIAL HALTED. CINCINNATI—The trial of George B. Cox on a charge of perjury was temporarily halted Thursday when Prosecuting Attorney Hunt received an order from Chief Justice Spear of the supreme court of Ohio setting a date to hear quo warranto proceedings against presiding Judge Hunt and to pass on Judge William Dickson's refusal to leave the bench on an affidavit of prejudice.

WHAT THE STUDENTS ARE DOING BOWDOIN DEBATERS TO MEET WESLEYAN



Left to right: Charles F. Adams '12, Earle Maloney '12, Ernest G. Fifield '12, Burleigh Rodick.

MICHIGAN UNIVERSITY WILL HOLD AVIATION MEET AFTER RECESS

ANN ARBOR, Mich.—The Aeronautical Society of the University of Michigan very shortly will be one of the few college organizations in this country in possession of a workable monoplane. It is all completed with the exception of a few minor details and has been entirely constructed by the faculty and student members of the club.

Great preparations are being made for the aviation meet which is to be held shortly after the spring recess. In addition to the flights with the monoplane, there will be test flights with model gliders. A fine cup has been offered the winner by the Triangle Society. Each of the toy aeroplanes has been limited in size to not less than two and a half or over five feet from wing tip to wing tip, and in order to be eligible for the prize must fly at least 75 feet unaided. Tiny air and steam turbines will furnish the motor power.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Today's Army Orders.

Capt. W. P. Pratt, ordnance department, will make one visit to each of the following posts for the purpose of providing seacoast guns and carriages: Fort Barry, Cal.; Fort Winfield Scott, Cal.

Maj. S. Seay, tenth infantry, Hot Springs, Ark., will proceed to Walter Reed general hospital, D. C.

Capt. H. J. Nichols, medical corps, detailed to represent the medical department of the army at annual meeting American Society of Tropical Medicine, New Orleans, May 18 and 19.

Capt. R. S. Welsh, quartermaster, will make one visit per month to Littauer Bros., Gloversville, N. Y., pertaining to inspection of buckskin garments.

Capt. J. S. Winn, quartermaster, will remain on his present duties until arrival at Fort Leavenworth of an officer of quartermaster's department to relieve him.

Special order March 27, war department, relating to First Lieut. T. D. Osborne, fifth field artillery, is revoked.

First Lieut. D. C. Cubbinson, first field artillery, detailed for general recruiting service Fort Slocum, N. Y.

Capt. F. C. Craig, medical corps, to Montgomery, Ala., to deliver a lecture April 18 before the medical officers of the Alabama N. G.

The following board of officers of the ordnance department is appointed to meet at Sandy Hook proving ground 11 a. m., April 12 for making recommendations for details of officers of army at large: Col. S. E. Blunt, Lieut.-Col. C. B. Wheeler, Maj. L. P. O'Hern.

Lieut.-Col. G. Berry, field, artillery, unassigned, is assigned to station at Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo., upon relief from duty at the maneuver division.

Capt. W. V. Cotchett, fielder, artillery, relieved of duty as quartermaster of the transport Crook and will proceed to Fort Riley for temporary duty with sixth artillery.

The following promotions of officers of the C. A. C. are announced: G. Parker, from first lieutenant to captain, March 3, assigned sixty-third company; N. Strayton, from first lieutenant to captain, March 3, unassigned; R. Furnival, from first lieutenant to captain, March 11, assigned sixty-first company; G. A. Taylor, from first lieutenant to captain, March 11, unassigned; R. E. Herring, from first lieutenant to captain, March 11, assigned one hundred and sixty-fourth company; C. T. Marsh, second lieutenant to first lieutenant, March 3, attached to twenty-third company; J. B. Maynard, from second lieutenant to first lieutenant, March 11, assigned seventy-fourth company; J. Frank, from second lieutenant to first lieutenant, March 11, assigned first company.

Navy Orders.

Rear Admiral J. Hubbard, placed upon the retired list of officers of the navy from May 19, 1911.

Lieut. J. M. Poole, detached from duty aboard the Idaho; to home and wait orders.

Chief Boatswain J. Danner, detached from duty aboard the Ranger; to temporary duty aboard the Wisconsin, con-

BOWDOIN READY FOR THE DEBATE WITH WESLEYAN

BRUNSWICK, Me.—The annual debate between Bowdoin and Wesleyan will take place at Middletown, Conn., tonight. The question to be debated is "Resolved, that constitutionalism being waived, a graduated income tax should form a part of our federal revenue system."

Bowdoin will be represented by a team consisting of Charles Francis Adams '12, of Auburn; Ernest G. Fifield '11, of Conway, N. H.; and Burleigh Cushing Rodick '12, of Freeport, Me., with Earl Francis Maloney '12, of South Thomaston as alternate.

All the members of the Bowdoin team have had experience in debating. Adams was a member of the team which defeated Wesleyan last year and Fifield was alternate on the same team. Rodick and Maloney were members of their class team, which, as freshmen, defeated the sophomores.

HARVARD PIERIAN ANNUAL CONCERT

Pierian Sodality of Harvard will give its annual concert in Sanders theater tonight. The program will principally consist of modern orchestral music seldom performed by other orchestras.

The first performance of the ballet suite by Charles B. Roeper '10 will be given, following Jean Philippe Rameau's "Dardanus." Other numbers are Schumann's concerto in A minor, and suite from Rimsky-Korsakov's opera, the latter the first public presentation in this country, so far as known.

NEWS BRIEFS

AGRICULTURIST FOR GUEST.

George C. Creelman, president of the Agricultural College of Ontario, will be the dinner guest of the Boston City Club on Thursday evening. He will speak on "Opportunities for New England's Agriculture, Based on the Experiences of Canada."

ROACHFORD IS HELD.

Charles Roachford, the negro waiter of Memorial hall of Harvard University, who is charged with shooting Heath Hughes of 41 Magee street, Cambridge, a fellow waiter last Friday afternoon, appeared before Judge Charles Almy in the Cambridge district court today and was held for the June term of the grand jury without bail on the charge of murder in the first degree.

C. T. ALDRICH WILL ALLOWED.

Judge George of the probate court allowed the will on Thursday of Charles T. Aldrich, which was contested by his daughter Alice and his sons, Louis, Henry A. and Charles T. Aldrich. The testator was supposed to have left about \$300,000, but only \$3000 could be accounted for.

MR. WEEKS FOR CENTRAL BANK.

Congressman Weeks addressed the Beacon Club at a dinner at the Tuileries on Thursday evening on the national monetary commission and the Aldrich banking measure. He described the benefits to the banking and business interests of national central banks, and asked the club to appoint a committee to recommend action by the club. Donald M. Hill, president, appointed a committee, making W. W. Dow the chairman.

OLD MCLELLAN HOUSE BURNS.

ORANGE, N. J.—The mountain-top home in West Orange of T. H. Powers Farr, a New York banker, formerly owned by Gen. George B. McClellan, burned to the ground on Thursday. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

SUSPENDS THROUGH RATES.

WASHINGTON—The interstate commerce commission today issued an order further suspending through rates between railroads and tap lines until June 1. The rates had already been cancelled until April 15.

section crew of the Maine, and duty on board when placed in commission.

Chief Boatswain K. Rundquist, to duty navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Machinist W. Herzberg, detached from duty navy yard, Philadelphia, to duty as assistant to the inspector of machinery, Maryland Steel Company, Sparrows Point, Md.

LEGENDA ISSUED BY THE SENIORS AT WELLESLEY

The 1911 Legenda, the senior publication of Wellesley College, just issued, is attractively bound in a serviceable buff linen.

The volume is dedicated to the memory of Sophie Jewett, associate professor of English literature, and the book contains an excellent engraving of Miss Jewett, as well as an exquisitely illuminated poem of hers, "The Least of Christmas Carols."

The editors of the Legenda have made this year's book considerably different from the traditional senior record. All stories, humorous sketches and hits on college doings have been omitted and the book is devoted principally to a pictorial record of 1911's college life.

The Legenda board is made up of nine seniors. Emily Miller of New York city is editor-in-chief and Gladys Platten, also of New York, is associate editor. Elizabeth Robinson of Lawrenceville, N. J., Eunice Chandler of Wellesley Hills and Sara Tupper of Newtonville are the literary editors. Mildred Knight of Philadelphia is art editor-in-chief and Vera Legg of Dorchester, Mass., and May Speer of Ft. Smith, Ark., are assistant art editors. Norma Lieberman of Detroit, Mich., is business manager.

NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE.

DURHAM, N. H.—Elections for this semester in Casque and Casket, the senior-junior society, resulted in the choice of B. F. Proud '11, president; G. F. Roberts '11, vice-president; C. H. Robinson '11, secretary.

The senior class parts for the commencement exercises in June have been assigned. President B. F. Proud will deliver the address of welcome. H. F. Judkins, "Address to the Undergraduates and the Faculty"; Miss Margaret DeMeritt, "Class History"; Webb Little, "Class Will." The executive committee in charge of the class day exercises consists of B. F. Proud, F. M. Hohen, E. E. Stark, C. O. Brown and C. F. Whittemore. The other committees are as follows: Caps and gowns, L. N. Pierce and R. E. Carpenter; refreshments, A. S. Colby and L. W. Bennett; music, E. E. Stark and Y. M. Hohen; invitations and orders, C. F. Whittemore and C. O. Brown. Charles W. Kemp, football manager and baseball captain for this college year, was elected floor director for the hall.

UNDERGROUND WIRE BILL FOR BOSTON IS REPORTED IN HOUSE

(Continued from Page One.)

giving to the board of supervisors in Springfield greater control over the public streets of that city.

The order providing for an investigation of the treatment of inmates of the charitable institutions of the state was assigned for debate on Thursday.

Mr. Cushing of Boston moved reconsideration of yesterday's acceptance of an adverse report on a bill authorizing the city of Boston to make an annual appropriation for the museum of fine arts.

Mr. Conway, Boston, opposed; he said this institution is making from \$50,000 to \$75,000 a year and there is no reason why Boston should give it more. Mr. Lomasney of Boston also opposed the motion. The motion was defeated on a voice vote.

Mr. Morrill of Haverhill moved to reconsider Thursday's adoption of a resolution favoring the parcels post system. He pointed out that the resolution adopted contains no provision and asked that it be forwarded to Congress.

Mr. Haigis of Montague said that Congress has already taken steps looking toward the establishment of the system and it was thought unnecessary to send notice of the action to Washington. Reconsideration failed, 17 to 62.

TENNESSEE FOR INCOME TAX.

NASHVILLE, Tenn.—A resolution ratifying the income tax amendment to the federal constitution was adopted by the Tennessee Senate Thursday. The House adopted a similar resolution several days ago.

CAMBRIDGE CHARTER BILL IS OPPOSED BY MAYOR J. E. BARRY

(Continued from Page One.)

has not been tried in the East. I feel that it should be put to a thorough test, and Cambridge is in a condition where it can be tried out to advantage. By this system the voter is given a chance to tell all he wants to in regard to how he wishes to vote. By all means I hope the charter will pass."

The proposed charter as framed by the legislative committee on cities and referred to a subcommittee, provides for a radical departure for an eastern city. Representative George L. Dow of Cambridge, who is in charge of the measure in the legislature, says it is a step which should be taken in order to keep abreast of the progress made by the cities of the West.

One of the most radical features of the charter is a provision for preferential voting whereby a voter can express his choice by making a ballot for three men for the same office, designating his choices as the first, second and third.

The new system means that a candidate might have a plurality of votes under the first choice column, and yet lose the election because of a majority of the votes cast in the first and second choice columns for his opponent.

The argument used for preferential voting is that no candidates can be chosen except by a majority of all the votes cast for the office and that no clique or faction by splitting up the vote can control an election by securing for its candidate a plurality vote. Representative Dow is enthusiastic over the plan, which also includes recall and referendum clauses, and believes that the Legislature should give Cambridge the right to vote upon its acceptance.

PROGRESSIVES MAY SEND 1912 ELECTION INTO NATIONAL HOUSE

WASHINGTON—Some of the political guessers in this city are looking forward to the possibility that neither political party will have a majority in the next electoral college, thus throwing the election into the House of Representatives, as was the case following the campaign of 1824, when John Quincy Adams ran against Andrew Jackson. The House at that time elected Adams, although Jackson had a lead of 15 electoral votes over Adams. Jackson had 99 electoral votes and Adams 84; the rest were scattering; a majority was 131.

This guess is based on the assumption that the Republican progressives will finally decide to bolt the Republican national convention and put up a presidential ticket of their own. At present it is clear that the progressives have no such idea, and they say so with considerable emphasis. But the political guessers insist that the logic of events will demand such action, and so they are tentatively figuring at this early day on what would be the result.

If the progressives were to bolt, they would stand a chance to carry such states as Wisconsin, the Dakotas, Kansas, Nebraska and Oregon, with the possibility that Minnesota might be added to the list. There would be enough electoral votes in the states named to prevent the regular Republican nominee from securing a majority, and "unless there were a straight Democratic victory at the polls, the electoral college might show a state of affairs not differing greatly from that of 1824."

If the election were carried to the House of Representatives, each state would have one vote. Its delegation would meet and determine for which candidate that one vote would be cast. If the delegation were evenly divided, its vote would not count, and this would be the case in several of the states. The delegations from Maine, Rhode Island and perhaps Nebraska would be thus evenly divided, and therefore those states would have no voice in determining the important question before the House.

In this connection, it should be remembered that the present House of Representatives would determine the presidential succession in the failure of a majority being secured in the electoral college. The Sixty-second Congress will meet for its first session in December following the presidential election, and the House would have to decide the presidency in time for the inauguration, March 4, 1913.

In the present House there are 21 delegations in which the Democrats have a majority. This does not include New Mexico and Arizona. There are 22 states which are nominally Republican, but out of this number must be taken the so-called progressive Republican states. There are two and perhaps three states whose delegations are evenly divided, as stated above—Maine, Rhode Island and Nebraska.

A majority of all the states, necessary to the selection of a President by the House of Representatives, is 24, there being 48 states in all.

It would thus appear that the House of Representatives would not have a majority for any candidate, in this respect duplicating the situation in the electoral college.

This would serve to make the secretary of state in the Taft cabinet—at present Mr. Knox is serving in that place—the President until such time as an election could be held.



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AT RAILWAY TERMINALS

The Boston & Maine railway private car No. 999, occupied by William Dupont and son, passed through Boston today en route from Concord, N. H., to Montpelier, Vt., via the Boston & Maine, New Haven, Pennsylvania and Southern roads.

Raymond & Whitcomb's California party No. 12 returned to South station today occupying a special Pullman train routed via the Santa Fe road to Chicago and New York Central lines to Boston.

The private Pullman cars Constitution and Atræus, occupied by Louis Cabot and party, arrived at South station early this morning from Aiken, S. C., via the Southern, Pennsylvania and New Haven roads.

Ira A. Place of the legal department and Albert H. Harris, general counsel of the New York Central lines at Grand Central station, New York city, arrived at South station today in the private car "100" on company business.

Frank Marsh, superintendent of buildings of the Boston Terminal Company, a force of carpenters and decorators doing over President Mellin's office suite on the fourth floor of South station.

For the accommodation of St. Paul lodge of Odd Fellows, No. 17, en route from Schenectady, N. Y., to Boston, the New York Central lines furnished a special train this morning, due at South station at 3:30 p. m.

For the Baltimore & Ohio railway's Washington tourists, a party of 350, the New Haven road will furnish extra service from South station at 6 o'clock this evening via the Fall River line and New York city.

A large party of United States troops occupying tourist sleeping cars, en route from Ft. Thomas, Ky., to Newport, R. I., were handled today by the New York Central lines and New Haven road.

The Pullman Company will provide special service from South station tonight for the Dartmouth College baseball team en route to Washington via the New Haven and Pennsylvania roads.

METHUEN Y. M. C. A. MAN QUILTS.

METHUEN, Mass.—The directors of the Y. M. C. A. have accepted the resignation of A. D. Murray secretary to take effect May 1. He has been here nearly five years.

PEARY IS HONORED IN DR. COOK'S CITY

NEW YORK — Rear-Admiral Robert E. Peary Thursday night was presented with a certificate of honorary membership by the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, which struck the name of Dr. Frederick A. Cook from its roll a year and a half ago.

Mr. Peary made his first appearance in Dr. Cook's home city to deliver his polar lecture at the Academy of Music. He made no reference to Dr. Cook.

ITALIAN PREMIER OUTLINES POLICY

ROME—The Premier, Signor Giovanni Giolitti, presented his associates in the new cabinet to Parliament Thursday and outlined his policy.

He said that the government would advocate the granting of the franchise to all who had seen military service, or males who had reached the age of 30 years. Compulsory pensions for workmen would be introduced.

Amateur Photographers— Willing to Show Your Good Views to Monitor Readers?

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ZEPPELIN MAKES SIX-HOUR FLIGHT IN NEW DEUTSCHLAND

(Continued from Page One.)

landing was made at the edge of the city.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN.—A balloon call upon King William II. of Wurtemberg and Queen Charlotte was begun today by Count Zeppelin and friends, who sailed for Stuttgart in the new Deutschland. The party will pay its respects to the King and Queen Saturday. The Deutschland will then go to Baden-Baden and Dusseldorf.

NEW YORK.—Plans for the aviation meet to be held at Belmont Park May 19, 20 and 21, under the auspices of the Aero Club of America, were Thursday placed in the hands of a committee, of which Henry A. Wise Wood is chairman.

Chief of the features at this meet will be the elimination race, which is expected to show the committee in charge of selecting a team for the race in England, July 1, for the Coupe Internationale d'Aviation, what aviators and machines in this country can do in a speed contest. Each man entering the elimination race will be pledged to go to England for the international race provided he is first or second in the elimination and is chosen for the team.

Whether any of the elimination contenders are chosen for the July contest, all will have a chance to win monetary prizes worth considering, as Robert J. Collier has offered \$5000 for the winners.

WASHINGTON.—Development in weapons of defense against aerial attack, which is endeavoring to keep pace with the rapid progress of military aeronautics, may be greatly reinforced by a new aerial torpedo just patented here by the Krupp, the German manufacturers. The new shell or torpedo is the invention of Carl Weisser and Wilhelm Schwartz. It is a projectile shot through the air and designed to explode by contact with the most fragile material, such as the outside covering of a gas bag or the wings of an aeroplane.

The new shell is believed by the inventors to be superior to the aerial torpedoes designed to explode by the operation of a time fuse.

WASHINGTON.—Antony Jannus made three flights in the Rex Smith biplane over the speedway south of the White House Thursday afternoon. On his last flight he had as passengers Miss Dorothy Williams, daughter of Col. J. R. Williams, U. S. A., and Miss Laura Merriam, daughter of William R. Merriam, one-time Governor of Minnesota. They landed after making a circuit of about a mile and a half. Mrs. Nicholas Longworth was invited to become a passenger, but declined.

NEW YORK.—Airmen are apprehensive over the statement of Claude Grahame-White's lawyer that he has advised the Englishman not to defend the suit brought against him by the Wrights for alleged infringements of their aeroplane patents. It is admitted that if Grahame-White allows the suit to go by default the Wrights will be able to secure injunctions against nearly every flyer in the United States giving them what would be practically a monopoly of the air.

NEW YORK.—Thomas Sopwith, an English aviator, will come to this country soon to make flights in a new type of monoplane, according to Dudley Sturrock, a business associate. Mr. Sturrock arrived yesterday from London on board the Majestic, of the White Star line.

ELLIS WAINWRIGHT, BACK, SURRENDERS

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Ellis Wainwright, owner of the Wainwright office building, who was indicted in 1902 in the crusade of Governor Folk against municipal bribery, and since then has remained an exile in Paris, appeared in court here today and surrendered.

He was indicted on a charge of bribery when a score of city councilmen and members of the House of Delegates were indicted. At the time he was traveling in Egypt. He finally went to Paris where he was safe from extradition.

FUSILIERS FROM CANADA COMING

The St. John Fusiliers, comprising the sixty-second regiment, 300 strong, will leave St. John, N. B., by special train on June 16 for this city to take part in the Bunker Hill day celebration on June 17.

The regiment will be in command of Col. J. L. McAvity and will be accompanied by the regimental band and the drum and bugle band. The regiment will remain in Boston over Monday.

NEW LOCOMOTIVES FOR B. & M. LINES

The motive power department of the Boston & Maine received Thursday at South station over the Pennsylvania and New Haven roads two mammoth eight-wheel consolidated freight engines of the grasshopper type from the Baldwin locomotive works of Philadelphia.

They are the first of an order of 40 and are equipped for passenger service. They weigh 130 tons when ready for the road.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

BROCKTON.

The annual reception to members of the Woman's Club will take place next Monday evening at the home of the president, Mrs. C. S. Millet, Spring street and Highland terrace.

The Vesta Club will go to New York April 14 for a pleasure stay of one week, with Mrs. J. P. Shaw as chaperone.

The committee from Beatrice Rebekah lodge, which is to serve a dinner in Massiot banquet hall April 16, the occasion of the big celebration by the Odd Fellows, will arrange details at a meeting this afternoon. Mrs. G. W. Randabattian is chairman and has 30 assistants.

LEXINGTON.

W. R. C. No. 97 has elected: President, Miss Ella R. Jones; senior vice-president, Miss Christine McDonald; junior vice-president, Miss Lizzie Fitch; secretary, Miss Mattie Gurney; treasurer, Miss Emily Bacon; chaplain, Miss Marietta Davis; conductor, Miss Minnie Britton; guard, Miss Caroline Evans; patriotic instructor, Miss Fannie Kauffmann; press correspondent, Miss Ellen Locke; musician, Miss Mabel Gurney; assistant conductor, Miss Annie Pero; assistant guard, Miss Barbara Bean; color bearers: No. 1, Miss Margaret Carson; No. 2, Miss Isabelle Scott; No. 3, Miss Bernice Glenn; No. 4, Miss Ellie Warner.

MIDDLEBORO.

A neighborhood convention of evangelical churches will be held next Wednesday at the Congregational church at Middleboro Green.

The members of the New England Cranberry Growers Association held a meeting in this town Thursday and a number of matters pertaining to the enlargement of the industry were discussed. A dinner was served.

The Rev. George E. MacLellan has resigned as pastor of the First Unitarian Society. An effort is being made to have him reconsider his action.

WHITMAN.

F. Eugene Farnsworth will give his talk on "Old Nuremberg, Salzburg and The Valleys of the Fair Tyrol" at a meeting of the Whitman Woman's Club to be held Wednesday afternoon.

At the monthly meeting of the Visiting Nurse association, the report of the secretary, Mrs. William E. Stone, showed that the association now has 240 members. Miss Ethel Peters, the visiting nurse, reported having made 180 calls in March, the largest number she has ever made.

ROCKLAND.

Ground has been broken for a three-story business block on South Union street, which is to be built for Carmine Battista.

The Mothers Association holds a "Fathers Night" in Channing hall Saturday evening.

Hatherly Lodge, I. O. G. T., has secured new quarters in Pythian hall. Standish Lodge, 177, I. O. O. F., has appointed a committee to make arrangements for the observance of its anniversary.

NEEDHAM.

Galen Orr Woman's Relief Corps and Ezra N. Fuller Camp Sons of Veterans had a joint anniversary celebration in Kingsbury hall Thursday evening.

The quarterly union temperance meeting will be held in the First Parish church Sunday evening and will be addressed by the Rev. W. J. Sholar of Boston.

NORWELL.

The Sunday school of the Universalist church at Assinippi will hold special services in the church Easter Sunday. An illustrated lecture on "The Passion Play of Oberammergau" was presented at the James library Thursday evening under the auspices of the Arts and Crafts Society.

BELMONT.

The citizens' committee on parks and playgrounds is working on a plan which is expected to be a practical solution of the local playground question.

STONEHAM.

The following sums will be spent for town work this spring: For surfacing Marble, Franklin and Elm streets with tarvia, \$1500; board of health, \$400; sewer connections, \$200; highway department, extra appropriation, \$250; laying out of Wright street, \$700; to locate North street over land of E. M. Smith, \$500; for water mains in Broadway, \$1000; for concrete sidewalks on Wright street, \$112; for water mains in Keene street, \$1000; for water mains in Main street, near Broadway, \$1000; to construct sewer through Perkins street, \$1000; for repairs on concrete walks and crossings, \$1200; for concrete and edgestones on Pleasant street, \$400; for sidewalks on Pond, Eustis and Wright streets, \$318.

Civil service examinations for the police department will be held next Tuesday.

FITCHBURG.

In consequence of the fire and explosion here Wednesday the selectmen are to have outside cutoffs put on all gas mains which enter all town buildings and the same will be required of the owners of business and tenement blocks.

The Chauffeurs Club has engaged rooms in the new Wood's block, Monument square.

Miss Florence A. Belding, teacher at the George street school, has resigned and these teachers for upper grammar grades have been named: Miss Ethel C. Hills, now of Newton; Miss Winifred J. Gallagher, now in Greenfield; Miss Grace E. Hubbard, now in Newton; Miss Ruth E. Clark, now in Fitchburg normal school.

CAMBRIDGE.

The Schoolmasters club will meet at the Colonial Club tonight. The speakers will be Daniel F. Edwards, secretary of the committee on manufactures of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, who will talk on "Real Boston," Prof. Lewis J. Johnson, whose subject will be "Taxation in Relation to Real Boston," and H. W. Foss, who will preside.

North Cambridge Encampment No. 40 of the I. O. O. F. will observe the ninety-second anniversary of Odd Fellowship Monday evening, April 24.

A conference in the interest of playgrounds will be held Tuesday evening, April 11, in the Latin school hall.

BEVERLY.

Bass River lodge of Odd Fellows and Friendship Rebekah lodge will attend a vesper service at the Unitarian parish house on Federal street Sunday afternoon, upon the invitation of the Rev. Benjamin Reynolds Bulkeley, pastor of the church.

North Shore circle, Companions of the Forest, entertained members of the circle from Peabody, Lynn and Salem at an entertainment in the Commercial block Thursday evening.

READING.

The assessors will meet on the third Monday evenings of April, May and June from 7:30 to 9 p. m.

The highway department this spring will spend \$800 to rebuild and surface with oil South Main street, from the Boston & Maine railroad station to Minot street, \$250 for concrete sidewalks on South Main and Minot streets, and \$600 to lay out Dudley and School streets and the extensions of Grand and Deering streets. The latter work is to open Sunnyside park, a new residential tract.

QUINC.

The Massachusetts Parent-Teachers Association of the Massachusetts Fields school held a meeting in the school hall Thursday evening. J. D. Howlett, head master of the high school, spoke on "Recent Advance in Education."

The Woodward Institute for Girls will close this evening for the spring vacation. It will reopen Apr. 14.

SALEM.

Mayor Rufus D. Adams has settled the controversy over the appointment of a police captain and lieutenant by promoting Inspector Edwin W. Dennis to be acting captain and Inspector Patrick J. Lehan acting lieutenant until Jan. 1, 1912.

NEW HEAD OF BOSTON UNIVERSITY TALKS TO STUDENTS AT CHAPEL

(Continued from Page One.)

dents. College students were a part of his life and having been away from his own student body for two weeks he was hungry for student faces.

"I believe in the college student," he said. "We can get along without committees and without trustees because the students make the college."

He then spoke of an investigation recently made at Baker University as to the reasons why students came to that college. The results showed that about 80 per cent of the new students were attracted by words of praise for the college by graduates and undergraduates. Also that about 60 per cent of the money raised came as the result of student work among alumni and friends.

He said that he was sure of the co-operation of the trustees, the citizens of Boston, and the ministry, and now he wanted the cooperation of every member of the student body. By thus working together he said Boston University would fulfill the hopes and ambitions of its founders and friends.

At the close of the exercises an informal reception was held by the new president, during which he met the entire student body as they filed out of chapel. Dr. Murlin, owing to duties at Baker University, will not take charge until fall. His inauguration will come early in the first semester of next year.

COMMERCE CHAMBER BILL TO BOOM STATE INDUSTRIES IS PASSED

(Continued from Page One.)

so that it will receive the executive's official approval.

Governor Foss refused to place his signature to the measure late Thursday, although urged to do so personally by practically the whole Boston representation at the State House. The Governor objected to a provision in the bill which would reduce the minimum height requirement for firemen from 5ft. 7in. to 5ft. 5in. He held that this was a matter which should be left strictly to local authorities. It was an infringement on the principle of home rule, he said.

Senator Joseph P. Lomasney, the sponsor for the bill, having learned that the Governor was about to veto the measure, led the delegation of Boston legislators to the executive office at the close of Thursday's session. With Mr. Lomasney as spokesman, they presented their side of the case, Senator Doyle alone dissenting from the opinion of his brother members. Governor Foss remained firm, however, and told the delegation that if they would remove the objectionable provision to reduce arbitrarily the height qualification he would sign the bill.

In the Senate late Thursday the committee on mercantile affairs reported leave to withdraw on the various bills providing for a flat rate telephone charge of 5 cents for a five-minute conversation between any two points within the metropolitan district, for the appointment of a committee to report on the whole matter of telephone rates and service and for the placing underground of all telephone wires.

Consideration of the "bar and bottle" repeal bills was postponed in the Senate Thursday till Tuesday at the request of Senator Doyle, who favors repeal.

The "eight-hour" bill, twice vetoed by Governor Draper, and one of the issues in the last state campaign, was ordered to a third reading in the House late Thursday without debate and without a dissenting voice.

Resolutions favoring the bill of the postmaster-general for the establishment of a parcels post were adopted without debate.

By a vote of 162 to 62 the House passed to be engrossed a bill permitting the sale of "kosher meat" on the Lord's day.

Hearings Scheduled

Among the committee hearings at the State House scheduled for Monday are the following:

Committee on cities, room 240, 10:30 a. m.—(H. 1630) To fix boundary between Arlington and Cambridge; (S. 428) on issue of bonds by Lynn.

Committee on public lighting, room 439, 10 a. m.—(H. 1185) Special report of gas commissioners on transmitting electricity across and under public ways, etc.

Committee on railroads, room 446, 10:30 a. m.—(S. 439) for abolition of grade crossings in Lynn.

ROSENHEIMER HOUSE BURNS. PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.—The large country mansion of Edward Rosenheimer, known as The Roses, was destroyed by fire today. The loss is \$100,000. A caretaker jumped from a second-story window to escape the flames.

SIPE SPRINGS WATER PLANT. SIPE SPRINGS, Tex.—The water company has a large force of men at work laying mains. The 50,000-gallon steel reservoir and tower is completed and the waterworks will soon be in operation. The waterworks company has acquired the original springs and enlarged them to a 40-foot pool, with a capacity of 100,000 gallons daily. It also has a 25,000,000-gallon dirt reservoir near town for a reserve supply.

In Our Great Men's Outfitting Store The Most Conveniently Located and Best Stocked Store for Men in New England

Men's New Spring Gloves For Easter and Every-Day Wear

To decide the question of gloves for Easter or general business wear, no store in Boston can offer you such a wide variety for selection in all the very newest and best wearing gloves on the market.

The finest glove makers in France and America supply us with their best products and our immense buying facilities enable us to carry a larger selection and sell at the very lowest figures.

Among the favorites for Spring wear are:

Dress Mocha Gloves—In steel gray, one-clasp, pique sewn, with heavy self-stitching on back. A smart street glove for particular dressers. Price **2.00**

Cape Skin Gloves—Our own special make, showing new assortments of smart spring shadings, out-seam and pique finish. Price..... **2.00**

Imported Tan Gloves—The famous Reynier Freres make. A complete line of spring weight effects, pique sewn. The finest gloves made. Price..... **2.50**

Imported Fabric Gloves—In tan, gray, drab, yellow, dark green and white. A trial will convince the wearer of the comfort and durability of this glove. Price..... **1.00**

Imported Suede Gloves—Reynier Freres' best quality, pique finish, one button. Light weight for spring and summer wear. Price..... **2.25**

Gray Mocha Gloves—Made to our own special order. Full pique, one clasp, spear-point back. The best glove we have ever shown, and cannot be duplicated elsewhere under 2.00. Our price..... **1.50**

Cape Skin Gloves—Out-seam, also full pique. New shades for early spring wear. Spear-point back. Sand-down brand. Price..... **1.50**

Dress Mocha Gloves—In steel gray, one smoked pearl button, out-seam sewn with spear-point embroidered back. Price..... **2.00**

Street Floor, Main Store, Summer Street Entrance.

Visit Our New Art Gallery—Seventh Floor, New Building—
and See the Exhibition of Pictures in Oil by Boston Artists.

Jordan Marsh Company

DINNERS OF G. A. R. AND ALLIED BODIES CLOSE CONVENTIONS

Veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, department of Massachusetts, and members of five affiliated organizations—the Woman's Relief Corps of Massachusetts, the Ladies of the G. A. R., the Massachusetts division, Sons of Veterans, the Daughters of Veterans and Sons of Veterans auxiliary—closed their annual meetings Thursday.

The G. A. R. encampment exercises at Faneuil hall were followed by a dinner at the American house, where more than 500 comrades gathered.

James T. Wellington of camp 47, Norwood, was elected division commander of the Sons of Veterans Thursday evening. Other officers chosen are: Senior vice-commander, Arthur C. Beal of Brockton; junior vice-commander, Edward S. Emerson of Springfield; councilors, George M. Tucker, Orlando J. Sebott and Charles F. Cook; delegates to national convention in August at Rochester, N. Y., George E. Hunt, H. F. Veiler, E. A. Holmes, F. C. Deming, J. H. Hagarty, T. J. Hannon, Edward P. Hunt, H. A. Mayo, William F. Moore, William T. Tisdale and Charles A. Higgins.

E. E. Fish of Chelsea was elected a member of the soldiers home commission. Edwin A. Holmes of Dorchester was appointed division assistant secretary and Henry F. Veiler of 79, Melrose was appointed secretary, the same office held by him under the former commander, Mr. Tucker.

The annual department convention of the woman's relief corps was brought to a close at the Shawmut Congregational church Thursday evening with anniversary exercises. Commander-in-chief Gilman and staff, Department Commander Fiske and staff and representatives of many patriotic organizations throughout the state were present.

The ladies of the G. A. R., meeting at the American House, who had chosen Miss Lillian F. Murphy president at a previous meeting, elected the following additional officers: Senior vice-president, Mrs. Emma Thurlow of Newburyport; junior vice-president, Mrs. Adeline Stevens of Athol; treasurer, Mrs. H. Maria Ward of Lynn; chaplain, Mrs. Josephine Brooks of Barre; secretary, Mrs. Marion Bradbury of Mattapan; council of administration, Mrs. Bessie Worthen Senary, Mrs. Mary E. Kimball and Mrs. Jennies Huntree; councilors, Mrs. Fannie L. Barnes of Springfield, past department president; national convention delegates, Mrs. Bessie W. Sebott, Mrs. Carrie L. Hatch, Mrs. Louise Leavitt, Mrs. Mary Balch.

Mrs. Flora A. Whitney was endorsed as candidate for national president of the Sons of Veterans Auxiliary at the

closing exercises of the Massachusetts division of the organization in the vestry of the Park Street church Thursday evening.

The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Lillian J. Carr of Peabody; vice-president, Miss Margaret Carney of Melrose; council, Mrs. Lillian F. Blythe of Springfield, Mrs. Etta K. Cook of Malden and Mrs. Cora A. Bailey of Beverly; treasurer, Miss Lotta L. Ford of Duxbury; chaplain, Miss Josephine Mance of Springfield; inspector, Mrs. Inez Otis of South Hanson; patriotic instructor, Mrs. Eva Barber of Charlestown; instructor and installer, Miss Louise Young of Wakefield; dormitory committee, Miss Lillian F. Blythe of Springfield; national convention delegates, Mrs. Lillian F. Blythe, Mrs. Cora A. Bailey of Beverly.

The Daughters of Veterans, meeting in Chipman hall, Tremont temple, elected the following officers: President, Elizabeth T. Kirchgassner; senior vice-president, Mattie C. Tucker; junior vice-president, Agnes I. McCoy; chaplain, Emma Dunn; treasurer, Emma E. Metcalf; inspector, Emma B. Kane; patriotic instructor, Kate E. Bray; council, Gertrude Holbrook, Helen C. Littlefield and Anita C. Warren; national convention delegate, Helen Crittenden.

BRITISH SCHOONER ON REEF.

KEY WEST, Fla.—The British steamer Hannah M. Bell, bound from Newport News to Vera Cruz, is reported almost a total wreck on Elbow reef, near Carysford light.

NEW YORK BUILDING BURNS.

NEW YORK—Fire destroyed today the five-story building occupied by Chard & Howe, oil and grease dealers, in Front street, causing a loss of \$150,000.

MELROSE HIGH HONOR PARTS ARE ANNOUNCED

William C. Whiting, principal of Melrose high school, has announced the graduating class honor parts, Miss Ruth A. Hoyt, editor of School Life, standing at the head of the class. She will be class valedictorian; Miss Helen M. Gerry will be salutatorian. Ralph E. MacLean, who has completed the four-year course in three years, ranks third, and Miss Marjorie Cox ranks fourth. They will read essays at graduation. The other honor pupils include Douglas B. Baker, Miss Dorothy Atkinson, Miss Margaret Ellis, J. Willard Buttrick, Miss Kathryn B. White and Miss Lillian Nowell.

Immediately following the honor announcements, the class elected several of the class day officers. Roger Winslow, who has been president of the class during the entire four-year term, was made class marshal; Miss Mildred Kennard, presentations; Miss M. Ethel Moore was elected class prophet; Earl Page class historian, and Minot Crowell class statistician.

SEEK PLACE OF SENATOR EVANS

Claude L. Allen, city solicitor, and Andrew J. Burnett, both of Melrose, announced their candidacy for the Senate from the fourth Middlesex district to succeed Wilmot R. Evans, Jr., of Everett, who will not be a candidate for reelection.

Mr. Burnett was a candidate against Mr. Evans last year. He served Melrose in the Legislature for four terms.

Browning, King & Company

Clothing, Furnishings and Hats

Clothes for Young Men

THAT ARE MAKING A HIT!

They are DISTINCTLY different—youth and lithe in their lines. You'll not find their equal outside really good tailor shops, and then only at the exclusive tailors' prices.

The fabrics will appeal to the younger element, as we are most careful to blend this important feature with the lively lines of Young Men's Styles. Prices range from \$15.00 upward.

Browning, King & Co

407-411 Washington Street, Boston.

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

THREE COSTUMES SHOWING VARIED DESIGNS

Royal purple and cerise now much used for color contrasts.

ROYAL purple and cerise or coral red are the two prominent colors used for contrast just now. Both combine well with the black and white stripes and deep marine blue serges used for tailored suits and dresses, and relieve admirably the somberness of an all black dress. Not only are these colors used separately, but they are much liked in combination. Thus a hat of coarse straw in royal purple has a crown covered with wide open Russian violets and a straw bow with the loops faced with cerise velvet. Cerise cloth collars and cuffs are put on linen suits of white, tan, blue and brown. Cerise satin ties are worn with white pumps or black with a dash of the same color in the hat, placed quite at the back, if it is not a becoming tint to the wearer.

In the accompanying illustration the dress at the left is of white and black shamrock silk poplin, over underdress of black satin with Irish lace guimpe and lower sleeve. The center costume is tucked silk poplin in lettuce green tone over matching satin petticoat and under waist, with velvet bands of darker tone. The suit at right is of Laine-sole with stitched bands of matching satin, "Neubrowne" shade, and shirred mousseline-de-soie vest. The designs are by the McCall Company of New York.

SPOOL PEG

Drive a nail through an empty spool and you will have a good peg on which to hang things in the kitchen, on the back porch, or in the cellar, says the Ladies Home Journal. The spool will not tear nor stain any cloths, as a nail alone is apt to do.



TRIED RECIPES

CREAMED OYSTERS.
Let two quarts of milk come to a boil. Take three pints of oysters, drain off the liquor, put in a chopping bowl, and chop fine. Stir two small tablespoonfuls of flour in four of melted butter. Put the oysters in the boiling milk, stir in the butter and flour, season with pepper and salt, let boil up once, and serve.

RICHMOND THIN BISCUITS.
Virginia Carter occasionally makes a thin biscuit which she calls "Richmond," and the rule which she gives is as follows: Rub into a pint of well-sifted flour a heaping teaspoonful of butter. When the flour feels like fine meal, add two well-beaten eggs and enough cream or very rich milk to make a dough stiff enough to roll. Roll out as thin as paper, cut into circles with a tin cutter, prick it with a fork, dust with flour, place in a pan, and bake to a light brown.

KENTUCKY WAFFLES.
Beat three eggs, whites and yolks separately, add to the yolks a quart of sifted flour, a pint of sour cream, and thin the batter with a very little sweet milk. Add three tablespoonfuls melted lard and a teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a tablespoonful of sweet milk and beat well. Lastly, add the whites of three eggs beaten stiff, and bake quickly in very hot, well greased waffle irons.

LUNCHEON CARAWAY CAKE.
To make luncheon caraway cake, rub to a cream one fourth cupful of butter, add gradually three fourths cupful of sugar; then one egg well beaten, one and one third cupfuls of flour mixed with one tablespoonful of baking powder, alternately with three fourths cupful of milk, one tablespoonful of caraway seeds, three fourths teaspoonful of vanilla and salt. Turn into buttered and floured cake pan, sprinkle top with sugar, and bake. Remove from pan, cut in squares, and serve hot.—Philadelphia Star.

QUAKING PUDDING.
Cut stale bread in thin slices, using enough to make three cups. Butter a mold or bowl thoroughly and sprinkle with currants. Fill with the bread and currants in layers. Beat together three eggs, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, a little salt and nutmeg, and add three cups of milk and one teaspoonful of vanilla. Steam for one hour. Turn out gently on a warm plate and serve hot.

In Our New Fourth-Floor Corset Section

Positively the Largest Assortment of

Redfern Corsets

To Be Found in New England



The Redfern is a corset for the fashionable dresser—designed always a little in advance of established fashions, giving, therefore, the perfect foundation for the new gown or suit, made with the greatest possible accuracy and exactness, trimmed with exquisite daintiness.

The up-to-date figure, if possible, is in effect longer and slimmer than ever, requiring a very long, smooth-fitting corset like the Redfern, which is boned with the finest Arctic Whalebone throughout. No satisfactory substitute has yet been found for whalebone, and the Redfern Whalebone Models stand, as they have always stood, unexcelled for resiliency and shaping power.

We have Redfern Models at from 3.00 to 10.00

Expert fitters are here to make certain that you secure the right size and model.

Jordan Marsh Company

JAPANESE PRINTS

Printed Japanese toweling is sold in 10-yard lengths, price \$1.50. The designs are especially good and the material is of a finer quality than usual. They are printed in black and three shades of blue. These towels are used with good effect as bedroom draperies for a summer cottage or bungalow, says the Ladies Home Journal. A simple bedroom with plain white plaster walls may be given character and even beauty by the addition of a few yards of this toweling. The design is repeated once on each yard of the material, and several of these may be put together with small blocks of embroidery in blue and used as curtains; a single strip makes a dressing-table cover or table runner; and half a yard or so combined with denim in dark blue or a cool green makes an attractive cushion cover.

This toweling has been used in a novel way in tea room decoration which hints at attractive possibilities in connection with a summer dining-room. Towels with delicate patterns were put together for tea cloths, and tea napkins made to match by hemstitching small squares of linen with a single flower, a bird or a butterfly in the corner. Japanese prints on the walls, Japanese lilies in bloom in low bowls on the tables, and pale green china, which is decorated only with white peak of Fujiyama, added much to the oriental atmosphere of the little room. It is also possible to buy these towels singly at from 10 to 20 cents apiece.

RICH BRACELETS

The short sleeve being restored to its former place of supremacy, has revived the interest in bracelets, which had somewhat subsided. One of the most original ideas is expressed by a young woman who recently returned from a trip up the Nile, says a writer in the Chicago Record-Herald. Among her possessions is a superbly embroidered blouse done in Egyptian designs and colors. The sleeves are elbow length, but the lower arm is almost completely covered with bracelets ranging in style from the Cleopatra snake of many coils to the wide band set with mosaics. The blouse was cut rather low at the neck, and the opening was gracefully filled in with a necklace including stones of many different colors, but so artistically arranged that the observer wondered whether or not the piece was of modern construction.

NEW FOOTWEAR

For dress-up occasions a satin-top shoe combined with kid is the right thing to wear with a satin or satin-trimmed dress, says the Ladies Home Journal. Black satin pumps are new for afternoon wear. Tan calf models will be much worn every day.

NO SERVANT IN THEIR HOUSE

How one family brought about a change.

LET me tell you how one family I know solved the "servantless question," writes Mary Hamilton Talbot in Good Housekeeping. The first thing they did was to revolutionize the kitchen equipment, the initial departure being to put the coal stove out of commission. Instead they use an alcohol stove, burning the new fuel, denatured alcohol.

Steam cooking in some of its forms is already familiar to many housekeepers, but others have never used the convenient compartment steamer. The steam cooker is simply an upright oven with a water space beneath which is placed over the blaze, but it has many possibilities. For instance, at my friend's the day I dined, on one shelf was cooked the meat, on another several vegetables, and on a third the dessert, and there was no intermingling of flavors and odors.

Another feature of steam cooking is that the foods may be cooked in the dishes in which they are served—no cleaning of pots and pans after the meal is over. When the cooking is finished the serving dishes are taken out, wiped dry, and placed on the table.

The fireless cooker is as old as the hills. Some peasant woman, driven by poverty to work in the fields, hit on the idea of starting her family dinner in the early morning by boiling it over the fire and packing it away in a stone pot filled with hay. On her return she found the dinner cooked and ready to serve. The Indians of Narragansett Bay heated stones and covered them with seaweed to conserve the heat, and made a "Rhode Island clam bake." The Mohawks rolled hot stones into a big "pot hole" and cooked the whole deer by fireless cooking. The method is old, but the scientific principles underlying the method are new—it is cooking by conservation. The cooking is slow, but the cost of the initial heat is relatively small, and ends when the fireless cooking begins. There are many fireless cookers on the market. Not only is the housewife relieved from long and tiresome cooking over a hot stove, but the food never burns.

After meals there are improved methods of dishwashing. A plate scraper is used on the solid dishes before washing, to keep the dishwasher free from floating fats. As each article is washed in clean, hot water, it is placed on the edge of a plate drainer, and requires little wiping.

time, for no amount of shaking can drive the dust off of it. After using several times it is washed in hot water and when dry is as good as new.

In the laundry is a good, practical washing machine and self-heating flat-irons. When the clothes are sprinkled the housemother does not put a bowl of water on the table and sprinkle the clothes by dipping her hand in it; she uses instead a laundry sprinkler.

In trying to solve the "servantless question" we are going to have a domestic administration more efficient and more economic than the conventional housekeeping of today.

NOVEL EFFECTS

Batiste robes, the higher priced ones, show some novel effects, says a fashion writer. One has a deep Egyptian border on a black background. Red, blue, and green are the colors strikingly blended. Another has a wide border of the fine eyelet work in medallions, with tiny garlands of pink roses and green leaves scattered over it. This robe in white batiste with black eyelet embroidery thrown over a pale-blue foundation makes an ideal combination.

CUT OUT FLOWERS

A Philadelphia girl writes that a good way to use the embroidered parts of lingerie waists is to cut out the sprays of flowers in the design, and use them as medallions in another waist, setting them in with lace insertion.—Ladies Home Journal.

HOMEMADE SOAP

Here are the directions for a homemade soap as given by Prof. Margaret E. Dodd in "Chemistry of the Household." Take a pound can of lye and dissolve it in three pints of cold water. It will become quite hot as it dissolves, and care must be taken in adding the lye to the water, as it is apt to spatter. Have ready five pounds of clean fat which has been melted and strained through cheesecloth to remove all specks of brown. When the lye is cool pour it slowly on the grease, stirring it with a stick until the two mix and the liquid becomes about as thick as honey. Too long stirring may cause the ingredients to separate. Mold the soap in agate or wooden trays. If a wooden box is used, it should be lined with several thicknesses of wrapping paper. The layer next the soap should be oiled. The soap should harden in a moderately warm place and then be cut into cakes. This is the so-called cold process soap. While not suitable for fine work, it improves with age.

BACK OF BURLAP

An easy combination of materials that is being utilized for table covers, lamp mats, magazines and book covers and sofa pillows, is burlap with cut leather, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

The design is cut from the leather, either suede or the soft glazed varieties, then is stitched to the burlap background, which shows a contrasting color. Sometimes velvet is used instead of the leather, especially in sofa pillows and often along the line of stitching are sewn small brass or metal beads, to look like tiny nails.

THE CORRECT WRITING PAPER

Crane's Linen Lawn

FOR over a hundred years Crane's writing papers have been the first choice of all good letter-writers, and there were many good letter-writers in the old days of this country. Many a box of old letters, penned by a famous hand, were written upon Crane's writing papers.

Behind every sheet of Crane's Linen Lawn today there is an experience of one hundred years in good paper-making. No wonder that the Crane writing papers are preeminent today as they have been during the entire hundred years. Crane's Linen Lawn is a writing paper of unusual quality and unusual popularity. Besides the white, it is made in many fashionable shades.

Crane's Linen Lawn is the most fashionable paper in any form in which it appears.

If your stationer cannot supply Crane's Linen Lawn, write to us, and we will send the name of a dealer who can.

Eaton, Crane and Pike Company

SOLE MANUFACTURING AGENTS,

PITTSFIELD, MASS.

Trade Mark

Trade Mark

CROCHET EDGING

A pretty edging for underwear can be worked with No. 24 crochet cotton and a steel crochet needle, says the New York Press.

Begin with eleven chain; turn and work one treble in the seventh chain from the needle; two chain, one treble in the next chain of the foundation; three chain, another treble in the same place; four chain, one treble in the last of the foundation; three chain, another treble in the same place.

Second row: Turn with three chain, five treble under the loop of three chain of last row; four chain, six treble under the next loop of three chain; two chain, one treble under the loop that turned at the end; two chain, another treble in the same place.

Third row: Five chain to turn, one treble under the first two chain of the last row; two chain, one treble under the next loop; three chain, another treble in the same place; four chain, one treble under the next loop of four chain of last row; three chain, another treble in the same place.

Fourth row: Same as the second row. Repeat the third and fourth rows for the length required.

SMART BOW TIES

A clever girl who made a tour of the shops and saw the fetching butterfly bows of Irish crochet with a backing of colored velvet went home and, ripping six diamond-shaped medallions from an old blouse, promptly made herself three smart bow ties, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

The background of velvet wings was made from scraps doubled and sewed into seams. One was a vivid emerald green, another bright cerise and a third corn color. The first was in rabbit ear shape, the second had one end sloped, and the other notched, and the third was rounded on both ends.

The bits were sewed together in center and over them were put the crochet medallions, tip to tip, the joining covered by a knot of the velvet.

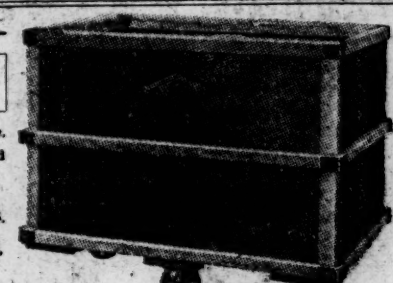
CUT BOTH AT ONCE

Before cutting out sleeves always double your material and cut the two together, says the Philadelphia North American. Then you are bound to cut them right, and they will match properly. If the material be striped, see that the stripes come directly over one another. Pin the material to make sure, as nothing looks worse than two sleeves, the stripes in one of which do not match those in the other.

ORDER FROM YOUR DEALER

"Diamond State Fibre"

BOX TRUCKS, WASTE CANS, Etc.
We Also Manufacture Hard and Flexible Fibre in Special Shapes.
SPECIAL TRUNK FIBRE
IN STANDARD COLORS.
DIAMOND STATE FIBRE CO.
ELSMERE, DEL.



DOES ADVERTISING PAY?

It surely does pay, and pays tremendously. It is one of the greatest single business-building agencies of modern times. Results that the tight kind of advertising will bring in the future will be stupendous. The Monitor is interested in the right kind of advertising now; that is, clean and honest advertising. That is the only kind the Monitor considers. So the legitimate advertiser does not have to compete with questionable offerings in the Monitor. The Monitor has ample testimony that advertising in it has brought gratifying results. Its own experience in using its paper for its own publicity has likewise shown conclusively that the right kind of advertising in the right medium certainly does pay.

TINY CHICKEN PIES

To make individual chicken pies, line gem pans with pastry, leaving crust enough to fold over a tablespoonful of rich chicken hash, and bake it in a quick oven.—Spokane Chronicle.

EASILY RESTORED

Camel's hair and red sable brushes that have gotten out of shape or curled can be restored to their proper form by dipping first into hot and then into cold water.—Spokane Chronicle.

MR. MELLER BRINGS AGREEMENT ON RATE BILL AT CONCORD

CONCORD, N. H.—An agreement has been reached, according to a well-founded report here today, on railroad rate legislation and appeal to the people by Governor Bass will be unnecessary.

C. S. Mellen, president of the Boston & Maine, is said to have brought about the agreement, and while Governor Bass still contends that the right of appeal should not be granted the railroad it is understood that this is the point which has been yielded and that when the House and Senate conference has concluded its work the House bill will be accepted by both branches amended so that the railroad may appeal from any rates fixed by the public service commission.

The House passed on Thursday the railroad rate bill recommended by its special committee.

The House bill to create a public service commission is in the Senate with an amendment pending which seeks to settle the railroad rate problem, independent of the House.

The position taken by the Senate was that it would not allow the passage of the public service bill until it knew what was to be the disposition of the rate question. Now, when the bill passed by the House gets to the Senate, it is generally expected that a committee on conference will be appointed and the differences between the House and Senate will be quickly adjusted according to the terms of the agreement.

The House bill was brought before the representatives through a report from the appropriations committee, that it ought to pass. Elwell of Exeter demanded a roll call on whether the bill should be indefinitely postponed and another on the final passage.

The first roll call resulted 230 to 28 against postponement. The passage of the bill was accomplished by roll call by a vote of 229 to 27.

On the final roll call Towle of Northwood and White of Haverhill refused to answer to their names. Farrand of Concord asked that Mr. White's name be called again and Cutler of Jaffrey asked that Mr. Towle be required to vote.

The speaker stated that the House rule was that "Every member who shall be in the House when a question is put shall give his vote unless the House, for special reason, shall excuse him." The names, White and Towle, were again called, but they did not respond.

On indefinite postponement Mr. Towle voted yes. Mr. White, after condemning the bill as "vicious legislation," voted no.

MONOPOLY CONTROL URGED BY MR. FOULKE AT BOSTON CITY CLUB

Effective regulation of monopolies was urged by William Dudley Foulke of Indiana, president of the National Municipal League, who spoke Thursday evening before the Boston City Club on "Warnings From History."

James P. Munroe presided at the dinner, after which brief remarks were made by Professor Harmon of Tufts College, Harvey S. Chase, Francis Hurlbut, Jr., Frank H. Rand, burser of the Institute of Technology; Samuel Y. Nash of Brookline and Mr. Foulke.

After the gathering had adjourned to the big hall upstairs Prof. Albert Bushnell Hart of Harvard University assumed the chair and introduced Mr. Foulke.

Mr. Foulke called attention to the dangers of unscrupulous use of concentrated wealth. He sketched the industrial change that has taken place in this country in 20 years, by which the old competitive regime has given way to the monopolistic system.

After declaring the trust regulation schemes of President Taft and William J. Bryan both inadequate, Mr. Foulke proposed as a cure for present evils a combination of the Canadian anti-trust law and the German system of control over natural resources.

It is not the flaunting of great wealth, Mr. Foulke said, but high spiritual qualities that make a great city, and in that respect, he added, Boston is greater than either New York or Chicago.

TRANSATLANTIC RATE WAR HELD NOT IMMINENT

NEW YORK—P. A. S. Franklin, vice-president of the International Mercantile Marine Company, said Thursday that so far as he is aware, there is no more reason to expect a rate war between transatlantic steamship lines now than there has been at any time in the recent past.

His statement was occasioned by a report from Liverpool that at the annual meeting of the Cunard Steamship Company Alfred A. Booth, chairman of the board of directors, foreshadowed the possibility of a rate war.

GLOUCESTER SHOP BURNS.
GLOUCESTER, Mass.—A wooden building in Centers field, near the railroad, occupied by George Rowe as a woodworking establishment, was practically destroyed by fire Thursday evening with a loss of about \$8000, partially insured.

REAL ESTATE NEWS

As a result of the recent agitation in various cities, particularly in New York, for adequate protection in case of fire, a unique experiment is to be made tomorrow, when the Bush Terminal Company will endeavor to illustrate the fireproof qualities of their warehouse buildings, which line the South Brooklyn waterfront. The experiment will be made in the industrial colony, where more than 150 manufacturers and wholesalers have their places of business and where approximately 10,000 men, women and girls are employed. A blaze is to be started in one of the lofts, and while the automatic sprinklers will be set in operation to battle the flames it is to be demonstrated that no matter how quickly the blaze may spread there can be no danger to the workers or obstacles in the way of their escape.

It is due to the interest the recent agitation for adequate fire protection in factories has aroused in engineering circles rather than to commercial motives that the experiment is to be attempted. Some time ago, the Bush Terminal Company was notified by the Stevens Institute of Technology at Hoboken that its senior class would make an inspection of the industrial colony. Since then Assistant Professor of Engineering Practise W. A. Shoudy, who is in charge of the class, has made a special request for an exhibition of the automatic sprinkler system and other auxiliary apparatus, and tomorrow at 4 o'clock has been set as the time for the test.

Deputy Fire Commissioner Arthur O'Keefe and other city officials will be present when the flames are started in the extension of the first floor of model Bush loft buildings 5 and 6 at the foot of Thirty-fifth street. The loft and its exits will at the time be in the same condition as is customary during working hours and no precaution will be added to those always on hand. Professor Shoudy will bring 75 Stevens students to Brooklyn. Invitations have been sent to a limited number of persons interested in fire and engineering problems. Prior to the fire test the general construction of the lofts is to be inspected and President Irving T. Bush will explain his views about safe and sanitary working conditions to the visitors.

BACK BAY—DORCHESTER.

C. H. Lewis, Easton building, has sold to J. Harris Niles the property numbered 306 Massachusetts avenue, Back Bay, having a total assessment of \$23,000. Title comes through Jennie M. Austin. Mr. Lewis takes as part payment on the same the property numbered 15 Mercer street, South Boston, comprising a frame house and 2175 square feet of land, with a total assessment of \$3000; also the property numbered 16 Arcadia street, Dorchester, consisting of a frame dwelling and 5000 square feet of land with a total assessment of \$5000, title coming through Daniel W. Kelleher.

Henderson & Ross, Kimball building, report the sale for Marian A. Scarr of her three-apartment frame dwelling at 18 Pearl street, Dorchester, together with 3286 square feet of land. The property has a total assessed value of \$7500. Catherine A. Tierney is the purchaser and buys for investment.

CAMBRIDGE DAY AT SHOW.

Tomorrow will be Cambridge day at the real estate and ideal homes exposition now being held for two weeks in Horticultural hall. Today is set apart especially for residents of Hyde Park.

The large attendance of the general public at the show, both men and women, since it opened Monday night, has been a source of pleasure not only to the management and the officers of the Boston Real Estate Exchange, under whose auspices the exposition is being conducted, but is a big surprise to even those who were most optimistic of the success of this first exposition of its kind ever held in Boston or New England.

The novelty of the exposition and the range of important subjects, close to the interests of many thousands of both city and suburban residents that it covers, has not only resulted in big attendances but in practical results in the way of sales to the many exhibitors. The exposition has received much public approval.

Among the latest transactions in local real estate one of the most important in point of assessed valuation involved is that whereby Michael Belmonte has purchased from Samuel Price, title coming through Harris Poorvu, the property at 42 to 46 Snowhill street, junction of and numbered 49 to 51 Hull street, North End of city proper. There is a four-story and basement brick house and lot of 1525 square feet of land, all taxed on \$14,500, of which amount the land's share is \$5300.

Hyman M. Rembach has just sold to Oscar Grosberg the estate at 300 Center street, junction of Estrella street, Roxbury, comprising brick apartments, with store. There are 3588 square feet of land, all assessed on \$10,200, with \$3200 on the lot.

Another city proper sale takes the properties at 35 Wall street, near Cutting street, and 47 Billerica street, West End, two comprising four stories and a total of 1923 square feet of land. The purchaser is Morris Gordon from Gertrude Levi. The aggregate assessment is \$15,800, including \$6300 on the lots.

Nearly 5000 square feet of vacant land at 1 Gannett street near Holborn street, Roxbury, has passed to the ownership of Fannie Levin. Nathan Fritz gives title. The assessors' rating is \$1800.

Louis Ziemann is the new owner of the parcel at 67 Phillips street, near Grove street, West End, taxed on \$4300. There is a 3 1/2-story brick house and lot of 753

square feet of land, the latter rated at \$2300. The Dennis Callahan estate is the seller.

IMPORTANT WAKEFIELD DEAL.

Final papers were passed today by which the Harvard knitting mills (Winthrop, Boit & Co.) acquire three lots of land comprising 14,000 feet, at the corner of Lake and Maple streets, Wakefield, near their present mill buildings. The houses of the former owners will be moved to make room for a new three-story brick mill, 180x90 feet.

Regarded from an industrial standpoint this is one of the most important realty deals here since the firm acquired land two years ago for large additions. Since locating in Wakefield, 15 years ago, the Harvard knitting mills have erected six mills, all contiguous to each other. The original mill, built in 1898, was 182 by 67 feet, and mills of nearly equal size have been built five times since. A dyeing plant and new power house have also been added recently, and the plant will bleach about 50,000 pounds of material daily. Of the 15 industries in the town, the Harvard mills are exceeded in size only by the Heywood Bros. & Wakefield Company rattan works.

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS.

Recorded transfers are taken from the files of the Real Estate Exchange as follows:

BOSTON (City Proper).
Samuel Price to Harris Poorvu, Snow Hill and Hall st. s. w. \$1.
Jennie M. Austin to J. Harris Niles, Massachusetts ave. s. w. \$1.
Angelo De Rosa, mitgo, to Joseph Florio, Prince st. d. s. \$10,100.
Dennis Callahan to Louis Ziemann, Phillips st. d. s. \$3500.
Harris Poorvu to Michele Belmonte, Snow Hill and Hall st. s. w. \$1.
Gertrude Levi to Morris Gordon, Wall st. q. s. \$1.
Gertrude Levi to Morris Gordon, Billerica st. q. s. \$1.
Charles I. Litchfield et al to City of Boston, South Russell st. q. s. \$1.

SOUTH BOSTON.
Henry J. Schreiner to Charles J. Chance, O st. q. s. \$1.
Alexander J. MacDonald to Charles J. Chance, O st. q. s. \$1.

EAST BOSTON.
Mary G. Mack to George O. Thurston, Marion st. w. s. \$1.
Francesco Infantino to Antonio Infantino, Paris st. w. s. \$1.

ROXBURY.
Hyman M. Rembach to Oscar Grosberg, Center and Estrella st. s. w. \$1.
Nathan Fritz to Fannie Levin, Gannett st. q. s. \$1.

DORCHESTER.
Phillips W. Page et al to Mary E. Daley, near Thorndike ave. s. w. \$1.
J. Harris Niles to Daniel W. Kelleher, Mercer st. s. w. \$1.
James Durban to John E. Durban, Matapan st. and Tilden ave. s. w. \$1.
John E. Durban to Mary E. Durban, Matapan st. and Tilden ave. s. w. \$1.
Marian Scarr to Catherine H. Tierney, Pearl st. w. s. \$1.
Sarah Kellar to Goldie Swartz, Topli st. and Geneva ave. s. w. \$1.
Christian H. Lythburn to James T. Lyons, Bailey st. q. s. \$1.

WEST ROXBURY.
Julia M. Ely to Elizabeth M. Folger, Burlington way s. w. \$1.
Jacob W. Wilbur to Charles Kussmaul, 2 lots w. s. \$1.
James Durban to Robert H. Ford, Center and Pond sts. and Grover rd. q. s. \$1.
James L. Brennan to Hyman C. Bornstein, Center st. and Grover rd. q. s. \$1.
George Dame to John J. Sheridan, Dudley ave. s. w. \$1.
Jany Dodge to Francis H. Dodge, Dorchester st. s. B. Cottage ave. q. s. \$1.

BRIGHTON.
Mary F. Geyer et al to William H. McCarthy, Atkins and Washington st. 2 lots d. s. \$5500.

CHELSEA.
Isaac Watchmaker, mitgo, to Nathaniel S. Albourn, Arlington st. W. Third st. d. s. \$100.

Anna Strauss et al to Abraham Levine, Walnut st. w. s. \$1.
Azella Sibley et al to Magee Furnace Co., Marginal st. r. s. \$1.
George W. Pratt, to Magee Furnace Co., Marginal st. r. s. \$1.
Clara C. Olney to Abbie S. Matter, Bellingham st. q. s. \$1.

REVERE.
Louis De Stefano et al to Margaret McKenna, Shawmut st. 2 lots w. s. \$1.
Adelaide M. Brown to Jesse E. Phillips, Kirk st. s. w. \$1.
Algeron H. Maguire to John Connell, Sprague st. 2 lots q. s. \$1.
Frederic A. Davis to Antonio Statuto et al, Jarvis and Irving sts. w. s. \$1.

BUILDING NOTICES.
Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posted in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of work are named in the order here given:

Edison Green, 64, ward 16; George V. Watendorf, James E. Daly; wood dwelling.

Richards st. 38, ward 23; H. A. Moore, James G. Hutchinson; wood dwelling.

Hobson st. 54-56, ward 23; Emil Peterson; wood dwelling.

Main st. 304 rear, ward 5; George T. Hoar, Nathan Douglas; wood wagon shed.

Cross st. 48-50, ward 6; J. Segal, W. E. Clark; alter store and tenements.

Woodville pk. 6, ward 17; Ellen J. Canty; alter dwelling.

Prepout st. 122 rear, ward 24; J. P. O'Connell; fire storage.

SCHOOLS TO JOIN IN OBSERVANCE OF HUMANE DAY

More than 12,000 teachers, including those from many high schools, under the care of 180 superintendents, with hundreds of thousands of school children will join this year in the observance of Humane day on Tuesday.

The American Humane Education Society and the Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals have sent out "The Humane Manual" to all teachers gratuitously. All but two or three towns have joined in this movement. New Bedford and Fall River, by reason of vacations, this year observed today as humane day.

The initial object of Humane day is to emphasize the duty of men to animals. The more comprehensive purpose as embodied in the manual is to teach the humanity of peace and of mercy.

This is the fifth anniversary of Humane day, which was started in the Boston schools on April 12, 1906. The second Tuesday of April has been set apart by the school authorities of Boston for this purpose, and the other cities and towns have accepted this date.

Houghton & Dutton Co.

It pays to pay cash
NEW ENGLAND'S GREAT CASH HOUSE

Garden Tools, Seeds, Rose Bushes, Shrubs, Etc

We Believe Our Prices Are Invariably Lower Than Elsewhere. Quality Guaranteed

HOVEY & CO'S CELEBRATED SEEDS, flower and vegetable packages 2 1/2c
HOVEY'S LAWN GRASS, mix ture, quarts 12c
CENTRAL PARK GRASS, mix ture, quarts 9c
HOVEY'S SWEET PEAS, ounce package 9c
MIXED SWEET PEAS, ounce package 9c
HOVEY'S NASTURTIUMS, ounce package 5c

RAKES, MALLEABLE IRON, 12 teeth, worth 25c. Opening sale 15c
MALLEABLE IRON, 14 teeth, worth 35c. Opening sale 19c
STEEL RAKES, 12 teeth, worth 35c. Opening sale 44c
STEEL RAKES, 14 teeth, worth 50c. Opening sale 49c
STEEL RAKES, 16 teeth, worth 65c. Opening sale 54c
WOODEN RAKES, 24 teeth, steel bow, 40c value. Opening sale 39c

GARDEN HOES, steel blade, riveted, 24" Opening sale 15c
BEST POLISHED STEEL, handle, worth 40c. Opening sale 39c
BEST POLISHED STEEL, handle, worth 50c. Opening sale 44c

GARDEN SPADES, like cut, riveted and polished blade, 65c value. Opening sale 49c
POLISHED BLADE, cast steel, strap, 50c value. Opening sale 64c

GARDEN SETS, Rake, Shovel and Hoe, 10c value. Opening sale 8c
Rake, Shovel and Hoe, 24c value. Opening sale 15c
Rake, Shovel and Hoe, 40c value. Opening sale 24c
Rake, Shovel and Hoe, 70c value. Opening sale 49c

SHOVELS, same as cut, riveted and polished blade, 60c value. Opening sale 49c
POLISHED BLADE, cast steel, steel strap, 80c value. Opening sale 64c
POLISHED BLADE, solid cast steel, socket strap, 90c value. Opening sale 74c

THE HANDY GARDENER, Hoe, Weeder and Cultivator, in one tool, comes with long handle; you saw it at the Flower Show. \$1.25 value. Opening sale 85c

WHEELBARROWS, full size, hard-wood, varnished finish, wood spoke wheel, worth \$3.00. Opening sale 2.98

GARDEN TROWELS, 3c
Others up to 49c
Shedfield goods 29c, 39c, 49c

POLTRY WIRE, galvanized after making, 2 in. mesh, in rolls of 150 linear feet. Width. Price. 12 inches 69c
18 inches 89c
24 inches 1.49
30 inches 1.69
36 inches 1.98
48 inches 2.69
60 inches 3.49
72 inches 3.98



Our Own Importation, Direct from Boskoop, Holland. They are a strong, hardy three-year growth, packed in their original soil and moss, each bush labelled and true to name.

The above named kinds, tied four of one kind in a bundle, priced for 50c

Hardy Rose Bushes, 50c for 4 Bushes

We have gone to greater expense to have these bushes tied up four of a kind in a bundle, they can be handled better, and will keep better in this way. We ask you therefore when ordering by mail to order in multiples of four.

Crimson Rambler
Dorothy Perkins
Baltimore Belle
General Jacqueminot
Magna Charta
Mrs. John Laing
Margaret Dickson
Duke of Edinburgh
M. P. Wilder
Paul Neyron

R H O D O D E N. DRONKS, extra fine quality, red and pink, 8 to 12 buds on each plant, ready to ship, 90c value, as shown in cut, for 49c

HARDY HYDRANGEAS, worth 25c, for 12 1/2c
SNOWBALLS, worth 25c, for 12 1/2c
MAGNOLIAS, 100 only, 4 and 5 ft. tall, worth \$2.50, for 1.19

WHEELBARROWS, full size, hard-wood, varnished finish, wood spoke wheel, worth \$3.00. Opening sale 2.98

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72 inches 3.98

MR. BRYAN WARNS PARTY TO BEWARE OF REACTIONARIES

LINCOLN, Neb.—"Eternal vigilance is necessary," declares W. J. Bryan in the Commoner today, in warning progressive Democrats to be on the watch.

"It behooves Democrats to be on their guard," he says. "The friends of predatory interests—the beneficiaries of special privileges and governmental favoritism—are always at work. They never sleep. With them politics is a business because they make a government a business asset. They are able to bring pressure to bear upon their class of papers. When they want to nominate a man for office he at once becomes a man of distinction, a man of ability—just the man for whom the people are looking. And they have somebody for office whenever there is a place to be filled."

"They have their candidates for Congress and for the Senate. They have their candidates to all the presidencies, for the cabinet and for the judiciary. They are just now laying their plans to capture the Democratic national convention and nominate a candidate who will be satisfactory to the Wall street interests."

"If they find the progressive sentiment too strong to be entirely ignored they will take someone who has been progressive enough to furnish them something to talk about, but not progressive enough to frighten the interests."

Let not the Democrats be deceived. The work of a Democratic President will be no easy work. The cleaning out of the stables will be a herculean task. It is no time for compromise. The times require a stalwart, fearless progressive leader. The time is not ripe yet for the selection of a candidate."

NAVY YARD JUNK SALE ANNOUNCED

Articles at the Charlestown navy yard declared of no further use to the government will be sold as usual this year by sealed proposals to the highest bidder on April 20.

There are 98 articles or lots to be sold, including old locomotive No. 1 of the yard, 200 tons of scrap steel, iron, etc., a steam launch, a power whaleboat, 14 boats of various types and sizes, including metallic lifeboat and several big whaleboats; a lot containing 209 rifles, 1042 canteens, 1332 belts and other equipment; tons of old hunting and canvas scraps, 25,000 pounds of rope junk, three steam launch engines, anchors, old boilers and 10,000 burned out incandescent lamps.

ANOTHER FARO LOSS ALLEGED.

Another alleged victim of the New York and Boston faro combination claimed to be identified with those who wrecked the National City Bank of Cambridge, was disclosed Thursday in the suit of William P. Osgood of New York, an employee of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, against Benjamin F. Merrill, a broker of this city, before Judge White in the superior court.

According to Osgood, he loaned \$2000 to Merrill in 1907, on the latter's statement that he needed that amount to complete a purchase of securities. The trial is being resumed today.

BOSTON IS PLANNING FOR OBSERVANCES ON DICKENS CENTENARY

Charles Dickens' birthday anniversary is to be celebrated on Feb. 7, 1912, and Boston is expected to take a leading part in the plans. Boston was Dickens' landing place on his first American tour.

H. Snowden Ward of London, writer and lecturer, who is at present in Boston in the interests of a Dickens memorial says: "The Twentieth Century Club, St. Botolph Club, Art Club, Authors Club, and the Press Club, members of the faculties of Harvard and Wellesley and other institutions are desirous of taking part in some adequate celebration in Boston."

"Other cities to join in the movement are New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Grand Rapids and Toronto.

"Boston probably contains more citizens who knew Dickens than any other city in America; it has at least two of his hostesses among its society women; it has the oldest and one of the most active Dickens societies—the All-Around Dickens Club."

Asked as to the nature of the proposed celebration Mr. Ward said that a special centenary committee of the Dickens Fellowship had been sitting for some time in London, and would recommend a general program very soon.

ARRANGE DEBATES FOR WAKEFIELD AND MELROSE

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—A debate between the boys' debating societies of the Wakefield and Melrose high schools will take place on Tuesday and the local team was announced today as comprised of Daniel O. Ferris, John E. Lewis and Lawrence Harris, with Everett Carleton as alternate.

The Melrose team will be Elmer Wamnamaker, Roy Fitz and Albert Perkins. The subject will be: "That a fully elective course system should be established in high schools." Wakefield will debate in the negative and Melrose in the affirmative.

The Girls Debating Society of the high school sent a letter of acceptance today to the Melrose girls for a debate at Melrose on April 23. The local society will select the subject and the Melrose girls will choose the teams.

Miss Ethel Crandall, president of the local society, appointed this committee to make arrangements: Misses Mollie Bridge, Frances Jackson, Addie Hall, Beth Payne and Ethel Crandall.

The local girls' society will debate this evening on the subject: "That a girl given her choice of two years of travel in Europe or four years in college would be wise to choose the former."

The debaters will be Miss Alma Eaton, Miss Elsie Doleman and Miss Mina Eaton in the affirmative and Miss Addie Hall, Miss Florence Emerson and Miss Katherine Walton in the negative.

SOCIETY ELECTS OFFICERS.

NORTH ATTLEBORO, Mass.—The North Attleboro Progressive Society elected officers Thursday night as follows: Mary Norwood, president; Mary Eiden, vice president; Kate Cheever, secretary; Cordelia Bragg, treasurer.

RECIPROCAL TRADE WITH U. S. THE HOPE OF MEXICANS, TOO

MEXICO CITY—If the sentiment favoring reciprocity between the United States and the Latin-American countries should take definite shape, Mexico would be interested perhaps even to a greater extent than is Canada now with the pending legislation at Washington.

Labor is not cheaper in Canada, it is said, than in the United States, but labor is much cheaper in Mexico, but wages are advancing here. The peon who earned 12 cents silver a day 30 years ago earns today one peso or more. The street car inspector of today earns 20 to 25 cents an hour, or twice as much as his father, perhaps a peon, earned 30 years ago for a whole day's work. Even at the maximum, the wages scarcely amount in the average to 40 or 50 per cent of wages paid in Canada.

The "back to the soil" movement can scarcely be realized in the United States for 20 years to come, it is thought here, and the great growth of municipalities therefore means higher prices for foodstuffs. For every dollar invested in the United States in grazing or planting, probably \$1000 goes into municipal and industrial development, making the outlook for cheaper food and clothing remote indeed. But the overcrowded European countries are asking for food and clothing and American planters and farmers are thus able at all times to find a first-class foreign market for cereals, cattle, cotton and wool.

Trade of the United States with Mexico must be on a different basis and for different commodities than trade with Canada, because, it is contended here, that Mexico produces so many articles that the United States cannot produce, while with proper agricultural development there is nothing grown by American farmers that cannot be reproduced in Mexico.

Any policy tending to free trade would do much to reestablish the United States in the estimation of the Latin-American republics, especially Mexico.

COMIC SHEETS ARE CONDEMNED

NEW YORK—Norman Hapgood was the chief speaker Thursday night at a mass meeting under the auspices of the League for the Improvement of the Children's Comic Supplement held at the quarters of the Ethical Culture society.

Mr. Hapgood commended the photographic supplements of some papers and said he thought people should encourage that kind of thing, and show their disapproval of the other sort of supplements by supporting the right kind of endeavor rather than by doing anything radical. Letters were read condemning the comic supplement sheets which form a part of most Sunday newspapers.

RECITAL IN THE MOTHER CHURCH.

A municipal organ recital will be held in The First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, Monday evening, April 24, at 8 o'clock under the direction of the music department of the city of Boston. John A. O'Shea will be the soloist.

L IS ABANDONED AS A PARTY LINE TELEPHONE CALL

Because "M" sounds like "L" the New England Telephone & Telegraph Company decided today to drop the latter letter and substitute the letter "W" on party lines equipped for divided ringing. There is also to be a change in calling numbers. Beginning on May 1 the use of "double-O," "double-one," etc., in calling numbers in which the same figure appears twice, will be abandoned, "one-hundred," "one, one-hundred," etc., being substituted.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

TUTOR—Position wanted as tutor; experienced in Latin, French, German; long experience in preparing students for college and college examinations. L. F. STRAUSS, 1222 Washington st., Boston.

WAREHOUSEMAN—Married man desires position in warehouse; not afraid of hard work; references: JOHN HOLMES, 45 Broad st., Charlestown, Mass.

WATCHMAKER, or light mechanical work, clock, salesman (20); 10 years experience; \$15-\$20 week; references: Mention No. 4522, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

WOODWORKER, cabinet maker, Mention No. 4729, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Mass., Tel. Oxford 2960.

YARD FOREMAN—Teamster (23) with 15 years' experience in the coal business; desires situation in yard or warehouse; temperate and ambitious. W. H. MURDOCK, 103 Broadway, South Boston.

YOUNG COLORED MAN wants position in private family; references: FRANK T. TRUDEL, 1023 Gormston st., Lowell, Mass.

YOUNG MAN desires employment as soda clerk, men's furnishings salesman or cashier in restaurant, three evenings weekly. J. PHIM, 106 Myerick st., East Boston, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (19) wants to learn any kind of trade; will take \$7 a week to start; anywhere; references: FRANK TRUDEL, 1023 Gormston st., Lowell, Mass.

YOUNG MAN, good worker, attending school, desires employment; references: M. RUSSELL, 28 Dartmouth st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN desires outside position; references: call or write JOHN J. FOLLY, 29 Calumet st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN desires position driving evenings and Sundays; reasonable salary. R. DALEY, Bakerfield st., Dorchester, Mass.

YOUNG MAN (20) would like position as traveling or store salesman; can give good references. WILSON, 117 Dorchester field ave., Chelsea, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOMMODATION by day, good cook and laundress; will take food; references: VARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass.

ACCOMMODATION, will work by hour or day or week; does general work and laundry; neat and reliable. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass.

ADDRESSING, Mention No. 4755, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, office work; \$5-\$7 week; references: Mention No. 4502, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

ASSIST. BOOKKEEPER, cashier, teacher of English to children; 30 years experience; references: Mention 437, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

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BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

CARETAKER—Married woman desires position to care for private family house during summer months; will do laundry work if necessary. MRS. CHRISTINA WHEELER, 182 Elm st., North Cambridge, Mass.

CARETAKER—Protestant woman, thoroughly reliable, desires position to care for private family; take out child or do general work; go home nights; MARGARET MURPHY, 171 Brookline st., Boston.

CARETAKER—Experienced neat worker, desires employment mornings caring for apartments or repairing wardrobe. MARY DANIELS, 53 Vale st., Roxbury, Mass., Second floor.

CASHIER, organist, office work (18); \$10-\$12 week; references: Mention No. 4446, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

CHAPLAIN—Position wanted as chaplain in military or school, or Y. W. C. A.; references: MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

CHAPLAIN IN INSTITUTION, SCHOOL, or Y. W. C. A.; references: MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

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CHARGE OF CANDY STORE (21); \$10 week; references: Mention No. 4446, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

CLERICAL—Young woman (18) wants position as office girl; graduate high school, has taken stenography and bookkeeping; references: MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

CLERICAL WORK, age 30; \$12 week; 10 years experience; good at figures; all references; MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

CLERICAL WORK (30); \$12 week; bookkeeping; references: Mention No. 4446, STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, Tel. Oxford 2960.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT with highest credit; references: MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

CLERICAL WORK, card filing, addressing (21); \$5-\$6 week; 2 years experience; references: MRS. MARY L. HADLEY, 164 Graham st., Gardner, Mass.

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BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

HOUSEKEEPER—Prince Edward Island woman (Protestant), with boy of 4; desires position in private family; references: MRS. CHRISTINA WHEELER, 182 Elm st., North Cambridge, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER—American Protestant woman, desires position as housekeeper; excellent cook and manager; references: ELIZABETH A. KESTER, suite 579, Columbia st., Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted as housekeeper for one or two people by middle-aged American woman; good references; M. HEDGES, Green st., Jamaica Plain, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted as housekeeper and attendant; or other references exchanged. A. R. WILSON, 157 Hemenway st., suite 15, Boston.

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman with good references desires position as managing housekeeper, companion, secretary or general assistant; references: HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER (21), with little girls, desires position as housekeeper; could have children with them; \$3; experience; references: HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER desires position in private family; references: MRS. LUCILLE CARTER, 38 Kendall st., Boston.

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Directory of Manufacturing and Wholesale Firms

ADDING AND LISTING MACHINE
Louis C. Chase, 179 Summer St., Boston.
Comptograph Adding Machine and Millionaire Calculating Machine.

ADDRESSING IMITATION TYPE-WRITER LETTERS AND HAND DISTRIBUTING
The Boston Mailing Co., 394 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

ADVERTISING AGENTS
Burkitt & John, 1090 Old Colony Bldg., Chicago.
Wood, Putnam & Wood, 161 Devonshire St., Boston.

ARCHITECTS
Warren & Gerrish, 53 State St., Boston, Mass.

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORKS
G. W. & F. Smith Iron Co., Gerard and Reading Sts., Boston, Mass.

BOOKBINDERS
EDITION AND MISCELLANEOUS
Dudley & Hodge, 299 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

BOOTS AND SHOES
Mfrs. and Distributors of Specialties.
Grand Rapids Shoe & Rubber Co., 28-30 So. Ionia St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

BUILDING CONTRACTORS
Whitcomb & Kavanaugh Co., 6 Beacon St., Boston.

CLOAKS, SUITS AND SKIRTS
Levet, Kaplan & Davis, 81-83 University place, New York.

CLOCKS, HALL, TOWER, ETC.
Daniel Pratt's Son, 53 Franklin St., Boston.

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE
W. B. Badger & Co., 182 Portland St., Boston.

CONFECTIONERY SPECIALTIES
Purity Confectionery Co., 179 Portland St., Boston.

CONTRACTORS' EQUIPMENT AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES
A. L. Derry & Co., 427 Connell Bldg., Scranton, Pa.

CONTRACTORS FOR ELECTRIC WIRING
Lord Electric Co., 112 Water St., Boston.

CORPORATION AND LEGAL ADVISERS TO MFRS.
William Donahue, 1 Liberty St., New York.

CORRESPONDENCE PAPERS
Eaton, Crane & Pike Co., Pittsfield, Mass.

DUSTLESS-DUSTERS
Howard Dustless-Duster Co., 164 Federal St., Boston, Mass.

DRAWING OFFICE STATIONERS
S. C. & P. Harding, Limited, London, Eng.
Alliance Works, Denmark Hill; Paris, France, 161 Rue du Faubourg, St. Denis.

ELECTROTYPES
Dickinson Electrotypes Foundry, 270 Congress St., Boston.

ELECTRIC HEATING DEVICES
Simplex Electric Heating Co., Cambridge, Mass.

ELECTRIC AND GAS LIGHTING FIXTURES
McKenney & Waterbury Co., 181 Franklin St., Boston.

ENGINEERS AND AGENTS
J. B. Robson, 11 Queen Victoria St., E. C., London, Eng.

ENGRAVING (STEEL AND COPPER PLATE)
McKenzie Engraving Co., 155 Franklin St., Boston.

ENGRAVED CALLING CARDS AND WEDDING INVITATIONS
The Bell Book & Stationery Co., Inc., 914 East Main St., Richmond, Va.

FERTILIZERS
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, Richmond, Va.

FINE FISHING TACKLE (Wholesale Only)
H. A. Whittemore & Co., 89 Pearl St., Boston.

FIRE ESCAPES
J. T. Cowles Co., 223 N. Sangamon St., Chicago, Ill.

FURNACES AND COMBINATION HEATERS
Bridgway Furnace Co., 6 Portland St., Boston.

FURNITURE MFRS.—"ALLSTEEL"
The General Fireproofing Co., 161 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

GRANITE AND MARBLE POLISHERS' SUPPLIES
Harrison Supply Co., 5-7 Dorchester Ave., Extension, Boston.

GROCERS (WHOLESALE)
Silas Peirce & Co., Ltd., 59 Commercial St., Boston; Fitchburg, Mass.; Portsmouth, N.H.; Sylvester Brothers Co., Seattle, Wash.

HARDWARE SPECIALTY MFRS.
P. C. W. Mfg. Co., 1 Madison Ave., New York, N. Y.

HARDWARE, TOOLS & CUTLERY
A. J. Wilkinson & Co., 184 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

HARDWOODS (Wholesale Only)
Jones Hardwood Co., Boston, Mass., 33 Broad St.; Gardner I. Jones, Treas.

HARPS
Melville A. Clark, 416-18-20 South Salina St., Syracuse, N. Y.

HAT AND BONNET FRAMES MFRS.
J. S. Sleva & Co., 105 Summer St., Boston.

HEATING (STEAM & HOT WATER)
Gurney Heater Mfg. Co., 188-200 Franklin St., Boston.

INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS
Hinckley & Woods, 32 Kilby St., Boston, Mass.

JERSEYS AND SWEATER COATS
William H. Wyse & Co., Needham, Mass.

KNIT UNDERWEAR AND UNION SUIT MFRS.
Carter's Underwear, Needham Heights, Mass.

LASTS
George H. Van Pelt, 440 W. Huron St., Chicago, Ill.

LIMESTONE AND MARBLE
W. J. Sullivan, 99 Southampton St., Boston, Mass.

LINENS
A. W. Baylis & Co., 93 Franklin St., New York, N. Y.

LOOSE LEAF AND MANIFOLD BOOKS
A. E. Martell Co., 159 Devonshire St., Boston.

LUMBER
H. W. Taylor & Co., Old Colony Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

MAILING MACHINERY
The Nielsen Mailing Machinery Co., Erie, Pa.

MACHINE TOOLS AND MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES
Chandler & Farquhar Co., 36 Federal St., Boston.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
R. W. van der Beek & Co., 3 Fitchetts Court, Noble St., London, Eng.

MATRESSES, COUCHES, BED SPRINGS & BEDDING
Fort Pitt Bedding Co., N. S. Pittsburg, Pa.

PACKERS
Doid Quality Meats, Niagara Hams and Bacon, White Rose Land.

PAPER DEALERS
Andrews-Burr Paper Co., 54 India St., Boston, Mass.

PAPER DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS
The Arnold Roberts Co., 180 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

PAPER DEALERS (WHOLESALE)
R. C. Kastner Paper Co., 114-116 Worth St., New York, N. Y.

PAPER MANUFACTURING
Bay State Paper Co., 60 India St., Boston, Mass.

PASTE (Paperhangers, etc.)
Boston Paste Co., 81 Travers St., Boston.

PATTERN MANUFACTURERS
May Manton Pattern Co., 132 E. 23d St., New York City, N. Y.

PEANUT BUTTER
Kelley's Dixie Brand, 200 State St., Boston. F. M. Hoyt & Co.'s Buffalo Brand, Amherst, Mass.

PIANOS
Kraft & Bates, 32 Boylston St., Boston.

PIPE ORGAN BUILDERS
Coburn Organ Co., 220-224 Washtenaw Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Hillgreen, Lane & Co., Alliance, Ohio.
W. W. Kimball Co., S. W. Cor. Wabash Ave. and Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

PLASTERERS
Robert Gallagher Co., 166 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass. Tel. Main 69.

PLUMBING
William H. Mitchell & Son Co., 1 Province St., Boston, Mass.

POST CARDS
Green & Co., 200 Broadway, New York.

PRECIOUS STONES
Phelps & Perry, 3 Maiden Lane, New York, N. Y.

PRINTERS' SUPPLIES
Wild & Stevens, Inc., 5 Purchase St., Boston.

RAILROAD SUPPLIES
Double Body Bolster Co., 1638 Pierce Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
Burton W. Mudge & Co., 1027-109 Michigan boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

RUBBER GOODS
Morgan & Wright, Detroit, Mich.

RUBBER STAMPS
Union Stamp Works, 15 Wash. St., Boston.

SAFES
Remington & Sherman Co., 57 Sudbury St., Boston.

SAW MILL MACHINERY
Union Iron Works, Main St., and Second Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

SHOCK ABSORBERS
The Truffault-Hartford, 319 Columbus Ave., Boston.

SKIRTS (DRESS AND WALKING)
Royal Skirt Mfg. Co., 67 Essex St., Boston.

STATIONERS
Hooper, Lewis & Co., 107 Federal St., Boston.

STEEL CASTINGS
George H. Smith Steel Casting Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

TABLE DELICACIES, PRESERVED PROVISIONS, ETC.
The Edmunds & Richelle Comestible Co., Ltd., Empress Works, 33a James St., Oxford St., London, Eng.

TELEPHONE SYSTEMS (PRIVATE)
S. H. Couch Co., 159 Purchase St., Boston.

TEMPERATURE REGULATION (AUTOMATIC)
Johnson Service Co., 12 Pearl St., Boston.

UNDERMUSLINS
V.-S. Undermuslin Co., 154 Front St., Worcester, Mass.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Phelps & Perry, 3 Maiden Lane, New York, N. Y.

WOODEN BOXES & CORRUGATED PAPER PRODUCTS
George C. Page Box Co., 1-13 Hampshire St., Cambridge, Mass.

WALL PAPER
E. G. Higgins Co., 278 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

WOOL
F. N. Gravel & Co., 234 Summer St., Boston.

WOOL COMMISSION
George W. Benedict, 228 Summer St., Boston.

RATES
One insertion 12c a line; three or more insertions, 10c a line. No advertisement taken for less than three lines.

Classified Advertisements

Answers may be sent to New York Office, 2092-2093 Metropolitan Bldg., 1 Madison Ave., or Chicago Office, 750 People's Gas Bldg., Michigan Ave. and Adams St.

TELEPHONE
Your advertisement to 4330 Back Bay, or, if preferred, a representative will call on you to discuss advertising.

REAL ESTATE—MICHIGAN

FOR SALE—IN MICHIGAN, gentlemen's country home; perfect condition; fine house and buildings; hot water heat, open fireplaces, etc.; 20 acres apples, pears, peaches, grapes, etc., under careful cultivation; on state road, 20 minutes from good town in heart of fruit belt; water and rail transportation; fine tennis court on place; golf course half mile distant. K. 750 People's Gas Bldg., Chicago.

REAL ESTATE—PITTSBURGH

Mrs. M. H. Brendlinger
Real Estate, Mortgages, Insurance.
Collecting, Refining, Notary Public.
606 ARBOTT BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA.
Phone Court 325.

REAL ESTATE—NEW JERSEY

MADISON, N. J.—Beautiful country place; stable, garden, apple orchard; 10 min. from station; unfur. by year \$1400. Address CONDUCT 505 W. 136th St., N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND FARMS

ONE HUNDRED COW DAIRY FARM SACRIFICED—City man expended fortune. Illustrated Farm Guide postpaid. CHAPIN FARM AGENCY, 294 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

STORES AND OFFICES

TO LET.
DESK ROOM.
No. 88 BROAD ST., ROOM 318.

SUMMER PROPERTY

FOR SALE—Sea Shore Farm
"FOSTER'S POINT"—New Meadows River, West Bath, Me.—Nine-room home, shed and barn attached, all painted; hen houses, 500 hens; fine view; market for produce to nearby cottages; cottage lots; boarders if desired; beautiful summer residence or family home; farm production and a money maker. Address: FRANK SAWTELLE, West Bath, Me., R. D., No. 1.

FOR RENT—On estate in Vermont in view of beautiful mountain scenery, nearby and overlooking village, an attractive furnished cottage; modern in interior finish and conveniences; unusual; six rooms and bath; might be desirable for party of ladies, being near to owner's home; telephone and firewood included in price; for season of four months, beginning June 1st, \$150. Address A 294, Monitor Office.

FOR RENT—Light 8-room house; best residence part of South Side; 7 minutes from I. C. express or locals; large veranda. 1363 Hyde Park boulevard, Chicago.

BUSINESS CHAMBERS

PHOTO STUDIO

With every facility, occupied 11 years, by the Notman Co.

ARTISTS' STUDIO

With living room combined, and 2 small offices; rent reasonable. Apply ALLEN HALL & CO., 384 Boylston St. Phone 600 B. B.

WHERE TO MARKET.

BEEF, LAMB, POULTRY
STEWART MARKET, WARREN MARKET, CENTRAL MARKET.
Cor. Mass. Ave. and Pearl, Cambridge.
GOOD QUALITY. LOW PRICES. GOOD SERVICE.
J. M. WATSON PROVISION CO., Inc.

WHERE TO MARKET

THE SPECIALTIES OF THE
WARREN MARKET, CENTRAL MARKET, HARVARD SQUARE, BROOKLINE.
LOW PRICES. GOOD SERVICE.
J. M. WATSON PROVISION CO., Inc.

ROOMS

BACK BAY, HUNTINGTON AVE., 78, Suite 1—Newly furnished room; tourist accommodations; also rooms 29 St. Botolph.
GAINSBORO ST., 86, Suite 4—Large, cheerful furnished front room; 2 windows; all conveniences; table board nearby.

ROXBURY, 19 Wauwobek St., opposite church—To let, furnished or unfurnished, single or connecting rooms for light housekeeping in private family.

ROOMS—NEW YORK

WEST 57TH ST., 319-321—Comfortable rooms, private baths; good table; near subway, "L" and all cars.

ROOMS—PITTSBURGH

TO LET—Four unfurnished second floor rooms arranged for housekeeping; private house. 7317 Idlewild st., East End, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ROOMS—CHICAGO

FOR RENT—Large front room; modern; private home; excellent transportation. Tel. Lincoln 3163, 456 Deming pl., Chicago.

ROOMS WANTED—CHICAGO

WANTED—Unfurnished room by lady employed; private family; West Side, Chicago. Phone Kedzie 6549.

BOARD AND ROOMS—CHICAGO

AN IDEAL HOME will soon be opened where a few young men may secure first-class room and board. G. M., 750 People's Gas Bldg., Chicago.

APARTMENTS TO LET—CHICAGO

FOR RENT—5-room flat, \$15; also front room, furnished or unfurnished; near Northwestern depot; nice neighborhood. 4022 N. 42nd ave., Chicago.

STORES AND OFFICES—CHICAGO

FOR RENT, OFFICE—Wanted, a practitioner to share office centrally located, X, 750 People's Gas Bldg., Chicago.

MEN'S SPECIALTIES

BOSTON PANAMA HAT BLEACHERY.
Expert Bleachers and Blockers of South American Panama Hats. 384 Washington St., cor. Franklin.

DENTISTRY

W. J. COLE
DENTIST
901 Victoria Bldg., Both Phones. St. Louis.

DR. J. R. HOLTON
DENTIST
503 Commercial Bldg., ST. LOUIS.

DR. RICHARD C. McMANIS
DENTIST
217 Metropolitan Bldg., St. Louis.

A. L. VAN ARSDALL, D. D. S.,
500 COMMERCIAL BUILDING,
Both Phones, M 5903. KANSAS CITY.

A DENTIST in any city will be benefited by having his professional card appear in this column. Ten cents per line per insertion.

TYPEWRITERS

ALL MAKES OF TYPEWRITERS: lowest prices, easy payments; write for bargain list. PLUMBER & WILLIAMS, 148 Van Buren St., Chicago.

APARTMENTS TO LET—CHICAGO

TO RENT—615 Ingleside ave., 2d apt., 6 rooms, \$42; 6317 Ingleside ave., 3d apt., 6 rooms, \$42; 6120 Jackson Park ave., 2d apt., 6 rooms, \$50; well suited in each apartment. Phone owner, Normal 3723.

FOR RENT—6-room modern outside flat; steam heat, hot water, electric lights. 5328 Jackson ave., Chicago.

PIANOS

FOR SALE—Piano, mahogany inlaid; reasonable; at 7522 Perry St., Rogers Park, Ill. Phone Rogers Park 9234.

PITKIN & COMPANY

DEALERS IN
Groceries, Provisions, Poultry and Game

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES
HOT HOUSE PRODUCTS
278 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.
Telephone 479 Back Bay.

Wilson's Market

226 MASSACHUSETTS AVE.
Meats, Poultry
Groceries, Fruit
and Vegetables
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Telephone Back Bay 21847.

TOBEY & COMPANY

Dealers in all kinds of:
Choice Meats, Vegetables, Fruit

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY
OUT-OF-TOWN ORDERS A SPECIALTY
Mail and telephone communication solicited
28 Dock Sq. (Tel. Main 271.) Boston.

Pullen & Guthro Co.

RESTAURANT
60 North Market St., Opp. Faneuil Hall
Has the best goods obtainable at the best prices. Come, eat and be convinced.

FRANK B. MAGEE

DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions and Fish

FANCY HENNERY EGGS, 25c.
Fresh Churned Creamery Butter, 25c.
193 Mass. Ave. Tel. 2446 B. B.

LAWYERS

CHARLES G. BALDWIN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
204-206 Piper Building, Baltimore.

WILLIAM C. MAYNE,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Mutual Life Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

ELIJAH C. WOOD,
Attorney and Counselor,
218 La Salle St., Chicago.

EDWIN M. WOOD,
Attorney and Counselor,
107 Dearborn St., Chicago.

ROBERT W. KANE,
ATTORNEY,
CHARLEVOIX, MICHIGAN.

ATTORNEYS can frequently secure good non-resident clients by publishing their professional cards in this column.

RESTAURANTS

South Station Restaurant
ALWAYS ESSENTIAL to know a good place to eat; arriving or departing from the South Station, Boston, you will find quick service and pure food at the restaurant and lunch room; accommodations for 500 people; all modern conveniences.
J. G. COOPER & CO.,
Proprietors.

GENUINE HOME COOKING
Served at our private dining parlor, two doors from Huntington avenue, Back Bay. Breakfasts 25c, lunches 25c, dinners 40c. Address A 595, Monitor Office.

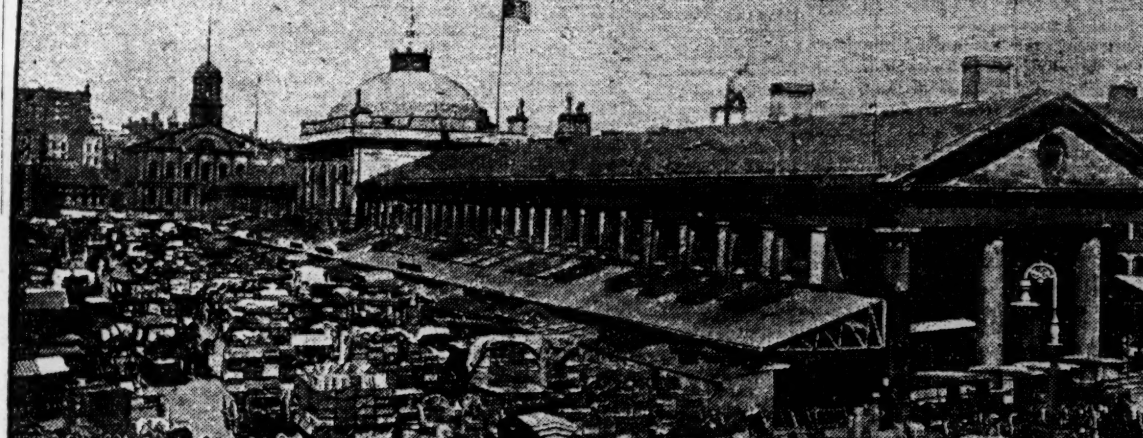
TRAVEL

EUROPE June 21 to Sept. 2. Nine countries. High-class tour. Moderate cost. Mrs. W. M. BURT, Woburn, Mass. Tel. 258-1.

HOUSEHOLD NEEDS

CARR & MOORE,
Painters and Decorators, 2310 Indiana ave., Chicago. Tel. Calumet 1747.

Most Famous Market in the World



FANEUIL HALL MARKET. LENGTH 500 FEET. WIDTH 50 FEET.

SHATTUCK & JONES

TELEPHONE 1437 RICHMOND. NO. 128 FANEUIL HALL MARKET, BOSTON

ISAAC LOCKE & CO.

97, 99 and 101 FANEUIL HALL MARKET
FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND HOTHOUSE PRODUCTS
Special attention given family orders

Goodenough & Russell

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
PROVISIONS.
Receivers of finest quality of Beef, Mutton, Lamb, Veal and Poultry. Pork Products of all kinds.
69 AND 71 FANEUIL HALL MARKET,
BOSTON, MASS.
Telephone 604 Richmond.

W. J. SPINNEY

RETAIL DEALERS IN PROVISIONS.
Receivers of finest quality of BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, LAMB, VEAL AND POULTRY.
Pork products of all kinds.
32 FANEUIL HALL SQUARE, BOSTON.
Telephone Richmond 920.

Childs, Sleeper & Co

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

NO PRONOUNCED PRICE CHANGES ARE DEVELOPED

Stock Market Swings Within Usual Narrow Range—Canadian Pacific Again Popular With Traders.

LOCALS ARE HEAVY

Few price changes were recorded in the New York market at the opening this morning. There was no marked tendency in either direction. A few specialties moved upward sharply, but the general list did not follow.

Prominent in the early trading were Canadian Pacific and the Pittsburgh Coal issues. These stocks made good gains over last night's closing figures. Northern Pacific sold ex-dividend and ex-rights at 124 1/4 at the opening, compared with 123 1/2, last night's closing price. National Biscuit was lower and rubber was considerably stronger.

Local stocks were heavy and some fractional recessions were recorded during the first sales. Bay State Gas on the Boston curb, which had a spectacular rise to 40 yesterday on heavy trading, dropped to 29 during the first half hour.

Irigoina 6s occupied a good deal of market attention in New York, advancing from 55 1/2 to 63 before midday. Pittsburgh Coal preferred opened up 1/4 at 80 1/2 and went to 82 before noon. The common also had a good advance. U. S. Rubber opened up 1/4 at 41 and advanced to 43 1/2 before noon. National Biscuit opened 1/2 lower than last night's closing at 138 1/2 and declined about a point further.

Fractionally lower prices were recorded by Boston securities as the session advanced. North Butte after opening up 1/4 at 27 1/2 dropped the fraction. Shoe Machinery opened unchanged at 55 and sold off a good fraction. United Fruit opened unchanged at 184 1/2 and improved a good fraction.

Weakness in Wash-Pittsburg Terminal certificates was practically the only feature of the afternoon trading. After opening at 43 1/2 they dropped about 2 points. North Butte was somewhat stronger on the local market.

LONDON—In the closing dealings on the stock exchange today business was restricted but the tone was mainly firmer. A more cautious disposition on the part of the bears was manifest. Home rails finished at the top.

Americans were narrow of movement and the course of prices undecided. Canadian Pacific finished below the best. Other departments were steady. DeBeers closed 3-16 higher at 18 9-16. The continental bourses were quiet.

MAVERICK MILLS STOCK INCREASE

Stockholders of the Maverick mills, at a special meeting held this morning at the mills in East Boston, voted to issue 4000 additional shares of stock equally divided into preferred and common shares. Only the preferred shares will be issued, the 2000 new common shares being placed in the treasury as the preferred stock may be converted into common stock, share for share, in the next four years.

The new preferred stock will be offered to preferred stockholders of record April 10 at \$100 per share in proportion of one new share for each 3 1/2 shares now held.

NEW STOCK EXCHANGE OPENING

The new stock exchange building is practically completed and will be opened on Monday, April 17. The partners of the exchange members will be given an opportunity to inspect the new quarters, but no invitations to the general public will be sent out for that date. It is expected that the opening for general business will be three or four months later.

BOSTON LOANING RATES.

Loaning rates on stocks this morning were: American Telephone 3 per cent, Amalgamated 2 1/2 and 2 per cent, United States Steel common 3 per cent, Lake Copper 3 1/2 per cent, North Butte 3 1/2 per cent, Copper Range 3 1/2 per cent, and Calumet & Arizona, flat.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Fair and cooler tonight and Saturday; moderate to brisk westerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Fair, cooler tonight; Saturday, fair.

TEMPERATURE TODAY.
8 a. m. 59.9; 10 a. m. 60.0
2 p. m. 60.0
Average temperature yesterday, 58 1/2.

IN OTHER CITIES.
Helen 48.1; Louisville 40.0
New York 48.1; St. Paul 40.0
Washington 48.1; Denver 40.0
Jacksonville 48.1; San Diego 40.0
San Francisco 48.1; Portland, Ore. 40.0

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW.
Sun rises 5:16; High water, 8:17; Low water, 7:41 p. m.
Length of day, 13:01.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Allis-Chalmers pf.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Amalgamated	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Am. Tel. & Tel.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Am. Can.	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Am. Ice	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Am. Linseed Oil	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Am. Smelting pf.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Am. Steel	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Am. Tel. & Tel.	146 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2	146 1/2
Am. Woolen	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Am. Woolen pf.	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Associated Oil	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Atchafalaya	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Atchafalaya pf.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
At Coast Line	120 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2
Balt. & Ohio	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Barclays	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2	34 1/2
Bethlehem Steel pf.	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Brooklyn Trans.	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Canadian Pacific	226 1/2	226 1/2	226 1/2	226 1/2
Central Leather	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Central Leather pf.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Chas. & Ohio	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2	81 1/2
Chicago & Alton	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2	25 1/2
Chicago & North	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Col. Fuel	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Col. Southern	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
Comstock Tunnel	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2	26 1/2
Consolidated Gas	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2
Erie	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Erie 1st pf.	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Gen. Electric	149 1/2	149 1/2	149 1/2	149 1/2
Gen. Electric pf.	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Gr. Northern	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2	127 1/2
Gr. Northern Ore.	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Harvester	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Harvester pf.	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Illinois Central	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2
Inter-Met.	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2	19 1/2
Inter-Met. pf.	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Int. Marine	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2	17 1/2
Int. Paper	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2
Iowa Central	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Iowa Central pf.	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
Kan. City So. pf.	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
Kansas & Texas	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Lehigh Valley	174 1/2	174 1/2	174 1/2	174 1/2
L. & N.	144 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2
Macdonald	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
M. & P. S. S. Co.	147 1/2	147 1/2	147 1/2	147 1/2
Missouri Pacific	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
N. Y. & M. D. pf.	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2	35 1/2
N. Y. Central	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
N. Y. & N. H. & H.	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2	83 1/2
N. Y. & N. H. & H. pf.	147 1/2	147 1/2	147 1/2	147 1/2
Nash & Chattanooga	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2	145 1/2
Nat. Biscuit Co.	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2	138 1/2
Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
Norfolk & W. Va.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Norfolk & W. Va. pf.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
*Northern Pacific	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2	124 1/2
Pacific & T. Co.	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Pennsylvania	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2	125 1/2
Peoples Gas	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2	103 1/2
Philadelphia Co.	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
Pittsburgh Coal	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2	21 1/2
Pittsburgh Coal pf.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Pub. S. C. & S. L.	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Pub. Serv. Corp.	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Pullman	160 1/2	160 1/2	160 1/2	160 1/2
Railway St. Springs	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Ray Cons. Copper	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Reading 1st pf.	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2
Reading 2d pf.	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2	90 1/2
Republic Steel	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2
Rock Island	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2	29 1/2
Southern Pacific	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
Southern Railway	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Southern Ry. pf.	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2	64 1/2
St. Paul	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
Tennessee Copper	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2	37 1/2
Texas Pacific	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Toledo, St. L. & W. pf.	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Twin City R. Co.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
Underwood pf.	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
United Dry Goods	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Un. Dry Goods pf.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Union Pacific	177 1/2	177 1/2	177 1/2	177 1/2
Union Pacific pf.	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
United Ry. Inv. Co.	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Un. Ry. Inv. Co. pf.	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Utah Copper	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
U. S. Rubber	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	113 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2	113 1/2
U. S. Steel	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2	77 1/2
U. S. Steel pf.	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
U. S. Steel Chem.	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2
U. S. Steel Chem. pf.	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
U. S. Steel Chem. pf.	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Western Maryland	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2
Westinghouse	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2	66 1/2

*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights.

BONDS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Am. Smelting rets.	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Atchafalaya	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2	91 1/2
Atchafalaya pf.	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2
Central Leather	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
C. B. & O. 4 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Chas. & Ohio	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
Gen. Electric	148 1/2	148 1/2	148 1/2	148 1/2
Great Western	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Interboro Met 4 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2	78 1/2
Japan	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2
Japan 4 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
Lake Shore	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Missouri Pacific	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2 1908	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
N. Y. City 4 1/2 1909	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2	99 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & H.	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
Norfolk & W. Va.	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
Reading Gen 4 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Rock Island	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2	73 1/2
Southern Pacific	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2	97 1/2
Southern Pacific pf.	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2
Southern Railway	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Union Pacific	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
U. S. Steel	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2	96 1/2
U. S. Steel 1st pf.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
U. S. Steel 2d pf.	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
Washington	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2	69 1/2
Westinghouse	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
2s registered	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
do coupon	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
3s registered	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
do coupon	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
4s registered	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
do coupon	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2	114 1/2
Panama 2s	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2
Panama 1908-101	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2	101 1/2

The Mines Company of America declared the usual quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent, payable April 24.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

For the fourth week of March the gross earnings of 15 railroads aggregated \$9,283,725, against \$9,240,625 in the corresponding period last year, an increase of \$43,200 or 0.4 per cent.

For the month of March the gross \$27,519,457, against \$26,994,031 in the corresponding period last year, an increase of \$525,426 or 1.95 per cent.

The gross and net returns of 42 railroads for the month of February were as follows:

	Gross earnings.	Operating expenses.	Net earnings.
Amalgamated	\$115,691,325	\$1,098,599	\$1,098,599
Operating expenses.	\$8,788,072	\$2,979,857	
Net earnings.	\$26,994,031	\$4,178,408	

*Increase. †Decrease.

The gross earnings decreased 1.03%; operating expenses increased 3.47% and net earnings decreased 13.44%.

From July 1:

Gross earnings, \$1,112,278,647; operating expenses, \$82,125,222; net earnings, \$1,030,153,425.

The gross earnings increased 2.64%; operating expenses increased 6.60% and net earnings decreased 2.69%.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM.

Working expenses	410,100	26,700
Net profit	68,000	*10,500
From Jan. 1 to Feb. 28—		
Gross receipts	992,300	40,200
Working expenses	842,600	35,300
Net profit	149,700	4,900
Canada Atlantic.		

NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

COUNCIL OF EMPIRE
PASSES CENSURE ON
MINISTRY OF RUSSIA

For First Time, by 98 to 52,
Interpellation Attacks Act
of Stolypin Leading to
Forcing Through of Bill.

FAITH IN EMPEROR
CALLED WEAKER

ST. PETERSBURG—For the first time in its history the council of the empire, in solemn session, adopted an interpellation Thursday attacking the government.

The vote was 98 to 52 and followed a discussion devoted to criticism of the action of the government in promulgating the zemstvo bill by imperial prerogative during an artificially created recess of the legislative body.

Last month the council of the empire rejected the essential feature of Premier Stolypin's measure establishing the zemstvo feature in the government of the western provinces.

The premier thereupon decided to make an issue of the right of the Emperor's nominees in the council to kill a bill which the Emperor had authorized the ministers to carry, and tendered his resignation.

The premier's consent to reconsider his resignation is supposed to have been conditional upon having his way in the new legislation. At any rate the Emperor prorogued both the council of the empire and the Duma for three days and forthwith promulgated the zemstvo bill by imperial prerogative by virtue of paragraph 87 of the fundamental laws.

Stolypin's victory amazed politicians and thoroughly angered the reactionary element of both chambers.

The galleries were crowded when the discussion of the interpellation opened. The ministers were not present. Prince Troubetzky, on behalf of the 45 signers, declared that the government had violated the normal course of legislation and the stability of the fundamental laws reposing in solemn imperial ukases.

Senator Tagantsev, representing the influential group of the center, claimed that the broad interpretation of paragraph 87, which was intended for use on extraordinary occasions, established a precedent endangering the whole structure of the state.

Senator Naryshkin, spokesman for the conservatives, said that the members of his party were not worried over the constitutional guarantees, but the government's action had shaken the trust of the people in the Emperor.

The government, thoughtlessly had led the Emperor into signing a measure bearing a fictitious appearance of legality, though it was substantially illegal and without justification on any ground.

Professor Kovalevsky, representing the left wing, declared that the council of ministers had usurped legislative functions. He said that this action meant that the council of ministers claimed a decisive voice in case of disagreement between the upper and the lower chamber.

FRENCH CABINET LACKS HARMONY

Appointment of M. Lataud to
Post of Governor of Al-
geria Not Agreeable to All
Members.

ACTION CRITICIZED

(Special to the Monitor.)
PARIS—Immediately following the last meeting of the cabinet the announcement was officially made in the "Journal Officiel" that M. Lataud, prefect of the Rhone, had been appointed to the post of governor of Algeria recently vacated by M. Jonnart, who upon the resignation of M. Briand also sent in his resignation.

The negotiations leading up to the official announcement have created much interest in the political world and much anxiety in the cabinet itself, for it is known that for some days past there had been serious differences of opinion between the ministers on the question of the appointment of the new governor, and although it was announced in official circles and even by the premier himself that M. Lataud had received the appointment, official confirmation in the Journal Officiel was delayed for over a week, a thing so unprecedented as to raise much public comment.

It now appears that even in the face of the premier's announcement the appointment was questioned by some members of the cabinet, and M. Caillaux, the minister of finances, was openly known to be actually opposing the nominee of the premier, and supporting the appointment of his old friend M. Delanney, the director general of customs, a course of action showing a lack of harmony that has already been severely criticized.

The present state of calm now universally recognized in Algeria is entirely attributable to the wise policy of M.

COLDSTREAM GUARDS BACK IN LONDON

Receive Hearty Welcome at
Waterloo Station on Re-
turn From Four Years'
Stay in Egypt.

WIN COMPETITIONS

(Special to the Monitor.)
LONDON—Waterloo station was the scene, quite recently, of the homecoming of the third battalion Coldstream guards. It is over four years ago since they left England, having been sent to Egypt in 1906. Numbering in all 19 officers and 700 men of all other ranks, the Coldstreams presented a smart and bronzed appearance as they lined up on the platform, where the four regimental bands of the guards brigade, the grenadiers, Scots and Irish, and a large number of people, friends and relations of the men, had gathered.

On the platform were to be seen Major-General Codrington (commanding the London district) as well as Lieut.-Gen. Pole Carew, Lord Newton Butler, Captain Yarde-Buller, and a number of officers. Colonel Granville-Smith, who went out with the regiment in 1906



(Photo copyrighted by the Daily Graphic.)

The Coldstream Guards at Waterloo station, on arrival home after long stay in Egypt.

as its commander, came to greet his successor, Lieut.-Col. C. S. O. Monck.

The battalion returns to London with the reputation of winning practically all the competitions they took part in. They twice held the championship of Egypt, and during their one year in garrison at Khartoum they won that of the Soudan. The Cairo garrison foot-

ball shield also fell to them, the rifle brigade winning it last year. Their popularity in Egypt during their four and a half years' service was undisputed, and the reception accorded to them both at Southampton and in the streets of London must have proved to them the hearty nature of their welcome back to England.

MANUFACTURERS OF
RUSSIA ARE TRYING
FOR EXPORT TRADE

(Special to the Monitor.)

ST. PETERSBURG—The textile manufacturers of Russia have been endeavoring for some time to build up a large export trade for their goods. This undertaking has not proved successful so far, owing to the fact that the heavy import duties on raw material and manufactured goods form such a severe handicap. The only successful exports so far have been printed calicos, which go to Persia and the Levant. For some time past those chiefly interested in textile manufacturers have urged the government to take some steps to lower the import on goods coming from abroad.

It is now reported that the Russian minister of commerce is inclined to move in this matter, and has arranged that a conference shall be held of the leading representatives of all the textile industries for the purpose of arriving, if possible, at some means of improving the export trade.

At the first sitting, the question of repayments of duty on machinery and raw material used in the manufacture of the textiles for export, will be considered.

It has been arranged to hold a series of meetings to look into this matter.

MR. WIDENER CALLED BUYER.
LONDON—The Times announces that P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia has purchased Rembrandt's "The Mill."

It has been already announced that Mr. Widener denied he had bought this famous painting.

NARROW SKIRTS CAUSE OF
SMALL WOOLEN DEMAND

(Special to the Monitor.)

LONDON—An interesting side view of the result on trade of the fashion in narrow skirts comes from the manufacturers of cheviot and worsted materials in Westphalia. From woolen and cotton manufacturing centers issues the same cry, for the makers of cotton moires for underskirts and the demand for their goods very low, while braidings and dress trimmings generally also have dropped to a low figure. The consequence is that, although the raw cotton and raw wool prices continue firm, the spinners and yarn consumers buy sparingly.

On the other hand, the continued fashion for wearing velvet is keeping the demands very brisk for velvets both in piece and ribbon goods, high prices for these being maintained, which is unusual at this time of year. The trade has to wait on fashion in many directions, and the absence of any decided lead, as to what the mode is likely to be during next autumn and winter seasons, keeps trade very low in that direction, all attention at present being given to turning out the spring and summer fabrics.

Again, in the tulle industries, fashion has favored this particular branch of the textile industry for the last 10 years, the result being that the manufacturers were making handsome profits, and this attracted several new firms in Saxony to compete; in consequence, this trade is now suffering from overproduction.

A change in fashion is again contributing to the already overstocked condition of the market, and a demand for tulle of a coarser and cheaper quality has begun. To meet this situation practically all the German tulle manufacturers have combined to form a new cartel which is to be called the "Union of German Tulle Manufacturers," and they met at Chemnitz recently to inaugurate this new departure.

NEW AUSTRALIAN
NAVY PLAN SEEN
TO AFFECT EAST

(Special to the Monitor.)

COLOMBO, Ceylon—It will be remembered that Admiral Sir Reginald Henderson visited Australia recently, for the purpose of examining and giving his advice upon a scheme for the naval defense of Australia. During the course of an interview here, the admiral declared that if Australia were to follow his advice, the result would probably be the reconsideration of the whole of the naval problem in the east.

Until his report has been published, opinion in Australia had, he said, been divided, but he was confident that the government would obtain the support of the people in endorsing the recommendations which he had made.

MELBOURNE, Victoria—The two destroyers, the Parramatta and Yarra, constructed in England, have not given complete satisfaction as regards the working of their steering gear. In heavy seas it was found that the gear was not working in an entirely satisfactory manner, and it was considered that new engines would be required. A careful examination has, however, been made, with the result that the defect has been ascertained and put right.

ITALY FRIENDLY
WITH GERMANY

ROME—Exceedingly friendly exchanges marked the dinner given by the King and the Queen at the Quirinal Thursday night in honor of Crown Prince Frederick William and the crown princess, who came here to present the congratulations of the German Emperor and Empress on the occasion of the Italian jubilee. Covers were laid for 100.

King Victor said that the visit of the crown prince and crown princess to Rome during so important a celebration was a manifestation of the intimate friendship between Italy and Germany, which would never fail. German and Italian unity, he said, together with the triple alliance, ensured a long period of peace in Europe.

In reply, the crown prince recalled the first visit of William the Great to Victor the Great at Milan in 1875, when the former had said that the meeting was an historic event.

CANADA REJECTS NEW STAMP.
OTTAWA, Ont.—Postmaster-General Lemieux has rejected the proposed new postage stamp for Canada and has notified the English authorities that unless a distinctively Canadian design is furnished the Dominion will prepare her own stamp.

GENERAL YOUNG PASSES ON.
PARIS—Gen. Henry Clay Young, a veteran of the American civil war, passed on here Thursday. General Young was formerly of Cincinnati.

KING APPOINTS TRUSTEES
FOR HISTORICAL MUSEUM

(Special to the Monitor.)

LONDON—About 10 months ago, when the famous Gardner collection of prints came into the market, an attempt was made to secure them as a nucleus for a London museum. It was found, however, that the collection had already been disposed of, and since all efforts for the repurchase proved unavailing, the scheme for the formation of a London museum remained in abeyance until now, when a definite step is about to be taken.

It appears that the King not only approves of the idea, but has appointed three trustees, namely, Lewis Harcourt, Viscount Escher and Earl Beauchamp, for the projected museum, and has placed the state apartments at Kensington palace at their disposal for the temporary housing of objects already secured, until a suitable permanent building be found. Guy Francis Laking, keeper of the King's armory and of the armory in the Wallace collection, has been appointed keeper of the museum and secretary to the trustees.

The new museum is to be developed on the same lines as the Musee Carnavalet, the historical museum of Paris, whose collection illustrates the story of Paris from prehistoric times. The trustees have already secured the Hilton-Price collection of London antiquities, which contains specimens of the stone and bronze ages, of the Roman period, of

English pottery from the Norman times down to the last century, of medieval glass and inkhorns of the same period, together with bankers' scales, coins, and an infinite variety of equally interesting articles connected with our great city.

Queen Alexandra has lent many valuable objects belonging to Queen Victoria and to King Edward. It is believed some of the local authorities will hand over their collections of London relics to the new museum as soon as it is properly started.

MANUSCRIPT POINTS
TO RICHARD LLOYD
AS MERMAID HOST

(Special Correspondence of the Monitor.)

LONDON—During the course of a lecture delivered at the Haymarket theater, Lord Howard de Walden spoke of an interesting discovery that had been made in connection with Shakespeare's famous duel of the wits at the Mermaid.

He said that he believed that it was not known who the host of the Mermaid had been, but in looking through some old manuscripts at the British museum, a friend of his had been delighted to find in the genealogy of a certain Thomas Lloyd the following clause, which ran:

"His wife was a malster's widow of Henley on Thames, and had issue Richard Lloyd of the Mermaid Cheapside."

This particular Richard Lloyd was born in 1587 and so was not the actual landlord during Shakespeare's time, but it seems possible that he had succeeded his father in the possession of the Mermaid. There is no record in the London register, nor in those of Henley, of the marriage of Thomas Lloyd, but it is certain that there was a considerable Welsh colony living there, and in a MS. in the Welsh national library this record is to be found: "Thomas Lloyd went to live in London," evidence which seems to confirm the idea that this was the identical Thomas Lloyd whose son was afterward married to the "malster's widow" and was landlord of the famous hostelry.

EMPEROR TO SEND
ARCHDUKE KARL

(Special to the Monitor.)

BUDAPEST—It is announced that the Archduke Karl Francis Josef will represent his great-granduncle, the Emperor Francis Josef at the coronation festivities in London. This will be the first occasion on which the Archduke Karl has represented his great-granduncle in an official capacity.

RECORD TIME IS
MADE IN TAKING
INDIAN CENSUS

(Special to the Monitor.)

CALCUTTA—The provisional census returns are now in and give the population of India as 315,000,000, an increase of 20,500,000 since the last census in 1901. That these figures should, in the case of a country like the Indian empire, be available only 10 days after the taking of the census, gives evidence of a remarkable organization, and the officials concerned have justly received the commendation of the governor-general for their successful labors.

BOMBAY—Among the census returns are those of Bombay, the population of which is given as 972,992; if allowance is made, however, for inhabitants who were temporarily absent, at the time the census was taken, by reason of the depression, the Bombay mills and other causes, the population of the western seaport of India would probably have reached a million.

AUSTRALASIA
BUYS HEAVILY

(Special to the Monitor.)

LONDON—According to a statement made recently by the president of the Board of Trade, the quantity of goods purchased from the United Kingdom by the British dominions of Australia and New Zealand, of which the total population is 6,000,000 old inhabitants, is equal to the amount purchased by the German empire, of which the population is over 60,000,000. The exports of United Kingdom produce to Germany amounted to £36,022,000, to the Australian commonwealth £27,631,000 and to New Zealand £8,629,000.

KUBELIK TOUR ARRANGED.

LONDON—It is reported that Fred C. Whitney has signed a contract for the American farewell tour of Jan Kubelik, who will play at 80 concerts in the United States and Canada beginning next October and ending in New York. He will open with two concerts in New York. Mr. Whitney is to pay a minimum guarantee of \$120,000 for 80 performances.

IRISH TRADE MARK'S
PROTECTION IS TO BE
ASKED OF CONGRESS

LONDON—John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish parliamentary party, has given out correspondence between himself and President Taft concerning a proposal to secure by special legislation protection in the United States of the Irish national trade mark.

In a letter dated March 11 Mr. Redmond calls attention to the increase of exports from Ireland to the United States and says that an attempt was made recently by an American citizen to procure the registration of a mark, identical in design with the Irish mark.

Because the American law has no provision by which the national trade mark of Ireland can be registered, Mr. Redmond asks the President to use his "powerful influence in securing the passage of a special act recognizing the Irish national trade mark," so that it may obtain recognition in the United States.

Replying to this letter on March 20, President Taft writes: "I think such a provision would be a fair and equitable one." He adds that he is getting opinions on the subject from the secretary of the interior and the commissioner on patents.

In a letter dated March 27, the President states that he is forwarding copies of letters from the secretary and the commissioner concerning the proposal to amend the law by making provision for national trade marks.

The President, in concluding, says: "I am very doubtful whether this is likely to be considered at the extra session, but I shall certainly bring it to the attention of Congress at the regular session in December."

BIG SAVING
IN OPERA USED

Mason & Hamlin

PIANOS

The pianos used by artists of the Boston Opera Co. the past season have been put in perfect condition and are now on sale at reduced prices.

UPRIGHTS, \$450 upward
GRANDS, \$650 upward

We also, offer many other BARGAINS in Grand and Upright pianos of well-known makers that have come to us in exchange towards new Mason & Hamlin Pianos at prices that afford a large saving from original cost.

Time payments may be arranged.

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492 Boylston Street

The Monitor

ON

SATURDAY

Is Now Running

Two Pages for
The Boys and Girls

In Which Appear

The Busyville Bees

comical illustrations by Floyd Triggs, with a story in verse by M. L. Baum, embodying information about flowers in a very delightful manner.

Wonder Book of Nature

Illustrated stories of Remarkable Caves; of Volcanoes and Strange Mountain Forms; of Natural Bridges, Great Waterfalls, Lakes and Glaciers; of Wonderful Plants, Birds, Beasts and Fishes.

Junior Philatelist

A department (bi-weekly) on postage stamp collecting and all matters relating to this entertaining pursuit, which teaches both history and geography.

The Camera Contest

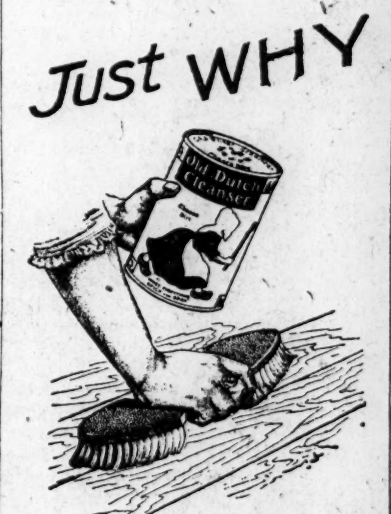
is still open, and a dollar award is made each week to the youthful Monitor photographer who sends in the most acceptable picture of children at play, school scenes, historical places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. (Blue prints not available.) Address "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Plymouth and St. Paul streets, Boston, Mass.

Poems, Puzzles and Short Stories

are also printed on these pages on Saturday and a great variety of other matter both entertaining and instructive.

The Monitor has a Children's Department every day, but devotes more room to the young people on Saturday than on other days.

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THE HOME FORUM

SINGERS' ENGLISH

IT IS recognized among all English-speaking persons that there is a variation in the pronunciation in different localities, among different classes and even among persons of different callings. The statement that so-called Irish brogue is really the English of Spenser's time conserved in the Emerald Isle has much to support it, and Bostonians like to say that they have preserved a purer English speech than modern cosmopolitan London. Now about this specialized speech comes a Londoner's speech cited in the Boston Symphony program as to the existence of what is very well known to singers, namely, a singer's English. The writer seems to have it that this wrenching of the pure vowels out of place is encouraged by teachers, and perhaps this was the case a decade ago or perhaps it is still the case in England. Certainly the best American usage demands perfectly pure vowels for singers. Especially the natural trick of a singer, noted in the list, of wrongly handling the two vowel elements of the sound "i" is something which teachers must always have been opposed to. Singers incline to say, for example "rah-ee" for "right," that is, they drop the "ah" sound in the word and get into the "e" too soon. The "e" is really only the vanish of the sound, and should be given in song, as it is in speech, just as the final consonant (if there is one) is said. If the singer says "rah" and holds this to the end of his tone and then says quickly "ee," the listener will hear that he has said "right." Such analysis of mixed vowels is absolutely necessary in singing, and should be understood by speakers.

The other faults of this list are something which singing teachers in America are busy eliminating. Even the

Platinum in Texas

It is said in San Antonio, Tex., that high expert authority is back of the claim that platinum ore has been taken from the hills near Fredericksburg, in Gillespie county. It has not yet been worked out in what quantities the platinum is to be found, but there are here the possibilities of an important matter. Platinum used in this country comes from Europe and commands a high price. If this valuable metal abounds in Texas, the state will have a new claim to distinction.—Springfield Republican.

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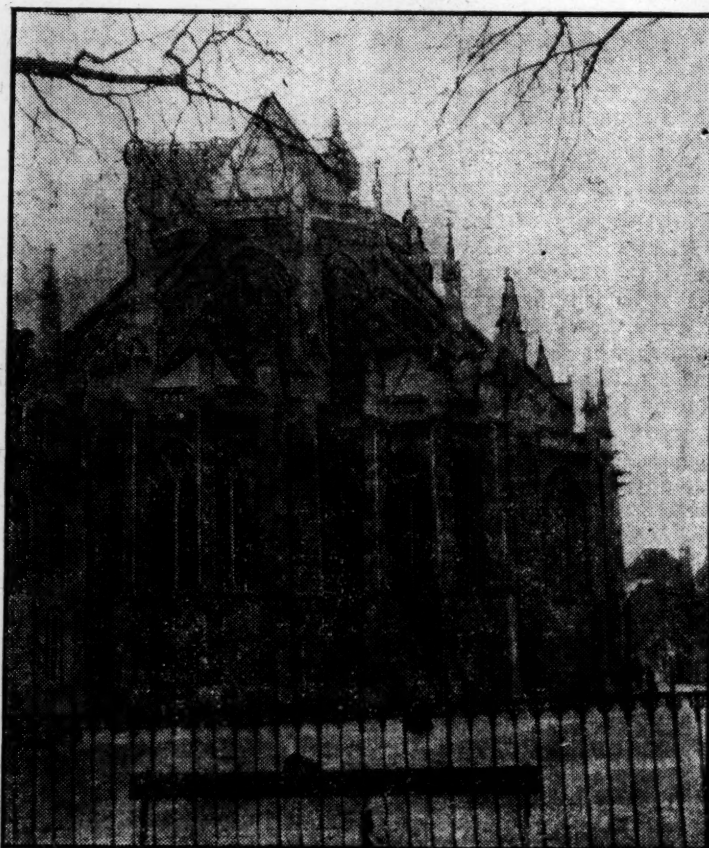
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NEVERS ON THE LOIRE



(Photo taken specially for the Monitor.)

THE OLD CATHEDRAL.

Which was originally an important Roman stronghold.

NEVERS is a pretty and interesting old town on the Loire. The cathedral of St. Cyr, its dual palace, and its beautiful old gateway (1393-1396) with most and drawbridge well repay a visit. Originally an important Roman stronghold bearing the name of Noviodunum, Nevers in 987 passed under the rule of a succession of hereditary counts, until in 1659, it was sold to Cardinal Mazarin, whose family held it until the revolu-

tion. The cathedral is the only one in France (except Besancon) having a double apse. It has been so much altered and restored that little remains of the original building; it was either retouched or rebuilt every year from 910 to the fourteenth century.

The ornamentation on the tower is exquisite, and the carving both inside and out tells of the skill and patience of the fifteenth century sculptors.

HOW TO GAIN UNDERSTANDING

IN Proverbs we find the statement: "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom and the man that getteth understanding." Christian Science has revealed to humanity that the one who finds spiritual understanding and dem-

onstrates it, finds heaven. It is helping every student to rend the veil of those superstitions, both ancient and modern, which seem to conceal the true nature of God and man. Solomon's sublime prayer that he might have "an understanding heart" unites heaven and earth in its fulfillment, and in this progressive age a mighty cry is going out from the multitude: "Where shall wisdom be found and where is the place of understanding?" The answer is that understanding is spiritual, the gift of Spirit, and that it is to be found through the cultivation of spiritual sense. Some individuals have erroneously believed spiritual understanding to be a gift that must be acquired through the intellect, just as mathematics or languages might be acquired. While it is evident that earnest study is requisite in every student of Christian Science, it yet should be remembered that Jesus gave the clue to spiritual perception when he said: "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God." To see God is to see good; to see good is to reflect good, since "what thou seest, that thou beest." Children grasp and demonstrate the truth of Christian Science very readily, owing to the purity of their thoughts and their comparative freedom from sin. Through this teaching the hope is set before grown men and women of regaining the innocence of childhood while yet expressing a higher order of intelligence than was ever the case while brain was believed to be the seat of intelligence, and every so-called intelligence more or less blended with evil. Christian Science teaches that evil achievements do not spring from divine intelligence, and surely it will be evident to every thinking person that thought does not originate in matter or the brain, any more than the affections spring from a fleshly heart.

The necessity for purity of vision is reemphasized in Science and Health in the words: "No intellectual proficiency is requisite . . . but sound morals are most desirable" (Pref. p. x.). From these passages and many others, it would appear that the gateway to spiritual understanding is opened just as wide for the seeker in whom intellectual training has been neglected, and not one whit wider for the one in whom such training has been uppermost; and furthermore that divine Mind alone can supply the sound morality which is a necessary

in both cases. Since purity is requisite in the one who would "see God" it follows that every impurity of thought, deed or desire is a blinding impediment which no amount of diligent study can compensate for, or replace. Secret indulgences and deception, including self-deception, must not obstruct Truth's highway in human consciousness, nor cloud the divine best. "Thou request truth in the inward parts." One's gain in this direction may be gradual, but much is to be learned from studying the three degrees of the "scientific translation of mortal mind" (Ibid. p. 115). The first degree is wholly depraved, ignorant, unreal, and its disappearance leads to those transitional qualities of "humanity, honesty, affection, compassion, hope, faith, meekness, temperance," which in their turn give way to the third degree of understanding that alone is wholly real, because wholly spiritual. This third degree reveals the only heaven there is, and light is hereby thrown upon the inner meaning of the words of Christ Jesus who once referred to himself as "the son of man which is in heaven."

Now, whereas it might be difficult for an individual to gauge accurately whether or not he is gaining in the understanding of the letter of Christian Science, it is comparatively easy and most essential for every Christian to ascertain day by day whether he is expressing more and more spontaneously those qualities without which there is not sufficient transparency to allow God's light to shine through and comfort and heal the sufferers on earth. This searching question, which must be honestly asked and honestly answered, will bear repeating very often, moreover, for it is only through constant mental purgation that an individual can arrive at the pure reflection of divine Mind, to the exclusion of all else.

The higher the degree of spirituality, the higher the code of morality in its widest sense, and experience proves that every day in creation, as it stands revealed to the individual, brings with it deeper demands as well as loftier blessings.

Love

What soul was his, when from the naked top
Of some bold headland, he beheld the sun
Rise up and bathe the world in light!
He looked—
Ocean and earth, the solid frame of earth
And ocean's liquid mass, in gladness lay
Beneath him: Far and wide the clouds
Were touched,
And in their silent faces could be read
Unutterable love.

—Wordsworth (The Excursion).

The crown is for us a symbol of life-enlargement to the point of the masterful soul. Perfection is progressive. The way from Adam to Christ is upward toward life's crowning glory, a soul supreme in spirituality. What the world needs today is not more of charity, nor of education, nor of material prosperity, so much as more of that type of manhood that has outgrown all that is petty, and mean, and unjust, and cruel, and selfish. He only is worthy to wear a crown whose soul is too great for any of the vices that vex our civilization.—Standard.

SIR CASPAR PURDON CLARKE

SIR CASPAR PURDON CLARKE'S resolve to accept the call to the directorship of the Metropolitan Museum, New York, is said by the Springfield Republican to have raised a storm of protest in London, where he was highly regarded in his work at the South Kensington Museum.

He began his close association with the South Kensington Museum in 1892, when appointed keeper of the art collections, and at once began to show the influence exerted over his early life by Sir Woolston Franks, his close friend and probably the greatest antiquary of the nineteenth century. Clarke had spent much time with Franks while the latter was doing his expert work at the British Museum. In 1893 Clarke was promoted to the assistant directorship of the Brompton treasure house, and three years later to the directorship, which he held until 1905, when he accepted a like position with the Metropolitan.

It was in 1902 that he was created a knight in recognition of his work. While at South Kensington he found time to accept royal commissions to the Paris exposition of 1900 and the St. Louis exposition of 1904, as well as to write almost countless papers which were read before various art institutes or published in the art journals.

When the trustees of the Metropolitan Museum began to look about for a successor to General Di Cesnola, J. P. Morgan was then comparatively new in

the presidency, and it has always been thought that he was chiefly responsible for engaging Sir Purdon, as the two were close personal friends and had been rivals at the important art sales for years.

Sir Purdon, according to his contract, was to hold office for an indefinite period, but resigned in 1910, and was given a salary of \$5000 a year, as well as being chosen honorary European correspondent

of the museum. He was abroad when his resignation was accepted, and never returned to this country.

Sir Purdon received several honorary degrees from universities, in addition to being made a companion of the Victorian order. He was a member of the Royal Society of Antiquaries, of the Royal Society of British Architects, the Asiatic Society, the Royal Academy of Madrid and several London clubs.

His work in this country, although it covered the too brief period of five years, left a lasting impression, not only upon New York's museum and American artists, but greater still upon the masses who struggle to comprehend art. It was for them that his greatest efforts were exerted; it will be by them that his work will be ultimately most appreciated.

Literary Origins

SOME ONE writes to the New York Post what he calls a "poetical genealogy" as follows:

It is interesting, at a time when literary tradition is set at naught, to see how much a poem like Kipling's "Recessional" perhaps the best known poem written in English within the past few years, owes to literary tradition.

Of course, its chief debt is to the Bible; it is full of scriptural phrase. It owes something also to familiar hymns, such as Watts' "O God, our help in ages past." A friend recently called my attention to the resemblance in thought between the first two lines of the second stanza,

The tumult and the shouting dies,
The captains and the kings depart,
and some lines in Lowell's "Commemoration Ode":

Great captains with their guns and drums
Disturb our judgment for the hour,
But at last silence comes:
These all are gone.

I recently noticed that another line in the poem,

Dominion over palm and pine,
But at last silence comes:
These all are gone.

And grant to dwellers with the pine
Dominion o'er the palm and vine.

If we add these lines to the ones showing the influence of Scripture or hymns, there will remain barely three or four lines in the poem unaccounted for; and it would be rash to say that even these owe nothing to tradition.

Of course this detracts nothing from the originality of the "Recessional"; for whatever "originality" may mean in literature, it does not mean independence of literary origins.

Hughes and Milton

Thomas Hughes, when a small boy, had a guinea given him. This coin his grandmother took away, without his consent, and purchased for him a fine copy of Milton's poetry, saying that he would value it when he grew up, whereas, had he spent the money, he would only have wasted it on the transitory joys of marbles, tops and candy.

Needless to say, the unfortunate boy did not see matters in this light; and in after years Thomas Hughes wrote in his "Early Memories":

"I owe to my grandmother a dislike to Milton's poetry, which I doubt if I have ever quite got over."—Youths Companion.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

A Boy's Fame

Way out in Ohio the Columbus State Journal is telling the fame of Jerry Moore, a South Carolina lad who raised 2284 bushels of corn on an acre. He is 15 years of age and a fine, modest chap. He was also the observed of all observers at the corn exposition in Columbus. No visitor was more important or conspicuous than Jerry.

This fame was due to the fact that Jerry did something worth while. He didn't roam around searching for sport and fun and use up his time among frivolous companions—he raised corn; and now the whole country is saying "Great boy, that Jerry Moore—may his tribe increase." Many boys take a lesson from Jerry's experience and do something worth while. It may not be growing corn, for the world is full of things to do, but every boy ought to select one of those things to do and do it.

It may take a little sacrifice, a little courage, a little hard work, but these are the making of a boy, and unless he has these he might as well sit down on Mediocore's loafing bench and let opportunity slip from his fingers.

He Knew the Boy

A characteristic story is told of Rudyard Kipling's boyhood. He went on an ocean voyage with his father, who was suddenly sent for one day by an officer of the ship, who told him with some anxiety that his son had crawled out on the yard-arm, and added, "If he lets go he will fall into the sea."

"Oh," said the father, "is that all? Well, he won't let go."

Cowards do not count in battle; they are there but not in it.—Euripides.

The Disappearance of Steam Locomotives

Among other things which Edison thinks will be revolutionized in the not very distant future is transportation upon land. "The steam-locomotive," he says in the Cosmopolitan, "is blowing its last blasts for millions of people. The next generation of New Yorkers and New Englanders will first hear at school of steam locomotives, and never will see them unless they go to some state that has neither much waterpower nor much population." Water wheels will make electricity to run all the railroads that traverse regions in which there is abundant water power. He looks forward to the time when there will not be in all New England or New York a railroad operated by steam power.

PICTURE PUZZLE



What animal?

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE.
Earl.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear,  then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Friday, April 7, 1911.

A City's Real Population

THE area of cities is so densely populated in these days, and there has grown such a habit of political thoughtlessness, that it is possible to overlook the fact that certain terms used in municipal affairs have much changed in point of definition. It may easily be that this is true of one's understanding of the meaning of population. In the days that a city was girt in by walls, and when its gate shut in its lawful population at night, it was not hard to reckon its population and to say with precision what men and their families were properly to be enrolled upon the city's lists of inhabitants. In those days, even when a great trade was done with the world outside, a city's population kept very much to itself, and, like its gardens, grew within bounds. Perhaps this phenomenon developed to its highest point in Italy, where, in the middle ages, the renaissance and what are truly modern times, the city population was an organism very distinct and having a career entirely apart either from what we should now call the agricultural community, or from distinct municipalities separated from it by a few miles but differing in history and character. The scholar drew his cloak from his right arm a trifle when the Florentine appeared and Perugia had little to do with such far-off territory as Bologna. In England this was not the case to such an extent, though local distinctions of a very marked kind existed for centuries, and, for that matter, still exist. In America this peculiar aloofness of city communities never obtained, if for no other reason than that America has been a country of peace, more so, in fact, than the placid mother country.

But in America, in England and in all countries up to a period that is late, if we measure it by history's broad rule, men did not move out of cities. We mean this literally. They might emigrate from one part of a country to another; but once settled in a city they wintered and summered there, and it may be said quite safely that vacations are more or less a modern improvement. And with vacations has come a new type of man that adds to a city's prosperity: the suburbanite. A good deal is said by municipal officers at times about those that do not actually reside in cities, but do business in them, eat in them their mid-day meal, and make their livelihood in them. One gathers sometimes that a mayor and common council, the police and fire departments, the city poundkeeper and the sealer of weights and measures, jointly and severally dispense a favor by brooking the suburbanites and the commuter's presence within their gates. But the commuters and the suburbanites do good by their presence, just as it will no doubt be agreed cordially that others would confer a benefit by their prolonged absence. We are very poor political economists if we argue that a man to bring wealth into a community must needs reside in it. Every man that comes into a municipality and earns his living, by much or less is assisting that municipality; he may not pay taxes, but he daily spends a certain amount for the benefit of those that do; and the fact that when his day's work is done he hastens away to catch perhaps a breath of sweet air and see green things, in no way diminishes the fact that he is an important unit in the sum of the city's happiness.

We now have the information that all of the warships at present in commission will be made obsolete within the next five years by an entirely new plan of construction. Keeping up with the styles in warship construction is a costly business.

Overworking the Referendum

THE referendum is no new thing in this republic. It was employed formerly, however, only indirectly. That is to say, it was used to put out of office a party that had attempted to impose upon the public legislation that was undesirable. In its elaborated form, or its imported form, the referendum has in some instances given promise of great usefulness, especially where it may be employed in advance to dictate to the representatives of the people the course they are expected by the people to pursue. It has enabled communities to change the entire system of local government. It has enabled states to introduce some important improvements in administration. Employed judiciously, it is a useful weapon in popular government. In connection with the initiative it has acted as a salutary impetus or check to officialism that inclines to be unmindful of public demands.

But like every other intrinsically deserving political expedient, it can be overworked. Intended to be a useful adjunct of representative government, it can be made to take the place of it. It can be used by anybody desirous of change for the sake of change. All one needs to do under the referendum in order to bring a question of any kind before the electorate is to run around and get signatures, and in this country people sign petitions to avoid annoyance or to be agreeable. In Oregon last year thirty-two propositions under the referendum had to be passed upon by voters at the polls. For the election of next June, in Portland, eleven proposals have been provided. Almost every one of these deals with a matter that should be dealt with, and could be dealt with more intelligently by the city government.

The public has not the time, and, speaking generally, it has not the disposition, to go into the details of administration. Experience shows that it is best served, as a rule, when it delegates power and responsibility to representatives. The weak spot in the municipal system of the country is to be found in the fact that the selection of representatives—which is itself a matter for the referendum—is dictated oftener by political sentiment than by regard for fitness. The commission idea in local government is making for the elimination of politics in municipal affairs while it is preserving the very best traditions of the representative system. The referendum turns government over to the many, the unqualified and the irresponsible; the commission system turns government over to the chosen few, the efficient and the directly responsible. At present the reform element is frequently pulling both ways and working at cross purposes. Real reform in municipal government, however, is being achieved not through diffusion but through concentration of civic forces.

G. K. CHESTERTON says that Americans are the jolliest people on earth. Mr. Chesterton evidently aims to please.

Eliminate Signposts

CITIZENS in the Belmont section of Everett, Mass., have taken the initiative in asking the city government to have the names of streets stenciled on the curbs at street corners and the numbers of dwellings and business establishments stamped in the same fashion in front of these places. This idea of marking such names and numbers in the stone, where they might be easily distinguished, is novel in the vicinity of Boston.

Too long, apparently, have people been obliged to twist and turn in various directions if they wished to see the number of a house, a store or an office to which they were making their way; too frequently, perhaps, have they been misled by the absence of numbers where numbers should have been displayed; too often, mayhap, have they found half a number where a whole number should have been. And every bit of what we have just said might apply with equal suitability to street signs. Now, if all goes well with this Belmont petition, persons elsewhere may also endeavor to secure the means of looking down and ahead, not up and around, in order to guide their steps with surety to their destinations.

So much for the convenience of the Belmont plan as it appeals to the average pedestrian. More widely important, it would seem, is the fact that residents of the Belmont section seek by this means to do away entirely with the signposts. They are not alone, by any means, in the belief that these posts are an unnecessary obstruction when placed at street corners in populous communities. They might hold with equal truth that posts and poles of all sorts could be removed from the streets without bringing any general protest. The city of Everett finds it necessary to purchase new street signs, and this seems to be an excellent time for a trial of the stencil experiment. If the cost of stenciling would be no greater than that of erecting new signs and posts, it may be said for the stenciling that it would wear longer and possibly to better purpose than the ordinary painted signs, which have to be replaced periodically.

Once the signposts came down, a step would have been taken toward the time when all unnecessary poles should be removed from city streets, and all telephone and telegraph and lighting wires there be placed underground. The fewer the poles in much-traveled highways when that time shall arrive, the easier the process of burying the present great network of lines. Let Everett once demonstrate that the stencil plan is an improvement over the signpost, and other cities, it is probable, will eagerly follow her example.

It is estimated that Americans will spend \$25,000,000 in England during the coronation season. On the other hand, England is a good and a steady customer of the United States.

American Art in Rome

THE American Academy in Rome is to be the theme of much talking and much writing, here and abroad, for several years to come, and it is perhaps just as well that there will not be unanimous opinion with respect to its points of usefulness. Among American artists there is something more than a belief, there is a broadcast conviction, that the atmosphere of foreign capitals, and especially of Rome, is necessary to the development of their capabilities. According to Frank Miles Day, who has just been lecturing in New York, in order to know and to make the best of art treasures they must be seen in the original and in congenial environment. "Substitutes will not do," he says. "Photographs and casts have their value, but cannot give the shock of wonder and illumination one receives from first sight of the Greek marbles or of the canvases of the renaissance." So it is the custom of painters and sculptors to go to Rome or to Greece or elsewhere in the old world for atmosphere.

Students of music are led to take a similar course. It is written that those seeking cultural finish shall go abroad. Speaking for America, it is just as well, then, that institutions like the American Academy should have existence for the benefit especially of the young and inexperienced in art. A noted American architect entertained some doubts as to the wisdom of cloistering art students. Mr. Day believes that the American artists who rendezvous in Rome are not cloistered, that they travel around Italy and to Greece. He stands for technic, however, and believes that this is mastered best under the present system. The first-year student in the American Academy must copy one of the old masters and submit one study in mural painting and one of a life-size figure from nature, with other minor obligations. He must do some traveling. He must make longer excursions in his second and third years.

So far so good. But a question yet to be settled—and one that applies to British, German, French, Russian and all other students as well as to American—is whether there be not too much Italian and Grecian "atmosphering" for this age, whether there be not too much clinging to old methods, too much imitating of old masters, too much devotion to environment that has already been worked over and overworked? A mild protest against the continuance of the Italian and Grecian "atmosphering" system is to be found in the movement for the encouragement of art study in the American mountain wilds. This movement bids fair to become more positive. Art is universal, not national, of course, but it will do no harm to give it for a time some other than the traditional tinge. Whether the studies shall be pursued in the Rockies or on the plains and prairies of America, in the Andes, on the South African veldt, in pastoral England or amid urban or rural scenes familiar to humanity in general does not matter. The thing is that it would be getting away, for a time at least, from the atmosphere and environment and technic of Rome and Greece and the old masters and giving modern art a chance to stretch and feel and know itself; and to break away from conventionalities that, who knows, may, be narrowing its perspective and clouding its prospects?

St. Louis has 80-cent gas, and Mayor-elect Harrison promises 75-cent gas for Chicago. One important phase of the downward-revision-of-gas-bill movement is that it may help to solve the smoke problem.

It is apparent that the better class of newspapers in Japan appear anxious to aid the government in the maintenance of good relations with the United States.

Gov. WOODROW WILSON is now almost formally announced as a candidate for the presidency, and this gives New Jersey something more to look forward to.

Springfield- Berkshire Consolidation

BECAUSE the Massachusetts law forbade it, the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company was compelled, by a decision of the full bench of the supreme court in May, 1908, to relinquish its control of a number of trolley lines in which were included the Springfield street railway companies. On a bill in equity brought by the attorney-general the New Haven company was later ordered to dispose of all its trolley holdings in Massachusetts. Then was formed the New England Investment & Securities Company to take over all of the New Haven's trolley lines. There appears to have been no doubt in the minds of those who gave the matter serious thought at the time that this was simply another way of perpetuating New Haven control. Last year the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company secured a special act from the Legislature enabling it to own the Berkshire Street Railway Company. The president of the New England Investment & Securities Company became the president of this line. Now the Berkshire Street Railway Company asks the Legislature to grant it permission to acquire the Springfield Street Railway Company, and to confer upon the consolidated lines the name of the Springfield & Berkshire Street Railway Company. If this request be granted, there is no apparent reason why other trolley lines—all the trolley lines the New Haven company wants—cannot be annexed by the legalized Springfield & Berkshire company.

This is the present situation in a nutshell. What it seems to show is that the New Haven road is striving to obtain in one way what it has been refused in another. To the intelligent and disinterested observer there is a great deal of nonsense about the entire proceeding. This is the way, evidently, it strikes the Springfield Union, which says: "If there is no good and sufficient reason why a steam railroad should not control, own and operate street railways, the law might as well acknowledge it and grant the necessary authorization." The law can certainly better afford to do this than to trifle with the matter and bring itself into public contempt. The law, in this respect, looks sternly on the New Haven road with one eye, while it winks with the other.

The Springfield Republican declares that "electric street railway consolidation seems to be as inevitable as steam railroad consolidation has been." It recognizes the objections raised to the character of the rail consolidation contemplated or in process in Massachusetts, but does not regard them as insuperable. "The business (of transportation) is necessarily monopolistic and interrelated," it says, "and we must deal with it as such."

We should be frank in our dealings with it, also. We should not attempt to deceive ourselves or others about it. Clearly, the New Haven company has never lost control of the trolley lines of which the courts seemingly deprived it. Clearly, also, the state has weakened the courts' action by granting the very privilege against which the attorney-general contended. Why not accept the situation? Why not give the New Haven the monopoly of transportation it is seeking, and why not help it to make this monopoly a success? The people of Massachusetts lose none of their rights by recognizing this monopoly and legalizing it. They will, on the contrary, be in a much better position than ever before to handle the entire transportation question. They will have but one great corporation to deal with, and it will be largely their fault if they do not hold that corporation to a realizing sense of its duty.

THERE is, at least, no insurgency in the Socialist party in the House. He seems to be in perfect agreement with himself.

ENJOYING every advantage of climate and soil, Haiti has, nevertheless, been spoken of as the most backward among the West Indies. There are indications, however, that before very long the republic will enter the ranks of more progressive countries. Recent arrangement with American financiers for the construction of a railroad system unquestionably is the most important move in years. The chief drawback to agricultural and mining development has been insufficient means for transportation. It has long been seen by the more advanced among the Haitians that, with the coming road able to serve more than half of the population, to connect four seaports with the interior and to place the entire northern section in communication with Port au Prince, the capital, a new era would be at hand in a republic which in the past has paid more attention to political opportunism than to the development of its abounding natural resources.

To what extent the cultivation of the soil has been neglected may be gathered from recent investigations. Henry W. Furniss, United States minister to Haiti, found that there were not enough bananas raised in many parts of the country for even local consumption. Considering that the banana is an important source of revenue to neighboring islands, like Jamaica, Porto Rico and Cuba, this state of affairs naturally invited close inspection. It was found that the section around Arcahaie had been very successfully cultivated in bananas, and it was also learned that because no modern means are at hand for shipping the fruit to the seaport there had been little effort to make a business of banana cultivation.

Importance of banana cultivation to the syndicate which has made the railroad contract with the Haitian government may be found in the fact that this syndicate will have exclusive right to lease all unoccupied public lands along the railroad on both sides within twelve miles. The American concern has obtained the additional exclusive right to export bananas from all the ports to the north of and including Port au Prince. With the export duty placed at 2 cents a bunch, here alone should be a considerable governmental revenue when once the business gets under way.

It can be said for the Haitian government that it realizes that it has need to be liberal in its concessions. It has before it the example of Jamaica, where American capital worked a commercial revolution. Harbor facilities at Port au Prince are now unexcelled in the West Indies, and, with the government and the foreign interests working in harmony, there is nothing to keep Haiti from doing for its people what systematic effort in the same direction has accomplished elsewhere in the Caribbean. When the railroad becomes a fact it will also be possible to develop mining properties said to contain much of promise. A prosperous Haiti assuredly will add force to the general welfare of the American republics working in cooperation.

Bright Prospects